

Company registration number: **11040986**

Fabrili Ltd
Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the
year ended
31 October 2022

Fabrili Ltd

Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of Fabrili Ltd

Year ended 31 October 2022

As described on the statement of financial position, the Board of Directors of Fabrili Ltd are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 October 2022, which comprise the income statement, statement of financial position and related notes.

You consider that the company is exempt from an audit under the Companies Act 2006.

In accordance with your instructions I have compiled these unaudited financial statements in order to assist you to fulfil your statutory responsibilities, from the accounting records and from information and explanations supplied to me.

ACU ACCOUNTS

225

GRAYS INN ROAD

LONDON

WC1X 8RH

United Kingdom

Fabrili Ltd

Statement of Financial Position

31 October 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	5	212,835	137,872
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks		75,000	48,500
Debtors	6	1,722,337	1,080,252
Cash at bank and in hand		21,625	478,895
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		1,818,962	1,607,647
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(1,249,455)	(1,248,698)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net current assets		569,507	358,949
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total assets less current liabilities		782,342	496,821
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(179,029)	(253,742)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net assets		603,313	243,079
		<hr/>	<hr/>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		1	1
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Profit and loss account		603,312	243,078
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Shareholders funds		603,313	243,079
		<hr/>	<hr/>

For the year ending 31 October 2022, the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with

respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 19 July 2023, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A Ghoul

Director

Company registration number: 11040986

Fabrili Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 October 2022

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Unit 5 Bradfield Road, Ruislip, HA4 0NU, England.

2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

TURNOVER

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

CURRENT TAX

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

TANGIBLE ASSETS

Tangible assets are initially measured at cost, and are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses or at a revalued amount.

Any tangible assets carried at a revalued amount are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves. However, the increase is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves. If a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess is recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	15% straight line
Fixtures and fittings	15% straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	15% straight line
Motor vehicles	15% straight line

IMPAIRMENT

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

STOCKS

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price and are subsequently measured as follows: Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost and commitments to receive a loan and to make a loan to another entity are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

All other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, which is normally the transaction price and are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

All equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4 AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year was 18 (2021: 9.00).

5 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Plant and machinery etc.
	£
COST	
At 1 November 2021	245,375
Additions	100,772
At 31 October 2022	<u>346,147</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 November 2021	107,503
Charge	25,809

At 31 October 2022

133,312

CARRYING AMOUNT

At 31 October 2022

212,835

At 31 October 2021

137,872

6 DEBTORS

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade debtors	1,482,848	906,355
Other debtors	239,489	173,897
	<u>1,722,337</u>	<u>1,080,252</u>

7 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	74,152	48,648
Taxation and social security	500,112	435,918
Other creditors	675,191	764,132
	<u>1,249,455</u>	<u>1,248,698</u>

8 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	46,779	72,821
Other creditors	132,250	180,921
	<u>179,029</u>	<u>253,742</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.