FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended

31 August 2020



OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

for the year ended 31 August 2020

DIRECTOR

Mr S Marsden

SECRETARY

Mr S Whitford

REGISTERED OFFICE

Stonyhurst College Stonyhurst Clitheroe Lancashire BB7 9PZ

AUDITORS

RSM UK Audit LLP Chartered Accountants 3 Hardman Street Manchester M3 3HF

BANKERS

HSBC Bank plc 69 Pall Mall London SW1Y 5EY

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

for the year ended 31 August 2020

The director has pleasure in submitting his report and financial statements for Stonyhurst College Developments Limited for the year ended 31 August 2020.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITIES

The principal activity of the company continued to be the operating of a swimming pool and lettings on behalf of Stonyhurst College. The company is a subsidiary company of Stonyhurst, a charitable company limited by guarantee.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The trading (loss)/profit for the year after taxation was (£49,395) (2019: £909).

GOING CONCERN

The COVID-19 pandemic is unprecedented and still evolving and therefore brings challenges and uncertainties in terms of income from external lettings and swimming pool use, which is dependent on groups of people being able to visit the Stonyhurst site safely and in line with government guidelines. From mid-March 2020 to the date of approval of these financial statements, it has not been possible to let premises and facilities to external parties.

After having given due consideration to the impact of COVID-19 on the company, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has, through a combination of a gradual uptake of lettings as government guidelines are relaxed, the continuing support of the company's parent for at least 12 months following approval of the financial statements, confirmation that the loan from Stonyhurst of £176,864 (2019: £197,796) will not be demanded within the next 12 months, adequate resources to remain a going concern for the 2020/21 academic year. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and Accounts.

Further details related to the adoption of the going concern basis can be found in the accounting policies on page 9

DIRECTORS

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

Mr S Marsden

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

The director who was in office on the date of approval of these financial statements has confirmed, as far as he is aware, that there is no relevant audit information of which the auditors are unaware. The director has confirmed that he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that it has been communicated to the auditor.

AUDITORS

RSM UK Audit LLP have indicated their willingness to be reappointed for another term and appropriate arrangements have been put in place for them to be deemed reappointed as auditors in the absence of an Annual General Meeting.

Stonyhurst College Developments Limited DIRECTOR'S REPORT

for the year ended 31 August 2020

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

By order of the board

Mr S Marsden

Director

23 August 2021

DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE PREPARATION OF

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2020

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law).

Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing those financial statements, the director is required to:

- a. select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- b. make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- c. prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable him to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF STONYHURST COLLEGE DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Stonyhurst College Developments Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 August 2020 which comprise the income statement, balance sheet and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 August 2020 and of its loss for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice;
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the ISAs (UK) require us to report to you where:

- the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the director has not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties
 that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going
 concern basis of accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the
 financial statements are authorised for issue.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The director is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the director's report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the director's report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF STONYHURST COLLEGE DEVELOPMENTS LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the director's report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- · certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- · we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the director was not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies exemption from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the director's responsibilities statement set out on page 4, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: http://www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

RSM UK Andit LLP

JOHN GUEST (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of RSM UK AUDIT LLP, Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants
3 Hardman Street
Manchester
M3 3HF
24 August 2021

Stonyhurst College Developments Limited INCOME STATEMENT

for the year ended 31 August 2020

TURNOVER	Notes	2020 £ 187,038	2019 £ 358,342
Cost of sales		(230,275)	(348,829)
GROSS PROFIT		(43,237)	9,513
Administrative expenses		(225)	(873)
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS)	2	(43,462)	8,640
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(5,933)	(7,731)
(LOSS)/PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION		(49,395)	909
Taxation			-
(LOSS)/PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	=	(49,395)	909

Turnover and operating loss for the year arises from the company's continuing operations.

BALANCE SHEET

As at 31 August 2020

FIXED ASSETS	6	2020 £	2019 £
TIMES AGGETG	_		
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	7 ·	6,061	95,491 6,647
		6,061	102,138
CURRENT LIABILITIES Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	8_	(14,500)	(39,402)
NET CURRENT (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS	_	(8,439)	62,736
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		(8,439)	62,736
CREDITORS Amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(161,516)	(183,296)
NET LIABILITIES		(169,955)	(120,560)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up equity share capital Profit and loss account	-	3 (169,958)	3 (120,563)
	_	(169,955)	(120,560)
	_		

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements on pages 7 to 16 were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 23 August 2021and are signed on their behalf by:

Mr S Marsden Director

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

for the year ended 31 August 2020

GENERAL INFORMATION

Stonyhurst College Developments Limited is a private limited company domiciled and incorporated in England.

The address of the Company's registered office and principal place of business is: Stonyhurst College Stonyhurst Clitheroe Lancashire BB7 9PZ

The principal activity of the company continued to be the operating of a swimming pool and lettings on behalf of Stonyhurst College. The company is a subsidiary company of Stonyhurst, a charitable company limited by guarantee.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102"), the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime, and under the historical cost convention. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

GOING CONCERN

The COVID-19 pandemic is unprecedented and still evolving and therefore brings challenges and uncertainties in terms of income from external lettings and swimming pool use, which is dependent on groups of people being able to visit the Stoynhurst site safely and in line with government guidelines.

After having given due consideration to the impact of COVID-19 on the company, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has, through a combination of a gradual uptake of lettings as government guidelines are relaxed, the continuing support of the parent company for at least 12 months from the date of signing and confirmation that the loan from Stonyhurst of £176,864 (2019: £197,796) will not be demanded within the next 12 months, adequate resources to remain a going concern for at least 12 months from the date of signing these accounts. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the Annual Report and Accounts.

TURNOVER

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for sale of goods and services in the ordinary nature of the business. Turnover is shown net of Value Added Tax, of goods and services provided to customers and, in the case of long term contracts, credit is taken appropriate to the stage of completion when the outcome of the contract can be ascertained with reasonable certainty.

SWIMMING CLUB INCOME

Swimming club income is accounted for on a cash received basis, as it is non-refundable, and the impact of accounting for it on accruals basis is not material to the financial statements.

RETIREMENT BENEFITS

The company operates a defined contribution scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

for the year ended 31 August 2020

TAXATION

The tax expense represents the sum of the current tax expense and the deferred tax expense. Current tax assets are recognised when the tax paid exceeds the tax payable.

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from total comprehensive income because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods. Current tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax is not discounted.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised in respect of all timing differences that exist at the reporting date. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income that arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in different periods from their recognition in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered by the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Current and deferred tax is charged or credited in profit or loss when the tax follows the transaction or event it relates to and is also charged or credited to other comprehensive income.

Current tax assets and current tax liabilities and deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset, if and only if, there is a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and the entity intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102, in full, to all of its financial instruments.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument, and are offset only when the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Financial assets

Trade debtors

Trade debtors which are receivable within one year are initially measured at the transaction price. Trade debtors are subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled and any impairment losses.

A provision for impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the amounts due will not be collected according to the original terms of the contract. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss for the excess of the carrying value of the trade debtor over the present value of the future cash flows discounted using the original effective interest rate. Subsequent reversals of an impairment loss that objectively relate to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognised, are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

for the year ended 31 August 2020

Financial liabilities and equity

Financial instruments are classified as liabilities and equity instruments according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the Company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Equity instruments

Financial instruments classified as equity instruments are recorded at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of direct costs of issuing the equity instruments.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors payable within one year are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost, being the transaction price less any amounts settled.

Derecognition of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset is derecognised only when the contractual rights to cash flows expire or are settled, or substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to another party, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party. A financial liability (or part thereof) is derecognised when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expires.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND AREAS OF JUDGEMENT

The directors believe that estimates and assumptions do not have a significant risk of causing a material difference to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2020

1 TURNOVER

Turnover represents amounts invoiced during the current and prior year excluding value added tax. All activities are classed as continuing and all turnover is derived from the UK. During the year the Company had two principal areas of activity - operating a swimming pool and lettings.

2 OPERATING LOSS

3

Operating profit is stated after charging:

Operating profit is stated after charging:		
	2020 £	2019 £
Auditor's remuneration - audit of the financial statements	4,200	3,700
Fees payable to RSM UK Audit LLP and its associates in respect of are as follows:	of both audit and non-au	udit services
	2020 £	2019 £
Audit services – statutory audit of the company Other services: Taxation compliance services All other non-audit services	4,200 1,300 - - 5,000	3,700 1,300 1,575 ———————————————————————————————————
INTEREST PAYABLE	2020 £	2019 £
Interest payable to Stonyhurst	5,152	7,731

Stonyhurst College Developments Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2020

	EMPLOYEES	2020 Number	2019 Number
	The average monthly number of persons employed by the company	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	110111001
	during the year was: Management	-	_
	Administration		-
	Swimming pool	6	9
		6	9
		2020	2019
		£	· £
	The aggregate payroll costs for these persons were:	04 620	129 900
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	94,620 6,463	128,800 10,651
	Other pension costs	5,491	4,474
		106,574	143,925
5	None of the directors that held office in the period received any remur provided to the company. TAXATION ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES		
	(a) Analysis of shares in the years		
	(a) Analysis of charge in the year:	2020	2019
	Current tax:	£	£
	In respect of the year: UK Corporation tax based on the results for the year at 19% (2019 -		
		_	_
	19%)	-	-
		- . ————	<u> </u>
	19%)	- 	- - -
	19%) Total current tax	- - - -	- - - -
	19%) Total current tax Deferred tax	-	-
	19%) Total current tax Deferred tax	-	
	Total current tax Deferred tax Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities (b) Factors affecting current tax charge The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is low	- - - - wer than the stand	- - - - dard rate of
	Total current tax Deferred tax Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities (b) Factors affecting current tax charge	- - - - - - ver than the stand	- - - dard rate of
	Total current tax Deferred tax Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities (b) Factors affecting current tax charge The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is low corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%), as explained below	2020 £	2019 £
	Total current tax Deferred tax Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities (b) Factors affecting current tax charge The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is low	2020	2019
	Total current tax Deferred tax Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities (b) Factors affecting current tax charge The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is low corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%), as explained below	2020 £	2019 £
	Total current tax Deferred tax Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities (b) Factors affecting current tax charge The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is low corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%), as explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax	2020 £	2019 £
	Total current tax Deferred tax Tax on (loss)/profit on ordinary activities (b) Factors affecting current tax charge The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is low corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2019 - 19%), as explained below Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation Profit on ordinary activities by rate of tax Effects of:	2020 £ (49,395)	2019 £ 909

Stonyhurst College Developments Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2020

6	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS	School land and buildings	Total
	Cost Brought forward Additions Disposals	£ -	£
	As at 31 August 2020	·	
	Depreciation Brought forward Charge for the year Disposals	 -	-
	As at 31 August 2020		
	As at 31 August 2020		
	As at 31 August 2019	•	-
7	DEBTORS		
	Trade debtors Other debtors	2020 £ - -	2019 £ 76,146 19,345 95,491
8	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within one year		-
	Amounts owed to Stonyhurst Trade creditors Other taxation	2020 £ 14,500 - -	2019 £ 14,500 24,439 463
		14,500	39,402
9	CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after more than one year		<u> </u>
		2020 £	2019 £
	Amounts owed to Stonyhurst	161,516	183,296
	The amount owed to Stonyhurst is unsecured and is to be repaid wit	h a fixed interest rate	of 6%, or the

The amount owed to Stonyhurst is unsecured and is to be repaid with a fixed interest rate of 6%, or the bank base rate if this is higher.

Stonyhurst College Developments Limited NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 31 August 2020

for	the year ended 31 August 2020				
10	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS				
	The carrying amount of the Company's financial instruments at 31 August were:				
		2020 £	2019 £		
	Financial assets: Debt instruments measured at amortised cost		76,146 		
	Financial liabilities: Measured at amortised cost	176,017 ———	222,235 		
	Debt instruments measured at amortised cost include trade debtors. Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost include trade creditors and	I amounts owed	d to group		
•	undertakings.				
11	SHARE CAPITAL				
		2020 £	2019 £		
	Authorised: 100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100		
		2020 £	2019 £		
	Allotted, called up and fully paid: 3 Ordinary shares of £1 each	3	3		
12	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS				
		2020 £	2019 £		
	Profit/(loss) for the financial year Opening shareholders' deficit	(49,395) (120,560)	909 (121,469)		
	Closing shareholders' deficit	(169,955)	(120,560)		
13	PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT				
		2020	2019		
	Profit/(loss) for the financial year Profit and loss account brought forward	£ (49,395) (120,563)	£ 909 (121,472)		
	Profit and loss account carried forward	(169,958)	(120,563)		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 August 2020

14 ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The controlling party is the Governing Body of Stonyhurst, a company limited by guarantee and a registered charity.

Stonyhurst owns the full share capital.

15 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND TRANSACTIONS WITH DIRECTORS

The shares of the company are held by Stonyhurst (Company No 06632303) and Registered Charity No 1127929. Stonyhurst Developments College Ltd paid back £21,779 (2019: £59,888). The balance outstanding as at 31 August 2020 was £176,017 (2019: £197,796).

16 RETIREMENT BENEFITS

Defined contribution scheme	2020	2019
	£	£
Contributions payable by the company for the year	5,491	4,474

17 POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

The Coronavirus disease (Covid-19) pandemic has had an operational impact on the company since mid-March 2020. Further details of how the company is managing this are set out under the Going Concern section of Accounting Policies.