Registration number: 06718258

Phoenix Power Equipment Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Forrester Boyd Robson Chartered Accountants Kingfisher Court Plaxton Bridge Road Woodmansey Beverley East Yorkshire HU17 0RT

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Company Information

Director C Appleton

Registered office 20 Globe Mews

Beverley East Yorkshire HU17 8BQ

(Registration number: 06718258) Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	1,984	1,843
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>5</u>	97,000	87,000
Debtors	<u>5</u> <u>6</u>	23,667	17,180
Cash at bank and in hand		3,287	
		123,954	104,180
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>7</u>	(57,197)	(36,432)
Net current assets		66,757	67,748
Total assets less current liabilities		68,741	69,591
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>7</u>	(36,455)	(45,330)
Provisions for liabilities		(378)	(350)
Net assets		31,908	23,911
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Retained earnings		31,808	23,811
Shareholders' funds		31,908	23,911

For the financial year ending 31 March 2022 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 4 November 2022

C Appleton
The notes on pages 3 to 8 form an integral part of these financial statements.
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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England & Wales and the company registration number is 06718258.

The address of its registered office is: 20 Globe Mews Beverley East Yorkshire HU17 8BQ

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 4 November 2022.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in sterling and are rounded to the nearest pound.

Going concern

Specifically in connection with the current economic climate, the directors have considered the impact of COVID-19 on the business and they are satisfied that the company has sufficient financial headroom to continue trading for at least the next twelve months. For this reason the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Government grants

Government grants which become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred, or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs, are recognised as income in the period in which they become receivable.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

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Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Deferred tax represents the future tax consequences of transactions and events recognised in the financial statements of current and previous periods. It is recognised in respect of all timing differences, with certain exceptions. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expense in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of timing differences. Deferred tax on revalued non-depreciable tangible fixed assets and investment properties is measured using the rates and allowances that apply to the sale of the asset.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class
Office equipment

Depreciation method and rate

15% on reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the Company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the Company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the Company (including the Director) during the year, was 2 (2021 - 2).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

4 Tangible assets

	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 April 2021	4,175	4,175
Additions	672	672
Disposals	(250)	(250)
At 31 March 2022	4,597	4,597
Depreciation		
At 1 April 2021	2,332	2,332
Charge for the year	292	292
Eliminated on disposal	(11)	(11)
At 31 March 2022	2,613	2,613
Carrying amount		
At 31 March 2022	1,984	1,984
At 31 March 2021	1,843	1,843
5 Stocks		
	2022	2021
Other inventories	£ 97,000	£ 87,000
6 Debtors		
Command	2022	2021
Current	£	£
Trade debtors	582	13,187
Prepayments	3,529	3,306
Other debtors	19,556	687
	23,667	17,180

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

7 Creditors

Creditors: ar	mounts f	alling	due	within	one year	
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Oreakors, amounts faming due within one year			
	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year			
Trade creditors		20,391	5,670
Taxation and social security		18,422	7,565
Other creditors		4,907	9,772
Accruals and deferred income		3,862	1,770
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	9,615	11,655
		57,197	36,432
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	36,455	45,330
8 Loans and borrowings		2022	2021
		£	£
Non-current secured and unsecured loans and borrowings		00.455	45.000
Bank borrowings		36,455	45,330
		2022	2021
		£	£
Current secured and unsecured loans and borrowings		0.045	4 222
Bank borrowings		9,615	4,669
Bank overdrafts		-	1,278 5,709
Other borrowings		<u> </u>	5,708
		9,615	11,655

Other borrowings relate to unsecured Director loans. Bank borrowings include an unsecured bounce back loan.

Included in the loans and borrowings are the following amounts due after more than five years:

Borrowings due after five years

Bank loans due for repayment after 5 years amounted to £Nil (2021:£5,343). Interest is chargeable at 3%.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2022

9 Related party transactions Transactions with the Director

2022	At 1 April 2021 £	Advances to Director £	Repayments by Director £	At 31 March 2022 £
C Appleton Unsecured, Interest-free, repayable on demand	(5,708)	42,894	(17,630)	19,556

Other transactions with directors

At the year end the amount due from the Director was £19,556. In the prior year, the Company owed the Director £5,708. The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Summary of transactions with other related parties

At the year end, the amount due to other related parties was £4,658 (2021: £8,698). The amount is unsecured, interest-free and repayable on demand.

Other related parties relates to Company shareholders.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.