| STOCKSHOP COUNTRY LTD |
|--|
| Company registration number 01784804 (England and Wales) |
| UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS |
| FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021 |
| PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |
| |

| | Page |
|----------------------------------|-------|
| alance sheet | 1 - 2 |
| | |
| otes to the financial statements | 3 - 7 |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| | |

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

| | | 202 | :1 | 2020 | |
|---|-------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | Notes | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 3 | | 544,874 | | 518,499 |
| Investments | 4 | | 2 | | 2 |
| | | | 544,876 | | 518,501 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Stocks | | 452,000 | | 405,000 | |
| Debtors | 5 | 362,412 | | 334,784 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 20,869 | | 105,200 | |
| | | 835,281 | | 844,984 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 6 | (363,800) | | (322,783) | |
| Net current assets | | | 471,481 | | 522,201 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 1,016,357 | | 1,040,702 |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | 7 | | - | | (20,276) |
| Provisions for liabilities | | | (5,768) | | (7,730) |
| Net assets | | | 1,010,589 | | 1,012,696 |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital | 8 | | 2 | | 2 |
| Revaluation reserve | • | | 377,196 | | 386,425 |
| Profit and loss reserves | | | 633,391 | | 626,269 |
| Total equity | | | 1,010,589 | | 1,012,696 |

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2021

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 27 September 2022

Mr M L Rowland Director

Company Registration No. 01784804

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Stockshop Country Ltd is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is Lodge Trading Estate, Broadclyst, Exeter, Devon, EX5 3BS.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 398 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

1.3 Research and development expenditure

Research expenditure is written off against profits in the year in which it is incurred. Identifiable development expenditure is capitalised to the extent that the technical, commercial and financial feasibility can be demonstrated.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold property 2% pa straight line basis
Fixtures, fittings and equipment 25% / 33% pa straight line basis
Motor vehicles 25% pa reducing balance basis

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.5 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entitles are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss

.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

1.6 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

17 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.9 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.10 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.11 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

1.12 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.13 Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable when there is reasonable assurance that the grant conditions will be met and the grants will be received.

A grant that specifies performance conditions is recognised in income when the performance conditions are met. Where a grant does not specify performance conditions it is recognised in income when the proceeds are received or receivable. A grant received before the recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

1.14 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:

| | 2021 Number | 2020 Number |
|-------|----------------|----------------|
| Total | 10 | 13 |

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

| 3 | Tangible fixed assets | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------|---------------|----------|
| | • | | tures, fittings Mandelent | otor vehicles | Total |
| | | £ | £ | £ | £ |
| | Cost or valuation | | | | |
| | At 1 January 2021 | 650,000 | 115,703 | 60,471 | 826,174 |
| | Additions | - | 2,168 | 57,269 | 59,437 |
| | Disposals | - | - | (38,808) | (38,808) |
| | At 31 December 2021 | 650,000 | 117,871 | 78,932 | 846,803 |
| | Depreciation and impairment | | | | |
| | At 1 January 2021 | 182,014 | 79,996 | 45,665 | 307,675 |
| | Depreciation charged in the year | 13,001 | 9,102 | 6,054 | 28,157 |
| | Eliminated in respect of disposals | - | - | (33,903) | (33,903) |
| | At 31 December 2021 | 195,015 | 89,098 | 17,816 | 301,929 |
| | Carrying amount | | | | |
| | At 31 December 2021 | 454,985 | 28,773 | 61,116 | 544,874 |
| | At 31 December 2020 | 467,986 | 35,707 | 14,806 | 518,499 |
| | | | | | |

The freehold buildings were valued in 2007 on an open market basis by a firm of independent Chartered Surveyors.

| | | 2021 £ | 2020 £ |
|-----|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| | Cost Accumulated depreciation | 188,575 (56,580) | 188,575 (52,808) |
| | Carrying value | 131,995 | 135,767 |
| | , , | | |
| 4 F | Fixed asset investments | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | £ | £ |
| 5 | Shares in group undertakings and participating interests | 2 | 2 |
| | | | |

Fixed asset investments not carried at market value

The directors believe that the carrying amounts of financial assets carried at amortised cost in the financial statements approximate to their fair values.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2021

| Trade debtors 350,543 293,177 Other debtors 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,607 11,869 41,807 11,808 11,809 7,750 11,809 11,8 | 5 | Debtors | | | | |
|--|---|--|---------------------------|------------------|-------------------|------------|
| ## Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | | Amounts falling due within one year: | | | | 2020 £ |
| ## Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | | | | | | |
| 6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year Bank loans 20,741 35,571 Trade creditors 115,068 151,125 Amounts owed to group undertakings 11,899 7,750 Corporation tax 43,484 8,705 Other taxation and social security 65,437 114,874 Other creditors 107,171 4,758 Other creditors 2021 2020 2021 2020 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a charge over the property and a debenture over the assets, and a guarantee from the director. 8 Called up share capital 2021 2020 2021 2020 Ordinary share capital 800 100 100 Ordinary share capital 800 100 100 Ordinary share capital 800 100 100 Number Number Number £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ | | | | | | |
| 6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2021 2020 £ | | Other debtors | | | | 41,607 |
| Bank loans 20,741 35,571 | | | | | 362,412 | 334,784 |
| Bank loans 20,741 35,571 | | | | | | |
| Bank loans Trade creditors Trade creditors Amounts owed to group undertakings Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors Total creditors Total credit | 6 | Creditors: amounts falling due within one ye | ear | | 2021 | 2020 |
| Trade creditors 115,068 151,125 Amounts owed to group undertakings 111,899 7,750 Corporation tax 43,484 8,705 Other taxation and social security 65,437 114,874 Other creditors 107,171 4,758 7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a charge over the property and a debenture over the assets, and a guarantee from the director. 8 Called up share capital Ordinary share capital Number Number £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ | | | | | | £ |
| Trade creditors 115,068 151,125 Amounts owed to group undertakings 111,899 7,750 Corporation tax 43,484 8,705 Other taxation and social security 65,437 114,874 Other creditors 107,171 4,758 7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a charge over the property and a debenture over the assets, and a guarantee from the director. 8 Called up share capital Ordinary share capital Number Number £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ | | Bank loans | | | 20.741 | 35.571 |
| Amounts owed to group undertakings 11,899 7,750 Corporation tax 43,484 8,705 Other taxation and social security 65,437 114,874 Other creditors 107,171 4,758 7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans and overdrafts - 20,276 Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a charge over the property and a debenture over the assets, and a guarantee from the director. 8 Called up share capital Called up share capital Page 1 2020 2021 2020 Ordinary share capital Number Number £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ £ | | | | | • | |
| Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors Other taxation and social security Other | | | | | · · | 7,750 |
| Other taxation and social security Other creditors 107,171 4,758 363,800 322,783 7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year Bank loans and overdrafts Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a charge over the property and a debenture over the assets, and a guarantee from the director. 8 Called up share capital Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid | | - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | 8,705 |
| Other creditors 107,171 4,758 363,800 322,783 7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2021 2020 £ Bank loans and overdrafts Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a charge over the property and a debenture over the assets, and a guarantee from the director. 8 Called up share capital Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | |
| 7 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 2021 2020 £ Bank loans and overdrafts Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a charge over the property and a debenture over the assets, and a guarantee from the director. 8 Called up share capital Ordinary share capital Number Number £ Essued and fully paid | | | | | | 4,758 |
| Bank loans and overdrafts Bank loans and overdrafts Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a charge over the property and a debenture over the assets, and a guarantee from the director. Called up share capital Ordinary share capital Number Number £ £ | | | | | 363,800 | 322,783 |
| Bank loans and overdrafts - 20,276 Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a charge over the property and a debenture over the assets, and a guarantee from the director. 8 Called up share capital 2021 2020 2021 2020 Ordinary share capital Number Number £ £ | 7 | Creditors: amounts falling due after more th | an one year | | | |
| Bank loans and overdrafts are secured by way of a charge over the property and a debenture over the assets, and a guarantee from the director. 8 Called up share capital 2021 2020 2021 2020 Ordinary share capital Number Number £ £ Issued and fully paid | | | | | | 2020 £ |
| guarantee from the director. 8 Called up share capital 2021 2020 2021 2020 Ordinary share capital Number Number £ £ £ lssued and fully paid | | Bank loans and overdrafts | | | - | 20,276 |
| 2021 2020 2021 2020 Ordinary share capital Number Number £ £ Issued and fully paid | | | of a charge over the prop | erty and a deben | ture over the ass | ets, and a |
| Ordinary share capital Number Number £ £ £ Issued and fully paid | 8 | Called up share capital | | | | |
| Issued and fully paid | | | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 |
| | | Ordinary share capital | Number | Number | £ | £ |
| Ordinary Shares of £1 each 2 2 2 2 | | Issued and fully paid | | | | |
| | | Ordinary Shares of £1 each | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |

9 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingent liabilities

Stockshop Country Ltd has given an omnibus guarantee and set-off agreement to its bankers secured on amounts held in its bank accounts in respect of all monies due to the bank from Blue Jupiter Limited and Dairy Spares Limited, companies in which the director Mr M L Rowland is also a director.

10 Parent company

In the opinion of the director, the ultimate parent company is Blue Jupiter Limited, a company registered in England and Wales whose controlling party is the director Mr M L Rowland.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.