COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER 05866631

HS 413 LIMITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

WEDNESDAY



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ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

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ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 DECEMBER 2008

	20			2007
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2			
Tangible assets			1,480,000	1,480,000
CURRENT ASSETS				
Debtors		3,608		2,578
Cash at bank and in hand		10,095		8,094
				
CDCDITORS A SECOND AND A SECOND		13,703		10,672
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one	_			122 (02
year	3	147,445		133,693
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(133,742)	(123,021)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITY	ES		1,346,258	1,356,979
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more				
than one year	4		587,635	662,827
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			•	15,531
			758,623	678,621
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called-up equity share capital	5		3	3
Revaluation reserve	-		639,129	639,129
Profit and loss account			119,491	39,489
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			758,623	678,621

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.
The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31 DECEMBER 2008

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the provisions of the Companies Act 1985 (the Act) relating to the audit of the financial statements for the year by virtue of section 249A(1), and that no member or members have requested an audit pursuant to section 249B(2) of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the company keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Act, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies under Part VII of the Companies Act 1985.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on and are signed on their behalf by

P J Duncan Director

The notes on pages 3 to 4 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2007).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are recorded at valuation.

Investment properties

Investment properties are shown at their open market value. The surplus or deficit arising from the annual revaluation is transferred to the investment revaluation reserve unless a deficit, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year.

This is in accordance with the FRSSE which, unlike Schedule 4 to the Companies Act 1985, does not require depreciation of investment properties. Investment properties are held for their investment potential and not for use by the company and so their current value is of prime importance. The departure from the provisions of the Act is required in order to give a true and fair view.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2008

2. FIXED ASSETS

3.

5.

Ordinary shares of £1 each

				Tangible Assets £
COST OR VALUATION At 1 January 2008 and 31 December 2008				1,480,000
NET BOOK VALUE At 31 December 2008				1,480,000
At 31 December 2007				1,480,000
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one	e year			
The following liabilities disclosed under credito company:	rs falling d	e within o	one year are se	cured by the
			2008 £	2007 £
Bank loans and overdrafts			113,592	
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more	e than one y	/ear		
The following liabilities disclosed under creditor by the company:	s falling due	e after mor	e than one yea	r are secured
by the company.			2008	2007
Bank loans and overdrafts			<u>290,845</u>	£ 662,827
SHARE CAPITAL				
Authorised share capital:				
			2008 £	2007 £
1,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each			1,000	1,000
Allotted, called up and fully paid:				
	2008 No	£	200° No	7 £