Registration number: 04927308

# Global MSC Security Ltd

Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements - Amended

for the Year Ended 31 October 2020



Stone & Co Chartered Accountants
2 Charnwood House
Marsh Road
Ashton
Bristol
BS3 2NA

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## **Company Information**

**Directors** 

**DD Maltby** 

JM Maltby

Company secretary DD Maltby

**Registered office** 

Greenbanks Sutton Hill Road

**Bishop Sutton** 

Bristol Somerset BS39 5UR

**Accountants** 

Stone & Co Chartered Accountants

2 Charnwood House

Marsh Road Ashton Bristol BS3 2NA

# (Registration number: 04927308) Balance Sheet as at 31 October 2020

	Note		2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	4		8,967	11,757
Current assets	•			
Debtors	5	16,769		29,125
Cash at bank and in hand		95,471		122,443
		112,240		151,568
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(58,428)		(95,298)
Net current assets	•		53,812	56,270
Total assets less current liabilities	•		62,779	68,027
Provisions for liabilities			(1,704)	(2,234)
Net assets			61,075	65,793
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital		100		100
Profit and loss account		60,975		65,693
Total equity			61,075	65,793

For the financial year ending 31 October 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 22 March 2021, and signed on its behalf by:

DD Maltby
Company secretary and director

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Walès.

The address of its registered office is: Greenbanks Sutton Hill Road Bishop Sutton Bristol Somerset BS39 5UR

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 22 March 2021.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

## **Basis of preparation**

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

#### Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

#### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

#### **Depreciation**

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### **Asset class**

Office equipment

### Depreciation method and rate

25% reducing balance

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### **Trade debtors**

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### **Trade creditors**

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of-business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current-liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### **Defined contribution pension obligation**

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

## 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, was 2(2019 - 2).

# Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 October 2020

## 4 Tangible assets

	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost or valuation At 1 November 2019 Additions	42,936 199	42,936 199
At 31 October 2020	43,135	43,135
Depreciation At 1 November 2019 Charge for the year	31,179 2,989	31,179 2,989
At 31 October 2020	34,168	34,168
Carrying amount		
At 31 October 2020	8,967	8,967
At 31 October 2019	11,757	11,757
5 Debtors Trade debtors	<b>2020</b> £ 12,619	<b>2019</b> • £ 18,055
Prepayments	•	11,070
	16,769	29,125
6 Creditors		,
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2	•
	2020 £	2019 -£
Due within one year		
Trade creditors	14,888	8,133
Taxation and social security  Accruals and deferred income	16,939 25,423	19,114 66,324
Other creditors	25,423 1,178	1,727
	58,428	95,298

## 7 Related party transactions

At the year end the company owed the directors £1,178 (2019: £1,727). Loans to the company are made interest free and are repayable on demand.