

Company registration number: 03796762

SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED

Unaudited filleted financial statements

31 March 2021

Robinson Sterling

Chartered Accountants

Taxation, Business & Strategic Planning Consultants

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SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED

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SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED

Directors and other information

Director	Mr K M Wijesuriya
Secretary	Ms Kathleen Douglas
Company number	03796762
Registered office	Shenley Cricket Centre Radlett Lane Shenley Hertfordshire WD7 9DW
Business address	Shenley Cricket Centre Radlett Lane Shenley Hertfordshire WD7 9DW
Accountants	Robinson Sterling 616D Green Lane Ilford Essex IG3 9SE

Bankers

Barclays Bank Plc

Ilford Branch

High Road

Ilford

Essex

SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED

Chartered accountants report to the director on the preparation of the

unaudited statutory financial statements of SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED

Year ended 31 March 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED for the year ended 31 March 2021 which comprise the statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance/>.

This report is made solely to the director of SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED and its director as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED. You consider that SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Robinson Sterling

Chartered Accountants

616D Green Lane

Ilford

Essex

IG3 9SE

15 July 2021

SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED

Statement of financial position

31 March 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	8,218,035	7,955,762
		<u>8,218,035</u>	<u>7,955,762</u>
Current assets			
Stocks		25,700	27,300
Debtors	6	35,081	16,781
Cash at bank and in hand		208,656	18,488
		<u>269,437</u>	<u>62,569</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(6,075,156)	(6,284,865)
Net current liabilities		<u>(5,805,719)</u>	<u>(6,222,296)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>2,412,316</u>	<u>1,733,466</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(2,615,266)	(2,275,373)
Net liabilities		<u>(202,950)</u>	<u>(541,907)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		248	248
Profit and loss account		(203,198)	(542,155)
Shareholders deficit		<u>(202,950)</u>	<u>(541,907)</u>

For the year ending 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial

Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 15 July 2021 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr K M Wijesuriya

Director

Company registration number: 03796762

SHENLEY PARK SPORTS CENTRE LIMITED

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 31 March 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Shenley Cricket Centre, Radlett Lane, Shenley, Hertfordshire, WD7 9DW.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

On 31 March 2021, the companies liabilities exceeded its assets by £202,950. The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, the validity of which depends upon the financial support from the directors. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would arise if this basis was not appropriate.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	20 % reducing balance
Fittings fixtures and equipment	-	20 % reducing balance
Hotel	-	10 % reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 30 (2020: 30).

5. Tangible assets

	Freehold property	Long leasehold property	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Tangible assets - user defined	Total
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Cost						
At 1 April 2020	2,230,512	522,682	175,105	170,716	5,719,092	8,818,107
Additions	-	-	7,579	-	443,227	450,806
At 31 March 2021	2,230,512	522,682	182,684	170,716	6,162,319	9,268,913
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2020	-	-	101,090	110,578	650,679	862,347
Charge for the year	-	-	16,319	9,021	163,191	188,531
At 31 March 2021	-	-	117,409	119,599	813,870	1,050,878
Carrying amount						
At 31 March 2021	2,230,512	522,682	65,275	51,117	5,348,449	8,218,035
At 31 March 2020	2,230,512	522,682	74,015	60,138	5,068,413	7,955,760

6. Debtors

	2021	2020
	£	£
Trade debtors	3,332	6,482
Other debtors	31,749	10,299
	35,081	16,781

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	152,436	199,584
Trade creditors	31,497	36,994
Amounts owed to group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest	3,256,815	2,628,315
Social security and other taxes	-	68,004
Other creditors	2,634,408	3,351,968
	6,075,156	6,284,865

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	2,615,266	2,275,373
	=====	=====

9. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

There were no directors advances during the year ended 31 March 2021.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.