

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 11028590

HL Air Conditioning Refrigeration & Plumbing Limited

Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements

31 October 2021

HL Air Conditioning Refrigeration & Plumbing Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 October 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	9,226	2,384
Current assets			
Debtors	6	11,696	29,089
Cash at bank and in hand		1,147	2,123
		-----	-----
		12,843	31,212
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	9,966	8,410
		-----	-----
Net current assets		2,877	22,802
		-----	-----
Total assets less current liabilities		12,103	25,186
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	12,000	25,000
		-----	-----
Net assets		103	186
		-----	-----
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		5	5
Profit and loss account		98	181
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Shareholder funds		103	186
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These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 October 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

HL Air Conditioning Refrigeration & Plumbing Limited

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 October 2021

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 20 April 2022 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr M S Eccleston

Director

Company registration number: 11028590

HL Air Conditioning Refrigeration & Plumbing Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 October 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 27 Godolphin Close, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, IP33 2HY.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Motor vehicles	-	25% reducing balance
Equipment	-	25% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 2 (2020: 1).

5. Tangible assets

	Motor vehicles	Equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 November 2020	4,025	1,138	5,163
Additions	11,500	—	11,500
Disposals	(3,750)	—	(3,750)
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At 31 October 2021	11,775	1,138	12,913
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Depreciation			
At 1 November 2020	2,327	452	2,779
Charge for the year	2,904	172	3,076
Disposals	(2,168)	—	(2,168)
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At 31 October 2021	3,063	624	3,687
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Carrying amount			
At 31 October 2021	8,712	514	9,226
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At 31 October 2020	1,698	686	2,384
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6. Debtors

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	10,946	8,301
Other debtors	750	20,788
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	11,696	29,089
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7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	3,000	—
Corporation tax	2,198	6,319
Social security and other taxes	2,967	46
Other creditors	1,801	2,045
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	9,966	8,410
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8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	12,000	25,000
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9. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2021				
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£	£
Mr M S Eccleston	20,682	9,304	(29,819)	167
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2020				
	Balance brought forward	Advances/ (credits) to the director	Amounts repaid	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£	£
Mr M S Eccleston	(8,863)	31,694	(2,149)	20,682
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