FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
30 SEPTEMBER 2001

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## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2001

Company registration number:

03205737

Registered office:

17 Mossop Street

London SW3 2LY

Directors:

J M Cadbury

E M Dunmore

A G B Langlands Pearse

OR Vigors

Secretary:

E M Dunmore

Bankers:

National Westminster Bank plc

Abbey Gardens 4 Abbey Street Reading Berkshire RG1 33A

Solicitors:

Boodle Hatfield

61 Brook Street

London W1Y 2BL

Devonshires Salisbury House London Wall London EC2M 5QY

Auditors:

GrantThornton Registered auditors Chartered accountants

GrantThornton House

Melton Street Euston Square London NW1 2EP

# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2001

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### REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors present their report together with financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2001.

#### **Principal activities**

The company is principally engaged in the operation and expansion of its neighbourhood restaurant business concept.

#### **Business review**

There was a profit for the year after taxation amounting to £78,445 (2000: profit £49,574). The directors do not recommend payment of a dividend.

#### **Directors**

None of the directors or their families had any interest in the shares of the company as at 30 September 2001 and 1 October 2000.

J M Cadbury E M Dunmore A G B Langlands Pearse O R Vigors

#### Directors' responsibilities for the financial statements

Company law in the United Kingdom requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records, for safeguarding the assets of the company and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

#### **Auditors**

Grant Thornton offer themselves for reappointment as auditors in accordance with section 385 of the Companies Act 1985.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

E M Dunmore Secretary

26 June 2002

#### REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF

#### LONGSHOT ESTATES LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Longshot Estates Limited for the year ended 30 September 2001 which comprise the principal accounting policies, the profit and loss account, the balance sheet, and notes 1 to 17. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

#### Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom law and accounting standards are set out in the statement of directors' responsibilities.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and United Kingdom auditing standards.

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and are properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you if, in our opinion, the directors' report is not consistent with the financial statements, if the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding directors' remuneration with the group is not disclosed.

We read other information contained in the directors' report, and consider whether it is consistent with the audited financial statements. We consider the implication for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements or material inconsistencies with the financial statements. Our responsibilities do not extend to any other information.

## **Basis of opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with United Kingdom auditing standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 30 September 2001 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

GRANT THORNTON
REGISTERED AUDITORS
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

LONDON

Grand

26 June 2002

### PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost convention.

The principal accounting policies of the company have remained unchanged from the previous period and are set out below.

#### **TURNOVER**

Turnover is the total amount receivable by the company for goods supplied and services provided, excluding VAT and trade discounts.

#### TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Depreciation is calculated to write down the cost or valuation less estimated residual value of all tangible fixed assets by equal annual instalments over their expected useful lives. The rates generally applicable are:

Leasehold buildings

The period of the lease based upon estimates of lease amortisation

rates

Plant and machinery

25% straight line basis

Motor vehicles

25% straight line basis

Fixtures and fittings

10% - 25% straight line basis

#### **STOCKS**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

#### **DEFERRED TAXATION**

Deferred tax is provided for using the tax rates estimated to arise when the timing differences reverse and is accounted for to the extent that it is probable that a liability or asset will crystallise. Unprovided deferred tax is disclosed as a contingent liability.

#### LEASED ASSETS

All other leases are regarded as operating leases and the payments made under them are charged to the profit and loss account on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

For the year ended 30 September 2001

	Note	2001 £	2000 £
<b>Turnover</b> Cost of sales	1	2,620,593 (1,003,889)	1,615,383 (635,431)
Gross profit		1,616,704	979,952
Administration costs - variable Administration costs - fixed Other operating income Operating profit	1	(1,304,883) (296,730) 67,218 82,309	(704,515) (216,664) - - 58,773
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	2	1,444 (5,308)	960 (10,159)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	1	78,445	49,574
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	4	-	-
Profit transferred to reserves	11	78,445	49,574

There were no recognised gains or losses other than the profit for the financial year.

All activities arose from continuing operations.

## **BALANCE SHEET AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2001**

	Note	2001 £	2000 £
Fixed assets		r	£
Tangible assets	5	1,688,305	1,564,442
Constant		1,688,305	1,564,442
Current assets Stocks		24.002	26.620
Debtors	6 7	34,093	36,678
Cash at bank and in hand	/	129,132 70,751	61,625 21,136
		233,976	119,439
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,281,971)	(1,275,431)
Net current liabilities		(1,047,995)	(1,155,992)
Total assets less current liabilities		640,310	408,450
Creditors: amounts falling due after more			
than one year	9	(412,289)	(258,876)
		228,021	149,574
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	10	100.000	100.000
Profit and loss account	10 11	100,000 128,021	100,000 49,574
Shareholders' funds	12	228,021	149,574
AND ANAMATA IMITED	12	<u> </u>	149,574

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 26 June 2002

J M Cadbury

Director

E M Dunmore

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2001

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TURNOVER	AND PROFIT	'ON ORDINARY .	ACTIVITIES	S BEFORE TAXATION

	The profit on ordinary activities is stated after:	2001 £	2000 £
	Auditors' remuneration	-	7,500
	Depreciation and amortisation:		
	Tangible fixed assets, owned	108,030	51,827
	Other operating lease rentals	144,995	131,721
	Other operating income includes:		
	Rental income	67,218	
	The audit fee has been borne by the parent company.		
2	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES		
		2001	2000
		£	£
	Other interest payable and similar charges	5,308	10,159
3	DIRECTORS AND EMPLOYEES		
,			
	Staff costs during the year were as follows:	2001	2000
		£	£
	Wages and salaries	561,733	464,311
	Social security costs	65,543	44,502
		627,276	508,813

The average number of employees of the company during the year was 56 (2000: 48) all of whom are engaged in catering.

# 4 TAX ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

Due to the availability of group losses there is no tax charge for the year.

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2001

# 5 TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

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Cost At 1 October 2000   1,227,480   248,663   1,749   138,377   1,616,269   Additions   192,230   32,535   3,465   3,663   231,893   32,535   3,465   3,663   231,893   32,535   3,465   3,663   231,893   32,590   3,400		Leasehold land and buildings £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
At 1 October 2000 Additions  1,227,480 192,230 32,235 3,465 3,663 221,893  1,419,710 281,198 5,214 142,040 1,848,162  Depreciation At 1 October 2000 At 2000	Cost	~		~	~	
Net book amount at 30 September 2000   1,210,305   231,061   1,312   121,764   1,564,442   1,203   1,6813   1,6813   1,0830   1	At 1 October 2000					
At 1 October 2000		1,419,710	281,198	5,214	142,040	1,848,162
At 1 October 2000	Depreciation					
Provided in the year   33,596   40,034   1,303   33,097   108,030   50,771   57,636   1,740   49,710   159,857   108,030   1,000   1,368,939   223,562   3,474   92,330   1,688,305   1,000   1,210,305   231,061   1,312   121,764   1,564,442   1,	At 1 October 2000	17,175	17,602	437	16.613	51,827
Net book amount at 30 September 2001         1,368,939         223,562         3,474         92,330         1,688,305           Net book amount at 30 September 2000         1,210,305         231,061         1,312         121,764         1,564,442           STOCKS           Goods for resale         2001         2000         £         £           Goods for resale         34,093         36,678         36,678           DEBTORS         2001         2000         £	Provided in the year					
Net book amount at 30 September 2000 1,210,305 231,061 1,312 121,764 1,564,442  STOCKS  2001 2000 £ £ £  Goods for resale 34,093 36,678  DEBTORS  2001 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £ £ £  1,740 2000 £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £		50,771	57,636	1,740	49,710	159,857
### STOCKS    2001   2000     £   £     £     Goods for resale   34,093   36,678      DEBTORS   2001   2000     £   £   £     Trade debtors   10,418   -     Other debtors   78,564   32,590     Prepayments and accrued income   40,150   29,035     Included above are the following amounts which are due after more than one year:	Net book amount at 30 September 2001	1,368,939	223,562	3,474	92,330	1,688,305
2001   2000   £   £   £   £   £   £   £   £   £	Net book amount at 30 September 2000	1,210,305	231,061	1,312	121,764	1,564,442
DEBTORS           2001         2000           £         £           £         £           Trade debtors         10,418         -           Other debtors         78,564         32,590           Prepayments and accrued income         40,150         29,035           Included above are the following amounts which are due after more than one year:						
2001   2000   £   £	Goods for resale				34,093	36,678
Trade debtors 0 10,418 0 10,4	DEBTORS					
Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income  78,564 40,150 29,035  129,132 61,625  Included above are the following amounts which are due after more than one year:						
Other debtors Prepayments and accrued income  78,564 40,150 29,035  129,132 61,625  Included above are the following amounts which are due after more than one year:					10,418	-
Included above are the following amounts which are due after more than one year:					78,564	32,590
Included above are the following amounts which are due after more than one year:	Prepayments and accrued income				40,150	29,035
					129,132	61,625
Other debtors 2,723 -	Included above are the following amounts which are	e due after more t	than one year:			
	Other debtors				2,723	-

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2001

8	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2001 £	2000 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings	119,102 274,724	70,603 147,384
	Amounts owed to associates Social security and other taxes Other creditors	789,420 1 82,690 1,883	876,914 124,437 43,406
	Accruals and deferred income	14,151	12,687
	Bank borrowings are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the company's assets.	1,281,971	1,275,431
9	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
		2001 £	2000 £
	Bank loans	412,289	258,876
	The bank loans are secured firstly by a mortgage debenture over the leasehold properties and then by charge over the company's other assets. It is repayable over five years, at an interest rate of 1.75% over		
	Borrowings are repayable as follows:	2001 £	2000 £
	Within one year After one and within two years After two and within five years	119,102 126,544 285,745	70,603 70,603 188,273
		531,391	329,479
10	SHARE CAPITAL		
		2001 £	2000 £
	Authorised Ordinary £1 shares	300,000	300,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid Ordinary £1 shares	100,000	100,000

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2001

### 11 RESERVES

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		Profit and loss account
At 1 October 2000		49,576
Retained profit for the year		78,445
At 30 September 2001		128,021
RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS	2001 £	2000 £
Profit for the financial year Issue of shares	78,445 -	49,574 99,249
Net increase in shareholders' funds Shareholders' funds at 1 October 2000	78,445 149,576	148,823 751
Shareholders' funds at 30 September 2001	228,021	149,574

## 13 LEASING COMMITMENTS

Operating lease payments amounting to £145,000 (2000: £145,000) are due within one year. The leases to which these amounts relate expire as follows:

	2001 Land and buildings £	2000 Land and buildings £
In five years or more	145,000	145,000

## 14 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

The company had no capital commitments at 30 September 2001 or 30 September 2000.

### 15 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

There were no contingent liabilities at 30 September 2001 or 30 September 2000.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 30 September 2001

### 16 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year the company was advanced monies by Longshot Limited, the ultimate parent undertaking. At the year-end, the amount outstanding amounted to £789,420 (2000: £876,914).

During the year the company was advanced monies by Longshot VQ Limited, a fellow subsidiary. At the year end the amount outstanding amounted to £Nil (2000: £124,437).

During the prior year, the company made payments totalling £2,354 to MacIntyre & Co for professional services. Eric Dunmore, a director of the company, was at the time, a partner in the firm.

## 17 ULTIMATE PARENT UNDERTAKING AND CONTROLLING RELATED PARTY

The directors consider that the ultimate parent undertaking of this company is its parent company Longshot Limited by virtue of its ownership of 99% of the share capital of the company.