Quality Glass (Stoke On Trent) Limited

Filleted Accounts

30 September 2021

Quality Glass (Stoke On Trent) Limited

Registered number: 01247184

Balance Sheet

as at 30 September 2021

	Notes		2021		2020
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		66 9 ,301		746,861
Current assets					
		257.440		450 494	
Stocks	4	357,440		156,481	
Debtors	4	628,955		1,038,846	
Cash at bank and in hand		199,433		136,192	
		1,185,828		1,331,519	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(643,942)		(926,537)	
,	•	(0,0,0,0,0)		(0_0,00.)	
Net current assets			541,886		404,982
Total assets less current		-		_	
liabilities			1,211,187		1,151,843
Creditors: amounts falling	_		/++ -++\		
due after more than one yea	ar 6		(66,533)		(115,947)
Provisions for liabilities			(36,878)		(39,269)
r rovisions for machines			(30,070)		(59,209)
Net assets		-	1,107,776	_	996,627
		-		-	
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			4,000		4,000
Revaluation reserve	7		398,224		398,224
Profit and loss account	•		705,552		594,403
			-, <u>-</u>		.,
Shareholders' funds		-	1,107,776	-	996,627
		-	,,	-	

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr B F Ball

Director

Approved by the board on 29 June 2022

Quality Glass (Stoke On Trent) Limited Notes to the Accounts for the year ended 30 September 2021

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold land nil per annum

Freehold property 2% per annum of cost

Machinery, equipment and fixtures 15% per annum of net book value

Contract hire assets equal installments over the period of hire

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and

past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

Numbe	er Number
employed by the company 2	6 24
=	employed by the company 2

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Land and buildings	equipment, vehicles & fixtures	Contract hire assets	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
At 1 October 2020	580,000	701,983	153,916	1,435,899
Additions	-	2,562	-	2,562
Disposals	-	-	(18,515)	(18,515)
At 30 September 2021	580,000	704,545	135,401	1,419,946

Machinery

	Depreciation				
	At 1 October 2020	39,408	583,837	65,793	689,038
	Charge for the year	19,704	18,106	37,498	75,308
	On disposals	-	-	(13,701)	(13,701)
	At 30 September 2021	59,112	601,943	89,590	750,645
	Net book value				
	At 30 September 2021	520,888	102,602	45,811	669,301
	At 30 September 2020	540,592	118,146	88,123	746,861
4	Debtors			2021	2020
•	500.0.0			£	£
				~	~
	Trade debtors			472,608	947,550
	Prepayments and accrued incom	e		77,502	75,399
	Other debtors			78,845	15,897
				628,955	1,038,846
5	Cuaditara, amaunta fallina dua	within and year		2021	2020
5	Creditors: amounts falling due	within one year		2021 £	2020 £
				L	L
	Bank loans and overdrafts			10,000	166,268
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts			36,622	47,822
	Trade creditors			446,315	526,971
	Accruals and deferred income			105,900	103,885
	Taxation and social security cost	S	-	45,105	81,591
				643,942	926,537
6	Creditors: amounts falling due	after one year		2021	2020
	-	-		£	£
	Bank loans			37,500	47,500
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts			29,033	68,447
				66,533	115,947
7	Revaluation reserve			2021	2020
				£	£
	At 1 October 2020			398,224	398,224
	At 30 September 2021			398,224	398,224

Quality Glass (Stoke On Trent) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Leek New Road

Cobridge

Stoke On Trent

Staffordshire

ST6 2JY

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