

Company registration number 07553027 (England and Wales)

JAMES JOINERY UK LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

JAMES JOINERY UK LIMITED

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JAMES JOINERY UK LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	2022 £	£	2021 £	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		2,228		2,972
Current assets					
Stocks		4,000		5,500	
Debtors	5	72,217		39,137	
Cash at bank and in hand		53,956		84,808	
		<u>130,173</u>		<u>129,445</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>(63,508)</u>		<u>(54,655)</u>	
Net current assets			66,665		74,790
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>68,893</u>		<u>77,762</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		<u>(32,397)</u>		<u>(40,833)</u>
Net assets			<u><u>36,496</u></u>		<u><u>36,929</u></u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	10		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			<u>36,396</u>		<u>36,829</u>
Total equity			<u><u>36,496</u></u>		<u><u>36,929</u></u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

JAMES JOINERY UK LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 16 December 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

S East

Director

Company Registration No. 07553027

JAMES JOINERY UK LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

James Joinery UK Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Greenhill House, 26 Greenhill Crescent, Watford, Herts, WD18 8JA.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable net of VAT and trade discounts, of goods provided to customers. Turnover is recognised after the delivery of goods to the customer has been completed.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and machinery	25% Reducing balance
Fixtures, fittings & equipment	25% Reducing balance
Motor vehicles	25% Reducing balance

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

1.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

JAMES JOINERY UK LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

1.8 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

1.9 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

1.10 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

JAMES JOINERY UK LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.11 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

2 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

3 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

	2022 Number	2021 Number
Total	3	3

4 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery etc
	£
Cost	
At 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022	11,802
Depreciation and impairment	
At 1 April 2021	8,830
Depreciation charged in the year	744
At 31 March 2022	9,574
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2022	2,228
At 31 March 2021	2,972

JAMES JOINERY UK LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

5 Debtors	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	68,533	39,137
Other debtors	3,684	-
	<u>72,217</u>	<u>39,137</u>
	<u><u>72,217</u></u>	<u><u>39,137</u></u>
6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans	9,700	9,167
Trade creditors	23,832	18,886
Corporation tax	8,273	7,787
Other taxation and social security	5,112	2,514
Other creditors	16,591	16,301
	<u>63,508</u>	<u>54,655</u>
	<u><u>63,508</u></u>	<u><u>54,655</u></u>
7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	32,397	40,833
	<u>32,397</u>	<u>40,833</u>
	<u><u>32,397</u></u>	<u><u>40,833</u></u>
8 Loans and overdrafts	2022	2021
	£	£
Bank loans	42,097	50,000
	<u>42,097</u>	<u>50,000</u>
	<u><u>42,097</u></u>	<u><u>50,000</u></u>
Payable within one year	9,700	9,167
Payable after one year	32,397	40,833
	<u>42,097</u>	<u>50,000</u>
	<u><u>42,097</u></u>	<u><u>50,000</u></u>

The long-term loans are not secured by fixed charges.

The loan payable has fixed interest rate of 2.5% per annum and is payable within six years of the introduction of the loan. The company's first monthly repayment date starts one year after the introduction as the Government will pay interest and capital for the first year of the loan. This means that the monthly repayment amount are based on the loan being repaid over 5 years. There are no restrictions imposed on the company by the loan.

JAMES JOINERY UK LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

9 Government grants

Coronavirus job retention scheme grants were received during the year amounting to £10.728 which relate to furlough of employees due to Coronavirus pandemic. There are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies attached to the grants.

10 Called up share capital

	2022	2021
	£	£
Ordinary share capital		
Issued and fully paid		
100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.