

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

FOR

GALANTAS IRISH GOLD LIMITED

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

•]	Page	2
Company Information		1	
Report of the Directors	2	to	3
Report of the Independent Auditors	4	to	7
Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income		8	
Statement of Financial Position		9	
Statement of Changes in Equity		10	
Statement of Cash Flows		11	
Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows		12	
Notes to the Financial Statements	13	to	14

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

DIRECTORS:

B McAleer

A Buckley

В Моптіѕ

SECRETARY:

R Phelps

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Elliott Duffy Garrett

40 Linenhall Street

Belfast Co. Antrim B'12 8BA

REGISTERED NUMBER:

NI032245 (Northern Ireland)

AUDITORS:

Baker Tilly Mooney Moore

Statutory Auditors 17 Clarendon Road Clarendon Dock

Belfast Co. Antrim BTI 3BG

SOLICITORS:

Elliot Duffy Garrett 40 Linenhall Street

Belfast Co. Antrim BT2 8BA

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2022.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the company in the year under review was that of a dormant entity.

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No dividends will be distributed for the year ended 31 December 2022.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 January 2021 to the date of this report.

A Buckley

B Morris

B McAleer

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the Directors confirms that, so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware. Each Director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

AUDITORS

The auditors, Baker Tilly Mooney Moore, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

ALAN BUC ALAN BUCKley (Apr 2	Kley 15. 2023 18:48 GMT+1)	
A Buc	kley - Director	
Date:	Apr 25, 2023	*****

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF GALANTAS IRISH GOLD LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Galantas Irish Gold Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Cash Flows and Notes to the Statement of Cash Flows, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the UK.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2022;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the UK; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Report of the Directors has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF GALANTAS IRISH GOLD LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page two, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF GALANTAS IRISH GOLD LIMITED

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

We considered the opportunities and incentives that may exist within the organisation for fraud. As the organisation is dormant we have not not identified revenue recognition as a risk. In common with all audits under ISAs (UK), we are also required to perform specific procedures to respond to the risk of management override.

We also obtained an understanding of the legal and regulatory frameworks that the Company operates in, focusing on provisions of those laws and regulations that had a direct effect on the determination of material amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context included the UK Companies Act and local tax legislation.

In addition, we considered provisions of other laws and regulations that do not have a direct effect on the financial statements but compliance with which may be fundamental to the Company's ability to operate or to avoid a material penalty.

Our procedures to respond to risks identified included the following:

- reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- enquiring of management and external legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims;
- performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- in addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

We also communicated relevant identified laws and regulations and potential fraud risks to all engagement team members and remained alert to any indications of fraud or noncompliance with laws and regulations throughout the audit.

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF **GALANTAS IRISH GOLD LIMITED**

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Joanne Small (Senior Statutory Auditor)

for and on behalf of Baker Tilly Mooney Moore

Statutory Auditors

17 Clarendon Road

Clarendon Dock

Belfast

Co. Antrim

BT13BG

Date: 27th Apr. 12023

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Notes	31.12.22 £	31.12.21 £
CONTINUING OPERATIONS Revenue		· ·	
PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX		-	-
Income tax	4	.	
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		-	•
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			<u></u> :
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR		-	

GALANTAS IRISH GOLD LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: NI032245)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Notes	31.12.22 £	31.12.21 £
ASSETS		-	-
TOTAL ASSETS		<u> </u>	
EQUITY			
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY			
Called up share capital	5	2	2
Retained earnings	6	(2)	(2)
TOTAL EQUITY		_	-
<u> </u>			
LIABILITIES			
TOTAL LIABILITIES		_	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILI	ries	<u>=</u> :	-
The financial statements were	authorised for issue l	by the Board of Directors and auth	orised for issue
onApr 25; 2023 an	d were signed on its behal	f by: ,	
ALan Buckley			
ALan Buckley (Apr 25, 2023 18:48 GMT+1)			
A Buckley - Director			

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Called up sbare capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 January 2021	2	(2)	-
Changes in equity .		·	
Balance at 31 December 2021	2	(2)	<u> </u>
Changes in equity			
Balance at 31 December 2022	2	<u>(2)</u>	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

Cook flows from anaroting activities	Notes	31.12.22 £	31.12.21 £
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations	1		
•			
		. —	
Increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning	of	-	-
year		-	-
			
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	ır	-	<u> </u>

NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1.	RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE INCOME TAX TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS				
		31.12.22 £	31.12.21 £		
	Profit before income tax				
	Cash generated from operations				

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Galantas Irish Gold Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Northern Ireland. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with UK-adopted international accounting standards and with those parts of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires the use of judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Taxation

Current taxes are based on the results shown in the financial statements and are calculated according to local tax rules, using tax rates enacted or substantially enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred tax is provided on the liability method to take account of timing differences between the treatment of certain items for accounts purposes and their treatment for tax purposes. Tax deferred or accelerated is accounted for in respect of all material timing differences. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the statement of financial position date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

There were no staff costs for the year ended 31 December 2022 nor for the year ended 31 December 2021.

	31.12.22	31.12.21
	£	£
Directors' remuneration	<u> </u>	<u>—</u>

4. INCOME TAX

Analysis of tax expense

No liability to UK corporation tax arose for the year ended 31 December 2022 nor for the year ended 31 December 2021.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

5. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

	Number:	ued and fully paid: Class:		Nominal value:	31.12.22 £	31.12.21 £
	·2	Ordinary		£1		===
6.	RESERVES	5				Retained earnings
						£
	At I January Profit for the		•			(2)
	At 31 Decen	nber 2022			•	(2)

7. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Cavanacaw Corporation, a company incorporated in Canada.

In the directors' opinion, the company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Galantas Gold Corporation which is also incorporated in Canada. Copies of the group financial statements are available from the company secretary at 82 Richmond Street East, Toronto, Ontario, Canada, M5C 1P1.

8. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Galantas Irish Gold Limited and Omagh Minerals Limited are both controlled by Cavanacaw Corporation.

During the year no transactions took place with Omagh Minerals Limited or Cavanacaw Corporation.

The ultimate parent company of Galantas Irish Gold Limited is Galantas Gold Corporation. During the year no transactions took place with Galantas Gold Corporation.