**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 07233778** 

# GASP Smoke Free Services Limited Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements 31 August 2022

# GASP Smoke Free Services Limited Statement of Financial Position

# 31 August 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	5	205	256
Tangible assets	6	1,358	1,598
		1,563	1,854
Current assets			
Stocks		59,675	82,653
Debtors	7	73,967	61,901
Cash at bank and in hand		15,528	22,707
		149,170	167,261
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	109,485	76,512
Net current assets		39,685	90,749
Total assets less current liabilities		41,248	92,603
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9	14,588	53,667
Provisions		258	304
Net assets		26,402	38,632
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		120	120
Profit and loss account		26,282	38,512
Shareholders funds		26,402	38,632

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 August 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

# **GASP Smoke Free Services Limited**

# Statement of Financial Position (continued)

# 31 August 2022

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 3 April 2023, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr R P Gardiner

Director

Company registration number: 07233778

#### **GASP Smoke Free Services Limited**

#### **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### Year ended 31 August 2022

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is Unit 2 Oaksey Road, Poole Keynes, Cirencester, GL7 6EA, England.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

#### Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business acquisitions and represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the company's interest in the net amount of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired business. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. It is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life. Where a reliable estimate of the useful life of goodwill or intangible assets cannot be made, the life is presumed not to exceed ten years.

#### Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Any intangible assets carried at revalued amounts, are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation, as determined by reference to an active market, less any subsequent accumulated amortisation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination are only recognised separately from goodwill when they arise from contractual or other legal rights, are separable, the expected future economic benefits are probable and the cost or value can be measured reliably.

#### **Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 15% straight line

Website development - 20% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings - 15% reducing balance

#### Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

#### **Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

#### Financial instruments

Financial instruments are classified and accounted for, according to the substance of the contractual arrangement, as either financial assets, financial liabilities or equity instruments. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2021: 1).

#### 5. Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Website development £	Total £
Cost At 1 September 2021 and 31 August 2022	227,000	500	227,500
Amortisation At 1 September 2021 Charge for the year	227,000	244 51	227,244 51
At 31 August 2022	227,000	295	227,295
Carrying amount At 31 August 2022	-	205	205
At 31 August 2021		256	256
6. Tangible assets			Fixtures and fittings
Cost At 1 September 2021 and 31 August 2022			13,000
<b>Depreciation</b> At 1 September 2021 Charge for the year			11,402 240
At 31 August 2022			11,642
Carrying amount At 31 August 2022			4.050
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1,358

# 7. Debtors

		2022	2021
		£	£
Trade debtors		21,271	6,350
Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the o	company		
has a participating interest		49,244	52,289
Other debtors		3,452	3,262
		73,967	61,901
8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
o. Creditors, amounts family due within one year		2022	2021
		£	£ 2021
Bank loans and overdrafts			
		3,765	2,525
Trade creditors		1,984	3,793
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the c	ompany	CO 004	E0 040
has a participating interest		60,081	59,849
Corporation tax		_	2,471
Social security and other taxes		196	_
Other creditors		43,459	7,874
		109,485	76,512
9. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
	2022	2021	
	£	£	
Bank loans and overdrafts	14,588	17,475	
Other creditors	_	36,192	
	14,588	53,667	

# 10. Director's advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	Balance brought forward	,		
	£	£	£	
Mr R P Gardiner	_	( 42,192)	( 42,192)	
	2021 Advances/			
	Balance brought forward	director	Balance outstanding	
	£	£	£	
Mr R P Gardiner	-		_	

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