

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

CONTENTS OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	•	Page
Company Information		1
Balance Sheet		2
Notes to the Financial Statements		3 to 7

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

DIRECTORS:

Mr J Elliot Mr H Nance Mr M Pope Mr G Wiggins

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Unit 8

Carrowreagh Business Park

Carrowreagh Road

Belfast BT16 1QQ

REGISTERED NUMBER:

NI048270 (Northern Ireland)

AUDITORS:

Baker Tilly Mooney Moore

Statutory Auditors 17 Clarendon Road Clarendon Dock

Belfast BTI 3BG

BANKERS:

Barclays Bank PLC Edwward VII Quay 4 and 6 Navigation Way Ashton-on-Ribble

Preston PR2 2YF

SOLICITORS:

Nesbitt Solicitors

109 Cregagh Road

Belfast BT6 8PZ

BOXLIGHT GROUP LIMITED (REGISTERED NUMBER: NI048270)

BALANCE SHEET 31 DECEMBER 2022.

		31.12.22		31.12.21	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4	1	141,777		146,102
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	1,265,297		613,734	
Cash at bank		236,543		<u>263,801</u>	
CDEDITORS		1,501,840		877,535	
CREDITORS	6	121 201		65 550	
Amounts falling due within one year	D	<u>131,281</u>		65,558	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,370,559		811,977
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			1,512,336		958,079
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			27,333		41,241
NET ASSETS			1 495 003		016 020
NEI ASSEIS			1,485,003		916,838
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			85,000		85,000
Capital redemption reserve			15,000		15,000
Retained earnings			1,385,003		816,838
5			<u> </u>		
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			1,485,003		916,838

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on Sep.7:2023...... and were signed on its behalf by:

Grea Wigains	
Greg Wiggins (Sop 7, 2023 11:17 EDT)	
Mr G Wiggins - Director	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Boxlight Group Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in Northern Ireland. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

The presentation currency of the financial statements is the Pound Sterling (£).

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

As noted in the Directors report, the Cost of living crisis has had a significant impact on the global economy. We continue to monitor this ever-evolving situation, and with it the associated risks to the Company. Based on current assessment, there has been some impact to the Company and its operations, however the directors believe that in the short to medium term, and based on the information available, the company will continue to operate as a viable going concern.

Due to its nature, and the large amount of uncertainty involved, it is not possible at this stage, to determine the longer-term implications on the Company.

The Company continues to enjoy the support of Boxlight Corporation for the foreseeable future should the need arise.

As a result of the support from its ultimate parent, and the explanation given on the impact of the 'Cost of living' crisis on the business, the Directors conclude that these financial statements shall be prepared on a going concern basis.

Significant judgements and estimates

In preparing these financial statements the directors have made the following judgements and estimates:

Determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the company's tangible assets. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset and the business in general.

Consider the recoverability of trade debtors and the need for impairment provisions. These considerations are undertaken regularly by the directors, and especially at the year end date. Factors taken into account include historical experience, current market conditions and knowledge of the sector. Amounts identified as irrecoverable will be provided against in the relevant period.

The directors also consider the depreciation rates on an annual basis to ensure there is sufficient evidence to support these and that the estimates remains reasonable.

The Company used to sell hardware with a warranty period. These products are no longer sold by the business effective early 2021. However a provision is included in the financial statements for the anticipated repair costs in respect of the hardware previously sold by the business. The directors have based these costs on the incidence of previous claims and the estimated repair costs.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Perpetual software licences revenue is recognised when the goods have been shipped to the customer, as the risks and rewards of ownership are considered to have been transferred.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property -2% on cost Improvements to property -6.66% on cost Fixtures and fittings -15% on cost Computer equipment -50% on cost

Financial instruments

All financial instruments of the company are considered to meet the definition of basic financial instruments.

- Short term debtors and creditors

Debtors and creditors with no stated interest rate and are receivable or payable on demand are recognised at transaction price, and subject to annual impairment reviews. Any losses arising on impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account.

- Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand.

- Loans and borrowings

All loans and borrowings are initially recorded at the present value of cash payable to the lender in settlement of the liability discounted at the market interest rate. Subsequently loans and borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The computation of amortised cost includes any issue costs, transaction costs and fees, and any discount or premium on settlement, and the effect of this is to amortise these amounts over the expected borrowing period. Loans with no stated interest rate and repayable within one period or on demand are not amortised. Loans and borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the borrower has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the financial period end date.

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

Holiday pay accrual

A liability is recognised to the extent of any unused holiday pay entitlement which has accrued at the balance sheet date and carried forward to future periods. This is measured at the undiscounted salary cost of the future holiday entitlement so accrued at the balance sheet date.

Software development costs

Software development costs are recognised as an intangible asset when all of the following criteria are demonstrated:

- The technical feasibility of completing the software so that it will be available for use or sale.
- The intention to complete the software and use or sell it.
- The ability to use the software or to sell it.
- How the software will generate probable future economic benefits.
- The availability of adequate technical, financial and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the software.
- The ability to measure reliably the expenditure attributable to the software during its development.

Expenditure that does not meet the conditions above is expensed as incurred.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation and reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting end date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation is recognised at present value. When a provision is measured at present value the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 7 (2021 - 9).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		_			
		Freehold property £	Improvements to property £	Fixtures, fittings & equipment £	Computer equipment £	Totals £
	COST	_	_	_		_
	At 1 January 2022					
	and 31 December 2022	186,159	56,296	18,444	39,867	300,766
	DEPRECIATION					
	At 1 January 2022	44,471	51,882	18,444	39,867	154,664
	Charge for year	3,724	601	-	-	4,325
	,					
	At 31 December 2022	48,195	<u>52,483</u>	18,444	39,867	158,989
	NET BOOK VALUE					
	At 31 December 2022	137,964	3,813	_	-	141,777
						
	At 31 December 2021	141,688	4,414			146,102
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALL	ING DUE W	/ITHIN ONE YE	AR		
					31.12.22	31.12.21
					£	£
	Trade debtors				114,012	13,930
	Amounts owed by group undertal	kings			1,139,475	588,495
	Other debtors				11,810	11,309
					1,265,297	613,734
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FA	LINC DIE	MUTUIN AND	V7IP A ID		
υ.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FA	LLING DUE	WITHIN ONE	ILAK	31.12.22	31.12.21
					51.12.22 £	£
	Trade creditors				894	11,625
	Amounts owed to group undertak	ings			-	1,182
	Taxation and social security	6-			92,084	24,928
	Other creditors				38,303	27,823
					131,281	65,558

7. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

Joanne Small (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Baker Tilly Mooney Moore

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

8. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Effective 31 December 2021 the company's ultimate parent company, Boxlight Corporation, entered into a credit agreement with WhiteHawk Finance LLC.

This arrangement included a fixed and floating charge over the land and property of Boxlight Group Ltd.

Due to various factors that may impact on the above guarantees it is not possible to quantify the amounts that could be involved or give any indication as to the timing of when a liability may arise.

9. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

In accordance with FRS102, Section 33 'Related Party Transactions', transactions with other group undertakings owned 100% within the Boxlight Corporation group have not been disclosed in these financial statements, as they will be eliminated on consolidation within the group financial statements of Boxlight Corporation.

10. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent company is Qwizdom Inc which in turn is owned by Boxlight Corporation.

The ultimate parent company and controlling party was Boxlight Corporation, a company incorporated in the USA.

Boxlight Corporation was the parent of the smallest and largest group of which the company was a member and for which group financial statements were prepared. Copies of the consolidated financial statements can be obtained from Boxlight Corporation, PO Box 30043, Boxlight, 1045 Progress Circle, Lawrenceville, Georgia, USA.