

J Bennett Joinery Ltd

**Annual Report and Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements
for the Year Ended 31 December 2020**

J Bennett Joinery Ltd

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J Bennett Joinery Ltd

Company Information

Director	Mr J D Bennett
Registered office	Unit 5 ,The Sidings Station Road Yetminster Sherborne Dorset DT9 6LH
Bankers	NatWest Plc Yeovil Branch 740 Waterside Down Aztec West Almondsbury Bristol BS99 5BD
Accountants	Scott Vevers Ltd Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors 65 East Street Bridport Dorset DT6 3LB

J Bennett Joinery Ltd
(Registration number: 11081160)
Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	<u>4</u>	7,000	8,000
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	13,734	12,949
		<u>20,734</u>	<u>20,949</u>
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	11,850	7,000
Debtors		28,170	11,843
Cash at bank and in hand		38,717	2,004
		78,737	20,847
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		<u>(50,116)</u>	<u>(41,270)</u>
Net current assets/(liabilities)		<u>28,621</u>	<u>(20,423)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		49,355	526
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		(59,174)	(13,890)
Accruals and deferred income		<u>(925)</u>	<u>(475)</u>
Net liabilities		<u>(10,744)</u>	<u>(13,839)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	1,000	1,000
Profit and loss account		<u>(11,744)</u>	<u>(14,839)</u>
Shareholders' deficit		<u>(10,744)</u>	<u>(13,839)</u>

For the financial year ending 31 December 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

All of the company's members have consented to the preparation of an Abridged Balance Sheet in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

J Bennett Joinery Ltd
(Registration number: 11081160)
Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2020

Approved and authorised by the director on 11 May 2021

Mr J D Bennett

Director

J Bennett Joinery Ltd

Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

1 General information

The company is limited by shares incorporated in England within the United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is given in the company information on page 1 of these financial statements.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements were prepared in accordance with Section 1A of the Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

These abridged financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;
and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received using the accrual model.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

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Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Plant and machinery	10% Reducing balance
Motor vehicles	20% Reducing balance
Office equipment	10% Reducing balance

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

Amortisation

Amortisation is provided on intangible assets so as to write off the cost, less any estimated residual value, over their useful life as follows:

Asset class	Amortisation method and rate
Goodwill	10 Years straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

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Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

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Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 3 (2019 - 3).

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Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020

4 Intangible assets

	Total £
Cost or valuation	
At 1 January 2020	10,000
At 31 December 2020	10,000
Amortisation	
At 1 January 2020	2,000
Amortisation charge	1,000
At 31 December 2020	3,000
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2020	7,000
At 31 December 2019	8,000

5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 January 2020	2,767	29,455	33,522	65,744
Additions	-	-	3,088	3,088
At 31 December 2020	2,767	29,455	36,610	68,832
Depreciation				
At 1 January 2020	2,362	20,455	29,978	52,795
Charge for the year	40	1,600	663	2,303
At 31 December 2020	2,402	22,055	30,641	55,098
Carrying amount				
At 31 December 2020	365	7,400	5,969	13,734
At 31 December 2019	405	9,000	3,544	12,949

6 Stocks

	2020 £	2019 £
Work in progress	11,850	7,000

J Bennett Joinery Ltd**Notes to the Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2020****7 Share capital****Allotted, called up and fully paid shares**

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary of £1 each	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.