Company registration number: 04543643

Longpark Estates Limited

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 September 2018

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Directors and other information

Director

Nicholas Antoniou

Secretary

Gabriella Antoniou

Company number

04543643

Registered office

32 Engel Park

Mill Hill

London NW7 2NS

Accountants

ALG

Chartered Certified Accountants

1324 - 1326 High Road

London N20 9HJ

Statement of financial position 30 September 2018

		2018		2017	
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5	1,075,000		1,075,000	
			1,075,000		1,075,000
Current assets					
Debtors	6	7,570		7,347	
Cash at bank and in hand		16,035		2,234	
		23,605		9,581	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(306,542)		(320,257)	
Net current liabilities			(282,937)		(310,676)
Total assets less current liabilities			792,063		764,324
Provisions for liabilities			(38,929)		(48,649)
Net assets			753,134		715,675
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			753,034		715,575
Shareholders funds			753,134		715,675
			·		

For the year ending 30 September 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 4 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

Statement of financial position (continued) 30 September 2018

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 21 February 2019, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Nicholas Antoniou

Director

Company registration number: 04543643

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 30 September 2018

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is 32 Engel Park, Mill Hill, London NW7 2NS.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity. The figures are rounded to the nearest pound.

Turnover

Turnover represents rents receivable from the letting of the company's investment properties and is recognised evenly over the lease terms.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 September 2018

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Investment property

Investment property is measured initially at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

If a reliable measure of fair value is not available without undue cost or effort it shall be transferred to tangible assets and accounted for under the cost model until it is expected that fair value will be reliably measurable on an on-going basis.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

Basic financial instruments are recognised at amortised cost with changes recognised in profit or loss. Derivative financial instruments are initially recorded at cost and thereafter at fair value with changes recognised in profit or loss.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 September 2018

4. Tax on profit

	Major components of tax income/expense		
	·	2018 £	2017 £
	Current tax:	2	~
	UK current tax expense	6,507	6,540
	Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences	(9,720)	46,547
	Tax on profit	(3,213)	53,087
	•		
5.	Tangible assets	E la la la l	
		Freehold and leasehold	Total
	•	properties	•
	Cost	£	£
	At 1 October 2017 and 30 September 2018	1,075,000	1,075,000
	Depreciation		
	At 1 October 2017 and 30 September 2018	-	-
	Carrying amount	4.075.000	4 075 000
	At 30 September 2018	1,075,000 ————	1,075,000
	At 30 September 2017	1,075,000	1,075,000
	Investment property		
	Included within the above is investment property as follows:		£
	At 1 October 2017 and 30 September 2018		1,075,000
	-		
	The director is of the opinion that the open market value of the investn different from the book value.	nent property is n	ot materially
6.	Debtors		
		2018 £	2017 £
	Other debtors	7,570	7,347

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 30 September 2018

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2018	2017
	£	£
Corporation tax	6,507	6,540
Other creditors	300,035	313,717
	306,542	320,257

8. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2018			
	•	Balance brought forward	Advances /(credits) to the director	Balance o/standing
		£	£	£
Nicholas Antoniou		(304,807)	13,916	(290,891)
	2017			
		Balance	Advances	Balance
		brought	/(credits) to	o/standing
ı		forward	the director	
		£	£	£
Nicholas Antoniou		(333,006)	28,199	(304,807)