# **COMPANY REGISTRATION NO. 03416021**

# KEVIN DOONAN ARCHITECT LIMITED UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

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# **ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

# YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

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# KEVIN DOONAN ARCHITECT LIMITED COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 03416021 ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

# **30 SEPTEMBER 2014**

		2014		2013	
	Note	£	£	20 £	Ť2
FIXED ASSETS	Hote	-	_	-	_
Tangible assets			30,159		31,480
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors		248,328		240,301	
Cash in hand		248,328		240,301	
Cash in hand		248,352		240,325	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within		246,332		240,323	
one year		125,317		140,420	
one year				140,420	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			123,215		99,905
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			153,374		131,385
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred taxation			3,564		3,472
			149,810		127,913
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called-up equity share capital	4		1		1
Profit and loss account			149,809		127,912
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			149,810		127,913

The Balance Sheet continues on the following page

The notes on page 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

# KEVIN DOONAN ARCHITECT LIMITED COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 03416021 ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

## **30 SEPTEMBER 2014**

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 477, and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibility for:

- i. ensuring that the company keeps adequate accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act, and
- ii. preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year end its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 393, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

These financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on

11 December 2014

K.L.Doonan Director

The notes on page 3 to 5 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

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## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

## YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **Basis of accounting**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### **Turnover**

Turnover represents the value of services provided during the year net of discounts and Value Added Tax. For services provided, turnover is recognised to the extent that and when there is a right to consideration.

In respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services, turnover represents the value of work done in the year, including estimates of amounts not invoiced. Turnover in respect of long-term contracts and contracts for on-going services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion.

#### **Fixed assets**

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Property Improvements - 15% reducing balance
Fixtures and Fittings - 15% reducing balance
Motor Vehicles - 25% reducing balance
Computer Equipment - 20% reducing balance

## Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payment is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

#### Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### **Pension costs**

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

## **Deferred taxation**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

## NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

## YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

## 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## **Deferred taxation** (continued)

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the director considers that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

## **Financial instruments**

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### 2. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging:

	2014	
	£	£
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	7,694	4,999
Depreciation of assets held under hire purchase agreements	-	3,199

## 3. DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The directors' aggregate remuneration in respect t of qualifying services were:

	2014	2013
	£	£
Aggregate remuneration  Value of company pension contributions to money purchase	18,632	17,722
schemes	13,644	13,644
	32,276	31,366

# **NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS**

# YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2014

4. SHARE CAPITAL Allotted, called up and fully paid:		
	2014	2013
	£	£
	No	No
1 ordinary share of £1 each	<u> </u>	<u> </u>