Company registration number: 07394697

Brightcrest Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 December 2022

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Directors and other information

Directors

Mr. P. Theoulakis

Company number

07394697

Registered office

310 Harrow Road

Wembley Middlesex HA9 6LL

Accountants

Amey Kamp LLP

Chartered Accountants

310 Harrow Road

Wembley Middlesex HA9 6LL

Bankers

HSBC Plc

Statement of financial position 31 December 2022

	2022		2021		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed seests					
Fixed assets Tangible assets	5	3,036		4,048	
Tangible accord	•		2 222		4.040
•			3,036		4,048
Current assets	. '				
Debtors	6	828,536		806,157	
Cash at bank and in hand		29,588		28,089	
•		858,124		834,246	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year	7	(312,116)		(282,975)	
Net current assets			546,008		551,271
Total assets less current liabilities			549,044		555,319
Provisions for liabilities			(577)		(769)
Net assets			548,467		554,550
Net assets	*				=====
Canital and receives					
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	a tuner of the	100		100
Profit and loss account			548,367		554,450
Shareholder funds			548,467		554,550

For the year ending 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 31 December 2022

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 8 June 2023, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr. P. Theoulakis

Director

Company registration number: 07394697

The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 December 2022

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in United Kingdom. The address of the registered office is 310 Harrow Road, Wembley, Middlesex, HA9 6LL.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2022

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery - 25% reducing balance Fittings fixtures and equipment - 25% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

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Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2022

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

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Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

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Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2021: 1).

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2022

Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
£	£
At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022 20,190	20,190
Depreciation ======	•
At 1 January 2022 16,142	16,142
Charge for the year 1,012	1,012
At 31 December 2022 17,154	17,154
Carrying amount	
At 31 December 2022 3,036	3,036
At 31 December 2021 4,048	4,048
6. Debtors	
2022	2021
£	£
Other debtors 828,536	806,157
7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	
2022	2021
2	£
Corporation tax (1,246)	41,566
Social security and other taxes (460)	-
Other creditors 313,822	241,409
312,11 6	282,975

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 December 2022

8. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

·	2022				
	•	Balance brought		Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		forward	the directors		
		£	£	£	£
Mr. P. Theoulakis		(301)	(77,517)	252	(77,566)
	2021		•		
		Balance	Advances	Amounts	Balance
		brought	/(credits) to	repaid	o/standing
		torward	the directors		
		£	£	£	£
Mr. P. Theoulakis		(584)	(24,608)	24,891	(301)

The loan from the director is interest free and repayable on demand.

9. Related party transactions

During the year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

The second companies that the property of the second secon	Transaction	value	Balance owed by/(owed to)		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	3	£	£	£	
Brightvale Properties Limited	22,217	35,904	269,661	247,444	
Rodos Eye Clinic LP	-		558,455	558,455	

Included in debtors is £269,661 (2021: £247,444) owed from Brightvale Properties Limited. The loan is interest free and repayable on demand. The two companies have a common director and a common shareholder.

Included in debtors is £558,455 (2021: £558,455) owed from Rodos Eye Clinic LP, a company incorporated in Greece. The loan is interest free and repayable on demand. The two companies have a common director and a common shareholder.

A dividend of £Nil (2021: £18,500) was paid to the director during the year.

10. Controlling party

By virtue of the shareholding, the company is controlled by the director.