Siba Contracts Limited

Filleted Abridged Accounts

31 January 2023

Siba Contracts Limited

Registered number: 05332074

Abridged Balance Sheet as at 31 January 2023

	Notes		2023		2022
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		377,261		325,322
Command against					
Current assets		000 705		404.000	
Debtors		699,795		484,093	
Cash at bank and in hand	_	198,612		178,634	
		898,407		662,727	
Creditors: amounts falling du	e				
within one year		(377,059)		(426,381)	
N-4	_		504.040		000 040
Net current assets			521,348		236,346
Total assets less current		-		-	
liabilities			898,609		561,668
Creditors: amounts falling du	e				
after more than one year			(17,667)		(5,257)
B			// 0.000		(0.1.4=0)
Provisions for liabilities			(12,233)		(34,450)
Net assets			868,709	_	521,961
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			868,609		521,861
Shareholders' funds		-	868,709	-	521,961
		•		-	

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

The members have agreed to the preparation of abridged accounts for this accounting period in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

Andrew Balmer Director

Approved by the board on 8 October 2023

Siba Contracts Limited Notes to the Abridged Accounts for the year ended 31 January 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The abridged accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost on a reducing balance basis as follows:

Plant and machinery

20% each year

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at

the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2023	2022
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	14	13
3	Tangible fixed assets		
			Total
			£
	Cost		
	At 1 February 2022		725,473
	Additions		132,665
	Disposals		(2,097)
	At 31 January 2023	-	856,041
	Depreciation		
	At 1 February 2022		400,151
	Charge for the year		80,139
	On disposals		(1,510)
	At 31 January 2023	-	478,780
	Net book value		
	At 31 January 2023		377,261
	At 31 January 2022	-	325,322

4 Other information

Siba Contracts Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

Helmsteads

Stephenson Croft Bolton, Appleby Cumbria CA16 6BE

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.