Registered number: 11706813

CHADWICK'S MANAGEMENT LTD UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD 1 JANUARY 2020 TO 30 APRIL 2021

CHADWICK'S MANAGEMENT LTD Unaudited Financial Statements For the Period 1 January 2020 to 30 April 2021

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CHADWICK'S MANAGEMENT LTD Balance Sheet As at 30 April 2021

Registered number: 11706813

		30 April 2021		31 December 2019	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	3	1		5,234	
Cash at bank and in hand				11,927	
		1		17,161	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	4	(12,762)		(8,732)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(12,761)		8,429
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			(12,761)		8,429
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(12,761)		8,429
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	5		1		1
Profit and Loss Account			(12,762)		8,428
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		:	(12,761)	:	8,429

For the period ending 30 April 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr David Chadwick

Director **01/09/2020**

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these financial statements.

CHADWICK'S MANAGEMENT LTD Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period 1 January 2020 to 30 April 2021

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Going Concern Disclosure

The directors have identified material uncertainties related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern, however, the going concern basis remains appropriate.

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis even though at the balance sheet date the company had net (liabilities)/assets amounting to (£12,761) 2019: £8,429 and incurred a net profit after tax of £50,810 2019: £35,528.

The directors have concluded that a material uncertainly exists that cast's significant doubt upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern and that, therefore, the company may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

However, the shareholders have expressed their willingness to provide financial support for the next 12 months as from the date of approval of the financial statements in order for the company to meet its current liabilities, therefore the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting.

1.3. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

CHADWICK'S MANAGEMENT LTD Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For the Period 1 January 2020 to 30 April 2021

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 1 (2019: 1)

3. **Debtors**

J. Debtois		
	30 April 2021	31 December 2019
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	-	5,124
Other taxes and social security	-	109
Called up share capital not paid	1	1
	1	5,234
4. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
4. Creditors. Amounts raining Due within One Year	30 April 2021	31 December 2019
	£	£
Corporation tax	11,918	8,493
Director's loan account	844	239
	12,762	8,732
5. Share Capital		
	30 April 2021	31 December 2019
Called Up Share Capital not Paid	1	1
Amount of Allotted, Called Up Share Capital	1	1

6. General Information

CHADWICK'S MANAGEMENT LTD is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 11706813 . The registered office is 12 Princess Street, Maidenhead, Berkshire, SL6 1NX.

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