Company Registration No. 02829158 (England and Wales)
COPSE MILL PROPERTIES LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

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CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS ON THE PREPARATION OF THE UNAUDITED STATUTORY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF COPSE MILL PROPERTIES LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Copse Mill Properties Limited for the year ended 31 October 2021 which comprise, the balance sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance.

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Copse Mill Properties Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Copse Mill Properties Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Copse Mill Properties Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Copse Mill Properties Limited and its Board of Directors as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Copse Mill Properties Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Copse Mill Properties Limited. You consider that Copse Mill Properties Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Copse Mill Properties Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Carpenter Box

Chartered Accountants

25 July 2022

Amelia House Crescent Road Worthing West Sussex BN11 1RL



BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2021

		20:	21	20:	20
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		7,230		3,474
Investment properties	4		11,138,250		12,017,330
			11,145,480		12,020,804
Current assets					
Stocks		1,086,515		857,988	
Debtors	5	829,241		660,541	
Cash at bank and in hand		917,966		293,150 	
		2,833,722		1,811,679	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(609,328)		(610,462)	
Net current assets			2,224,394		1,201,217
Total assets less current liabilities			13,369,874		13,222,021
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(6,126,300)		(6,308,550)
Provisions for liabilities			(574,851)		(645,084)
Net assets			6,668,723		6,268,387
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		4		4
Non-distributable profits	=		3,576,735		3,930,346
Distributable profit and loss reserves			3,091,984		2,338,037
Total equity			6,668,723		6,268,387

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 October 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2021

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 25 July 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr J Wright Mr J P McNulty
Director Director

Company Registration No. 02829158

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Copse Mill Properties Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Amelia House, Crescent Road, Worthing, West Sussex, BN11 1RL.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

1.2 Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The directors have considered relevant information, including the annual budget, forecast future cash flows and the impact of subsequent events in making their assessment. The COVID-19 pandemic and the ensuing economic shutdown has had an impact on the company's operations. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the directors have performed a robust analysis of forecast future cash flows taking into account the potential impact on the business of possible future scenarios arising from the impact of COVID-19. This analysis also considers the effectiveness of available measures to assist in mitigating the impact

Based on these assessments and having regard to the resources available to the entity, the directors have concluded that there is no material uncertainty in relation to the appropriateness of continuing to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable from the sales of development property.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Computer equipment

33% p.a. on a straight line basis

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Investment properties

Investment property, which is property held to earn rentals and/or for capital appreciation, is initially recognised at cost, which includes the purchase cost and any directly attributable expenditure. Subsequently it is measured at fair value at the reporting end date. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Stocks

Stock and work in progress consists of development properties which are either finished and held for resale or part way through development. Such costs include land and construction costs as well as associated professional fees and other direct costs. Stock and work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

1.7 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.8 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.9 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.10 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.11 Leases

Rentals payable under operating leases, including any lease incentives received, are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease except where another more systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which economic benefits from the leases asset are consumed.

Rental income from operating leases is recognised on a straight line basis over the term of the relevant lease. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised on a straight line basis over the lease term.

1.12 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 8 (2020 - 8).

3 Tangible fixed assets

	Computer equipment £
Cost	-
At 1 November 2020	20,394
Additions	6,523
Disposals	(11,402)
At 31 October 2021	15,515
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 November 2020	16,920
Depreciation charged in the year	2,767
Eliminated in respect of disposals	(11,402)
At 31 October 2021	8,285
Carrying amount	
At 31 October 2021	7,230
At 31 October 2020	3,474

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

4	Investment property		2021
	Fair value		£
	At 1 November 2020		12,017,330
	Disposals		(811,500)
	Revaluations		(67,580)
	At 31 October 2021		11,138,250
	The fair value of the investment property has been arrived at on the basis of a value by the directors. The valuation was made on an open market value basis by refere transaction prices for similar properties.		
5	Debtors		
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2021 £	2020 £
	,		
	Trade debtors	38,055	32,137
	Other debtors	791,186 	628,404
		829,241 ———	660,541
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Bank loans	14,000	14,000
	Trade creditors	1,151	10,865
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	249,539	375,540
	Taxation and social security	171,513	27,904
	Other creditors	173,125 ————	182,153
		609,328	610,462
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2021 £	2020 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Other creditors	6,126,300	5,957,550 351,000
	Silidi distallora		
		6,126,300	6,308,550

The bank loans included in notes 6 and 7 above are secured against the company's investment properties.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2021

8	Called up share capital				
	•	2021	2020	2021	2020
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and fully paid				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2	2	2
	Ordinary A shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
	Ordinary B shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
		4	4	4	4

9 Operating lease commitments

Lessee

At the reporting end date the company had outstanding commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:

2021	2020
£	£
12,000	12,000

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.