UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2022

FOR

SKYWARD FIRE LTD

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SKYWARD FIRE LTD

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2022

L M Mcgurk S R Powles **DIRECTORS:**

M P Smith

Unit 9 Capital Trading Estate Whapload Road **REGISTERED OFFICE:**

Lowestoft Suffolk

NR32 ITY

REGISTERED NUMBER: 10788103 (England and Wales)

BALANCE SHEET 31ST MAY 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		12,387		11,875
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks		110,000		100,000	
Debtors	5	45,680		18,430	
Cash at bank and in hand		19,544		36,265	
		175,224		154,695	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	20,795_		23,867	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			<u> 154,429</u>		130,828
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			166016		1.42 =02
LIABILITIES			166,816		142,703
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	7		(35,213)		(40,605)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			(2,844)		(1,326)
NET ASSETS			128,759		100,772
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			128,659		100,672
			128.759		100,772

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31st May 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31st May 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

BALANCE SHEET - continued 31ST MAY 2022

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 31st May 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

L M Mcgurk - Director

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Skyward Fire Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The directors have considered the company's position at the time of signing the financial statements. After reviewing the company's forecasts and projections, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing its financial statements.

Turnover

The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has accepted delivery of the goods.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings - 25% reducing balance Computer equipment - 25% reducing balance

Depreciation is not charged on property and improvements to property as the directors are of the opinion that the property is maintained to a standard whereby the useful economic life exceeds the cost.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Income and retained earnings.

Government grants

Grants are accounted for under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of income and retained earnings in the same period as the related expenditure.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items

Cost is calculated using the first in, first out method.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value,

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instruments that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors and loans.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 5 (2021 - 4).

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MAY 2022

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS			
		Fixtures		
		and	Computer	
		fittings	equipment	Totals
		£	£	£
	COST			
	At 1st June 2021	13,507	10,071	23,578
	Additions	<u>811</u>	<u>3,831</u>	4,642
	At 31st May 2022	14,318	13,902	28,220
	DEPRECIATION			
	At 1st June 2021	6,681	5,022	11,703
	Charge for year	1,910	2,220	4,130
	At 31st May 2022	8,591	7,242	15,833
	NET BOOK VALUE			<u></u>
	At 31st May 2022	5,727	6,660	12,387
	At 31st May 2021	6,826	5,049	11,875
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
٠.			2022	2021
			£	£
	Other debtors		45,680	18,430
	One decide			
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR			
0.	CREDITORS, AMOUNTS TALERING DUE WITHIN ONE TERM		2022	2021
			£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts		10,000	12,813
	Trade creditors		828	178
	Taxation and social security		6,734	7,665
	Other creditors		3,233	3,211
	one creators		$\frac{-3,235}{20,795}$	23,867
			<u> </u>	23,007
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN	ONE		
1.	YEAR	ONE		
	ILAK		2022	2021
			2022 £	
	Doubt loons			£
	Bank loans		<u>35,213</u>	40,605

8. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

This company is under control of the directors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.