

JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

CONTENTS

303301

Notice of annual general meeting	2
Board of directors	3
Officers and professional advisers	3
Directors' report	4
Profit and loss account	5
Note of historical cost profits and losses	5
Balance sheet	6
Notes to the accounts	7
Directors' responsibilities for financial statements	13
Report of the auditors	14



JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the seventieth annual general meeting of the company will be held at 12.10pm on 22 June 2005 at 171 Victoria Street, London SW1E 5NN:

To receive the directors' report and accounts for the year 2004/05.

To consider the re-election of retiring directors.

To consider the re-appointment of the auditors.

To consider the remuneration of the auditors.

By Order of the Board
Terence Neville, Secretary
171 Victoria Street, London SW1E 5NN
21 April 2005

A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint one or more proxies to attend and vote instead of him. A proxy need not be a member.

JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Chairman

Sir Stuart Hampson

Ian Alexander

Nigel Keen

Michael Milner

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

Company Secretary & Director of Legal Services

Terence Neville

Director of Financial Control

Ros Haigh FCA

Auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Solicitors

Lovells

Bankers

Royal Bank of Scotland plc

Registered office and Transfer office

171 Victoria Street London SW1E 5NN

Registered in England No. 303301

JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2005

Directors

The directors of the company as at the date of this report are as listed on page 3. Howard King, David Felwick, and Luke Mayhew resigned on 23 July 2004, 3 September 2004 and 26 November 2004, respectively. All other directors served throughout the period under review.

Principal activity

John Lewis Properties plc is primarily a property owning company and is a wholly owned subsidiary of John Lewis plc.

Review of the business

The company is a wholly owned subsidiary within the John Lewis Partnership plc group; a review of the group's activities is given in the statement by the Chairman of John Lewis Partnership plc, which is included within that company's report and accounts.

Payments to suppliers

The Partnership's policy for the payment of its suppliers is to agree terms of payment in advance and, provided a supplier fulfils the agreement, to pay promptly in accordance with those terms. Payments to suppliers are dealt with on a group basis and full details of the group's supplier payment practice are provided in the accounts of John Lewis plc.

Dividends and retentions

The share capital of the company is wholly owned by John Lewis plc. The profit for the year amounted to £18.6m (2004: £12.8m) and has been transferred to reserves. The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2004: £NIL).

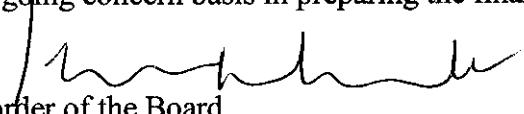
Directors' interests

Under the constitution of the Partnership all the directors, as employees of John Lewis plc, are necessarily interested in the 612,000 Deferred Ordinary Shares in John Lewis Partnership plc which are held in trust for the benefit of employees of John Lewis plc and of certain other companies.

No director has or had a material interest in any contract or arrangement to which the company is or was a party.

Going concern

The directors, having made enquiries, consider that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, and that it is therefore appropriate to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.


For and by order of the Board
Terence Neville, Secretary
21 April 2005

JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2005

	Notes	2005	2004
		£m	£m
Rent receivable	2	15.6	16.4
Rent payable	3	(3.6)	(3.8)
		12.0	12.6
Administrative expenses		(10.6)	(10.3)
Operating profit	2	1.4	2.3
Profit on disposal of property		19.5	-
Profit before interest and taxation		20.9	2.3
Exceptional interest receivable	4	-	2.7
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	3	20.9	5.0
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	5	(2.3)	(2.5)
Exceptional corporation tax credit	4, 5	-	10.3
Profit for the financial year	11	18.6	12.8

There are no other recognised gains and losses other than the profit above, and therefore no separate statement of recognised gains and losses has been presented.

NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES

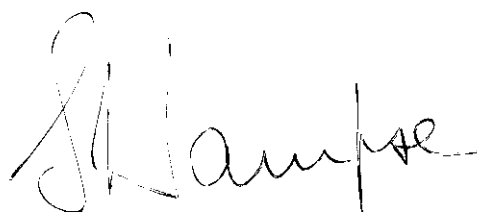
Reported profit on ordinary activities before taxation	20.9	5.0
Transfer from revaluation reserve	6.6	2.8
Historical cost profit on ordinary activities before taxation	27.5	7.8
Historical cost profit for the financial year	25.2	15.6

JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 JANUARY 2005

	Notes	2005	2004
		£m	£m
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	6	<u>464.6</u>	<u>485.8</u>
Current assets			
Debtors	7	0.5	0.5
Amount owed by holding company		<u>108.1</u>	<u>65.5</u>
		108.6	66.0
Creditors			
Amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(0.6)</u>	<u>(1.8)</u>
Net current assets		<u>108.0</u>	<u>64.2</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		572.6	550.0
Provisions for liabilities and charges	9	<u>(30.6)</u>	<u>(26.6)</u>
Net assets		<u>542.0</u>	<u>523.4</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	25.7	25.7
Share premium account	11	1.2	1.2
Revaluation reserve	11	209.0	215.6
Profit and loss account	11	<u>306.1</u>	<u>280.9</u>
Total shareholders' funds		<u>542.0</u>	<u>523.4</u>

Approved by the Board on 21 April 2005
Sir Stuart Hampson



JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

1. Accounting policies

Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention, with the exception of certain land and buildings which are included at valuation, and in accordance with the Companies Act 1985 and applicable accounting standards.

Property valuation

The company's freehold and long leasehold department store properties were last valued by the directors, after consultation with Hillier Parker, Chartered Surveyors, at 31 December 1999, on the basis that each property is regarded as available for existing use in the open market. On adoption of FRS 15, the company followed the transitional provision to retain the book value of land and buildings revalued in 1999, together with certain leisure properties carried in the accounts at their 1988 valuation, and decided not to adopt a policy of revaluation for the future. These values are retained, subject to the requirement to test for impairment, in accordance with FRS 11. Distribution properties are carried at depreciated historical cost.

No depreciation is charged on freehold land, leasehold land with over 100 years to expiry, and assets in the course of construction. Depreciation is calculated for all other assets in equal annual instalments at the following rates:-

Freehold and long leasehold buildings - 2% to 4%

Other leaseholds - over the remaining period of the lease

Buildings fixtures - 2.5% to 10%

Fixtures and fittings - 10% to 33%

Leased assets

Rentals payable and receivable under operating leases are charged / credited to the profit and loss account on an accruals basis.

Deferred taxation

Deferred taxation is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, with the exception of gains that would arise if properties were sold at their revalued amounts. Deferred taxation is measured on a non-discounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2. Analysis of turnover and trading profit

John Lewis Properties plc acts as a property holding company of the department store division of the John Lewis Partnership group. The business is carried on in the United Kingdom. Turnover and trading profit derive from continuing operations, there having been no discontinued operations or acquisitions in the year.

JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

3. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

	2005 £m	2004 £m
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation is stated after crediting / charging the following:		
Operating lease income - land and buildings	(15.6)	(16.4)
Depreciation	10.8	10.3
Operating lease rentals - land and buildings	<u>3.6</u>	<u>3.8</u>

Auditors' remuneration in the year was £12,500 (2004 £11,700).

4. Exceptional items

Exceptional items comprise the following credits:

Interest on corporation tax refund	-	2.7
Corporation tax refund	<u>-</u>	<u>10.3</u>

Prior year credits arose from the conclusion of a dispute with the Inland Revenue.

5. Tax on profit on ordinary activities

Analysis of tax charge/(credit):

Group relief - this year	(0.6)	(0.2)
Corporation tax - prior years	<u>(1.1)</u>	<u>(11.5)</u>
Total current tax credit	(1.7)	(11.7)
Deferred tax - origination and reversal of timing differences	4.0	3.9
	<u>2.3</u>	<u>(7.8)</u>

Prior year tax credit includes £10.3m which is attributable to exceptional items.

The tax charge / (credit) is based on a corporation tax rate of 30% (2004 30%).

Factors affecting tax charge/(credit) for the year:

Profit on ordinary activities before tax	<u>20.9</u>	<u>5.0</u>
Profit on ordinary activities at standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 30% (2004 30%)	6.3	1.5
Effects of:		
Capital allowance in excess of depreciation	(1.1)	(0.9)
Non taxable exceptional items	-	(0.8)
Non taxable receipts	(5.8)	-
Adjustment for prior periods	<u>(1.1)</u>	<u>(11.5)</u>
Current tax credit for the year	<u>(1.7)</u>	<u>(11.7)</u>

JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

6. Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings £m	Assets in the course of construction £m	Total £m
Cost or valuation			
At 31 January 2004	515.1	9.8	524.9
Additions	0.2	12.2	12.4
Transfers	21.7	(21.7)	-
Disposals	(23.1)	-	(23.1)
At 31 January 2005	513.9	0.3	514.2
At cost	171.7	0.3	172.0
At valuation 1988	20.8	-	20.8
At valuation 2000	321.4	-	321.4
At 31 January 2005	513.9	0.3	514.2
Depreciation			
At 31 January 2004	39.1	-	39.1
Charge for the year	10.8	-	10.8
Disposals	(0.3)	-	(0.3)
At 31 January 2005	49.6	-	49.6
Net book values at:			
31 January 2004	476.0	9.8	485.8
31 January 2005	464.3	0.3	464.6

	2005 £m	2004 £m
Land and buildings at cost or valuation		
Freehold property	267.4	287.3
Leasehold property, 50 years or more unexpired	240.7	222.0
Leasehold property, less than 50 years unexpired	5.8	5.8
	513.9	515.1

In 1988 Hillier Parker, chartered surveyors, valued most of the Partnership's freehold and long leasehold properties. This valuation was on the basis of existing use value. At 31 December 1999, the directors, after consultation with Hillier Parker, revalued the Partnership's department store properties on the same basis, and this valuation was incorporated into the accounts as at 31 January 2000.

JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

6. Tangible fixed assets (continued)

All distribution properties are stated at depreciated historical cost. Certain leisure properties, which represent 4% of the company's total gross property assets, are carried in the accounts at their 1988 valuation, which was carried out by external valuers, depreciated as appropriate.

On adoption of FRS 15 the Partnership followed the transitional provisions to retain the book value of land and buildings revalued in 1999 and 1988, and decided not to adopt a policy of revaluation for the future. These values are retained subject to the requirement to test for impairment, in accordance with FRS 11.

Included in land and buildings at 31 January 2005 is land valued at £108.9m (2004 £121.8m) which is not subject to depreciation. At 31 January 2005 land and buildings would have been included at the following amounts, if they had not been revalued:

	2005 £m	2004 £m
Cost	311.4	310.8
Accumulated depreciation	(59.0)	(50.4)
	<u>252.4</u>	<u>260.4</u>

7. Debtors

Amounts falling due within one year:

Other debtors	0.5	0.5
	<u>0.5</u>	<u>0.5</u>

8. Creditors

Amounts falling due within one year:

Accruals and deferred income	-	0.7
Other creditors	0.6	1.1
	<u>0.6</u>	<u>1.8</u>

JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

9. Provisions for liabilities and charges

	Deferred Tax £m
At 31 January 2004	26.6
Charged to profit and loss account	<u>4.0</u>
At 31 January 2005	<u><u>30.6</u></u>

The whole of the deferred tax provision relates to accelerated capital allowances. No provision has been made in these accounts for the liability to taxation of £20.5m (£20.8m) on capital gains, which would arise if properties were to be sold at the amounts at which they have been revalued and included in these accounts.

10. Share capital

	2005 £m	2004 £m
Equity		
Authorised, issued and fully paid Ordinary Shares, 25,700,000 of £1 each	<u>25.7</u>	<u>25.7</u>

11. Reserves

	Share premium £m	Revaluation reserve £m	Profit and loss account £m	Total reserves £m
At January 2004	1.2	215.6	280.9	497.7
Profit for the financial year	-	-	18.6	18.6
Transfers	-	(6.6)	6.6	-
At 31 January 2005	<u>1.2</u>	<u>209.0</u>	<u>306.1</u>	<u>516.3</u>

12. Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds

	2005 £m	2004 £m
Profit for the financial year	<u>18.6</u>	<u>12.8</u>
Net additions to shareholders' funds	18.6	12.8
Opening shareholders' funds	523.4	510.6
Closing shareholders' funds	<u>542.0</u>	<u>523.4</u>

JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

13. Directors and employees

The directors are full time executives of John Lewis plc and no part of their remuneration relates to services to this company. The company had no employees during the period. All staff engaged in the service of the company are employees of John Lewis plc. No charges were made for their services.

14. Commitments

At 31 January 2004 contracts had been placed for future capital expenditure of £2.4m (2004 £10.8m), which have not been provided for in these accounts.

15. Lease commitments

	2005 £m	2004 £m
Rents of land and buildings for the next financial year on operating leases expiring:		
Between 1 and 5 years	0.1	0.1
Over 5 years	<u>2.8</u>	<u>3.7</u>

16. Cash flow statement

A consolidated cash flow statement has been included in the accounts of the parent company which include the accounts of John Lewis Properties plc. Accordingly, as permitted by FRS1, no cash flow statement is presented in these accounts.

17. Related party transactions

Transactions with other companies within the group are not disclosed as the company has taken advantage of the exemption available under Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related Party Disclosures" as the accounts of John Lewis plc and John Lewis Partnership plc, in which the company is consolidated, are publicly available.

18. Parent company

John Lewis plc is the parent company of the smallest group to consolidate the accounts of the company. John Lewis Partnership plc, the company's ultimate parent company, is the parent company of the largest group to consolidate these accounts. Ultimate control rests with John Lewis Partnership Trust Limited, which holds the equity of John Lewis Partnership plc in trust for the benefit of the employees. All of these companies are registered in England. Copies of these accounts may be obtained from the Company Secretary, John Lewis Partnership, 171 Victoria Street, London SW1E 5NN.

JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES FOR FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The directors are required by UK company law to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for that period. In preparing the financial statements suitable accounting policies have been used and applied consistently and reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates have been made. Relevant accounting standards have been followed. The directors are responsible for maintaining adequate accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.

JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF JOHN LEWIS PROPERTIES plc

We have audited the financial statements of John Lewis Properties plc which comprise the profit and loss account, the balance sheet and the related notes which have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and the accounting policies set out in note 1.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the annual report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable United Kingdom law and accounting standards are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. This report, including the opinion, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Section 235 of the Companies Act 1985 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving this opinion, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration and transactions is not disclosed.

We read the other information contained in the financial statements and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. The other information comprises only the directors' report.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 January 2005 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

PricewaterhouseCoopers

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Place
Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors
21 April 2005

1 Embankment

London WC2N 6RH