Registered number: 02809442

ORION VALVES LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

Assets Limited

Chiltern Chambers St Peters Avenue Reading Berkshire RG47DH

Orion Valves Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 September 2021

Contents

	Page
Balance Sheet	1-2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3-6

Orion Valves Limited Balance Sheet As at 30 September 2021

Registered number: 02809442

		2021		2020	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3	_	38,486	_	5,716
			38,486		5,716
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	4	1,233		1,248	
Debtors	5	28, 51 4		37,310	
Cash at bank and in hand		84,060		55,987	
		113,807		94,545	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(40,962)		(6,823)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		-	72,845	-	87,722
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		-	111,331	-	93,438
NET ASSETS		_	111,331	_	93,438
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		•		_	
Called up share capital	7		120		120
Capital redemption reserve			20		20
Profit and Loss Account		_	111,191	_	93,298
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			111 221		02.420
SHAKEHULDEKS FUNDS		=	111,331	=	93,438

Orion Valves Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 30 September 2021

For the year ending 30 September 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr J Wyatt

Director **24/11/2021**

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

Orion Valves Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 September 2021

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Motor Vehicles25% reducing balanceFixtures & Fittings25% reducing balanceComputer Equipment25% reducing balance

1.4. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.5. Foreign Currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Orion Valves Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2021

1.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.7. Pensions

The company operates a defined pension contribution scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

1.8. Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

1.9. Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows:

	2021	2020
Office and administration	3	3
	3	3

Orion Valves Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2021

3. Tangible Assets				
	Motor Vehicles	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 October 2020	29,800	5,187	5,564	40,551
Additions	38,990	-	-	38,990
Disposals	(29,800)			(29,800)
As at 30 September 2021	38,990	5,187	5,564	49,741
Depreciation				
As at 1 October 2020	24,496	5,173	5,166	34,835
Provided during the period	812	4	100	916
Disposals	(24,496)			(24,496)
As at 30 September 2021	812	5,177	5,266	11,255
Net Book Value				
As at 30 September 2021	38,178	10	298	38,486
As at 1 October 2020	5,304	14	398	5,716
4. Stocks				
			2021	2020
			£	£
Stock - finished goods			1,233	1,248
		_	1,233	1,248
5. Debtors		=		
S. Debtois			2021	2020
			£	£
Due within one year				
Trade debtors			22,843	30,783
Prepayments and accrued income			4,951	4,842
Other debtors			720	720
VAT		_		965
		=	28,514	37,310
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year				
			2021	2020
			£	£
Trade creditors			13,648	(351)
Corporation tax			12,660	4,044
Other taxes and social security			454	463
VAT			14,069	-
Accruals and deferred income			-	2,458
Director's loan account		_	131	209
		_	40,962	6,823

Orion Valves Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 September 2021

7. Share Capital

Allotted, Called up and fully paid 2020 120 120

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.