Registered number: NI011061

K Hughes & Co. Limited

Annual Report

for the year ended 31 December 2011

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Company Information

Directors

Kevin Hughes Kieran Hughes

Company secretary

Emmet Hughes

Company number

NI011061

Registered office

118 Trewmount Road

Dungannon Tyrone BT71 7EF

Independent auditors

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

32 Linen Green Dungannon Tyrone BT71 7HB

Bankers

First Trust Bank Limited

18 - 20 Scotch Street

Dungannon Tyrone BT70 1AR

Solicitors

P A Duffy & Company

5 – 7 Irish Street Dungannon Tyrone BT70 1JW

Contents

	Page
Directors' report	1 - 3
Independent auditors' report	4 - 5
Profit and loss account	6
Balance sheet	7
Cash flow statement and reconciliation of net cashflow to movement in net debt	8
Notes to the financial statements	9 - 19

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2011

The directors present their report and the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2011.

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' report and the audited financial statements of the company in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare audited financial statements of the company for each financial year. Under that law the directors have prepared the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the audited financial statements of the company on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the audited financial statements of the company comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Principal activities

The company's principal activities during the year was that of the growing, processing and marketing of mushrooms, general haulage and rental income from investment properties.

Business review

The directors consider the results for the year and the position of the company at the year end to be satisfactory. The company will continue to seek every opportunity to increase profitable turnover. The directors are committed to long term creation of shareholder value by increasing the company's market share through organic growth.

Principle risks and uncertanities

The management of the business and the execution of the company's strategy are subject to a number of risks. The key business risks and uncertainties affecting the company are considered to relate to competition and maintaining a continuous flow of mushrooms for resale.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2011

Key performance indicators

The company's key performance indicators are as follows:

	2011	2010	2009
Gross profit margin	8.5%	9.3%	9.5%
Movement in sales	21.9%	(5.29%)	6.06%
Net profit before tax margin	3.6%	3.6%	3.6%

Environment

The company recognises its corporate responsibility to carry out its operations whilst minimising environmental impacts. The directors' continued aim is to comply with all applicable environmental legislation, prevent pollution and reduce waste wherever possible.

Health and safety

The company is committed to achieving the highest practicable standards in health and safety management and strives to make its sites and offices safe environments for employees and customers alike.

Human resources

The company's most important resource is its people, their knowledge and experience is crucial to meeting customer requirements. Retention of key staff is critical and the company has invested increasingly in employment and development.

Financial risk management

The company's operations expose it to some financial risks which include the effects of foreign exchange interest, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. Given the size of the company, the directors have not delegated the reponsibility for monitoring financial risk management to a sub-committee of the board. The policies set by the board of directors are implemented by the company's finance department.

Price Risk

The compnay is exposed to commodity price risk as a result of its operations. However, given the size of the company's operations, the costs of managing exposure to commodity price risk exceed any potential benefits. The directors will revisit the appropriateness of this policy should the company's operations chnage in size or nature. The company has no exposure to equity securities price risk as it holds no listed or other equity investments.

Liquidity risk

The company actively maintains a mixture of long-term and short-term debt finance that is designed to ensure the company has sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansions.

Interest rate cash flow risk

The company has interest bearing liabilities. The company has a policy of maintaining debt at a competitive rate to ensure a reasonable degree of certainty over future interest cash flows. The directors will revisit the appropriateness of this policy should the company's operations change in size or nature.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2011

Results and dividends

The profit for the year, after taxation, amounted to £488,661 (2010 - £400,685).

No interim dividends (2010: £84,000) were paid during the year. The directors do not recommend the payment of a final dividend £Nil (2010: £Nil).

Directors

The directors who served during the year and up to the date of signing the financial statements were:

Kevin Hughes Kieran Hughes

Political and charitable contributions

The company made no charitable or political donations during the year (2010: £Nil)

Land and buildings

There is no material difference between the value of the land and buildings at the balance sheet date and their open market value.

Statement of disclosure of information to Independent auditors

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as that director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors
 are unaware, and
- that director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any information needed by the company's auditors in connection with preparing their report and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Independant auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board on 19 June 2012 and signed on its behalf.

Emmet Hughes Secretary

Independent auditors' report to the members of K Hughes & Co. Limited

We have audited the financial statements of K Hughes & Co. Limited for the year ended 31 December 2011 which comprise the Profit and Loss account, the Balance Sheet, the Cash Flow statement and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' responsibilities statement set out on page 1, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

This report including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the company's members as a body in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the directors' report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2011 and of its profit and cash flows for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the members of K Hughes & Co. Limited

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Markin O ManGo Martin O'Hanlon (Senior statutory auditor)

for and on behalf of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

32 Linen Green

Dungannon

Tyrone

BT71 7HB

19 June 2012

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2011

	Note	2011 £	2010 £
Turnover	1,2	17,772,529	14,583,754
Cost of sales		(16,266,515)	(13,228,260)
Gross profit		1,506,014	1,355,494
Distribution costs		(148,958)	(150,890)
Administrative expenses		(636,923)	(601,404)
Other operating income			1,551
Operating profit	3	720,133	604,751
Interest payable and similar charges	6	(80,093)	(82,216)
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation		640,040	522,535
Tax on profit on ordinary activities	7	(151,379)	(121,850)
Profit for the financial year		488,661	400,685

All amounts relate to continuing operations.

The company has no recognised gains and losses other than those included in the results above and therefore no separate statement of total recognised gains and losses has been presented.

There is no material difference between the profit on ordinary activities before taxation and the profit for the financial year stated above, and their historical cost equivalents.

The notes on pages 9 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

K Hughes & Co. Limited Registered number: NI011061

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2011

	Note	£	2011 £	£	2010 £
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	8		1,470,743		1,315,252
Investment property	9		1,869,885		1,869,885
			3,340,628		3,185,137
Current assets					
Stocks	11	86,619		164,028	
Debtors	12	2,907,351		2,782,696	
Cash at bank and in hand		24,588		15,086	
		3,018,558		2,961,810	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	13	(2,699,712)		(2,838,818)	
Net current assets			318,846		122,992
Total assets less current liabilities			3,659,474	•	3,308,129
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	14		(1,299,298)		(1,444,283)
Provisions for liabilities					
Deferred taxation	15		(163,692)		(164,626)
Accruals and deferred income	16		(168,186)		(159,583)
Net assets			2,028,298		1,539,637
Capital and reserves	•				
Called up share capital	17		22,000		22,000
Capital redemption reserve	18		11,000		11,000
Profit and loss account	18		1,995,298		1,506,637
Total shareholders' funds	19		2,028,298		1,539,637

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 19 June 2012.

Kieran Hughes Director

The notes on pages 9 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31 December 2011

	Note	2011 £	2010 £
Net cash flow from operating activities	21	960,884	348,224
Returns on investments and servicing of finance	22	(80,093)	(80,391)
Taxation	•	(162,559)	(111,148)
Capital expenditure and financial investment	22	(286,712)	(88,000)
Equity dividends paid	1	-	(84,000)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) before financing		431,520	(15,315)
Financing	22	(308,049)	(417,508)
Increase/(decrease) in net cash in the year		123,471	(432,823)
Reconciliation of net cash flow to movement in net debt for the year ended 31 December 2011			
		2011 £	2010 £
Increase/(decrease) in net cash in the year		123,471	(432,823)
Cash outflow from decrease in debt and lease financing		308,049	50,871
Movement in net debt in the year		431,520	(381,952)
Net debt at 1 January	•	(2,511,865)	(2,129,913)
Net debt at 31 December		(2,080,345)	(2,511,865)

The notes on pages 9 to 19 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting policies

1.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom, the principal accounting policies, which have been applied consistently throughout the year, are set out below.

1.2 Basis of consolidation

These financial statements contain information about the company as an individual company and do not contain consolidated financial information as the parent undertaking of a group. The company is exempt under the special provisions of Companies Act 2006 from the requirement to prepare consolidated financial statements as the subsidiary company is dormant.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover comprises revenue recognised by the company in respect of goods and services supplied during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax and trade discounts.

1.4 Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold property
Plant and machinery
Motor vehicles

2% Straight line

15% Reducing balance
25% Reducing balance

Office equipment - 20% Straight line

Freehold land is not depreciated

1.5 Investment properties

Investment properties are included in the Balance sheet at their open market value in accordance with Statement of Standard Accounting Practice No.19 and are not depreciated. This treatment is contrary to the Companies Act 2006 which states that fixed assets should be depreciated but is, in the opinion of the directors, necessary in order to give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company.

1.6 Debtors

Debtors are stated after all known bad debts have been written off and specific provision has been made against all debts considered doubtful of collection.

1. Accounting policies (continued)

1.7 Hire purchase

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a "finance lease". The asset is recorded in the balance sheet as a tangible fixed asset and is depreciated over its estimated useful economic life or the term of the lease, whichever is shorter. Future instalments under such leases, net of finance charges, are included within creditors. Rentals payable are apportioned between the finance element, which is charged to the profit and loss account, and the capital element which reduces the outstanding obligation for future instalments.

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as incurred.

1.8 Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads.

1.9 Deferred taxation

Full provision is made for deferred tax assets and liabilities arising from all timing differences between the recognition of gains and losses in the financial statements and recognition in the tax computation.

A net deferred tax asset is recognised only if it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are calculated at the tax rates expected to be effective at the time the timing differences are expected to reverse.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1.10 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate ruling on the date of the transaction.

Exchange gains and losses are recognised in the profit and loss account.

1.11 Government grants

Government grants relating to tangible fixed assets are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the expected useful lives of the assets concerned. Other grants are credited to the profit and loss account as the related expenditure is incurred.

1.12 Pensions

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme and the pension charge represents the amounts payable by the company to the fund in respect of the year.

2. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to growing, processing and marketing of mushrooms, general haulage and rental income from investment properties.

All turnover arose within the United Kingdom.

3. Operating profit

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2011	2010
	. €	£
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets:		
- owned by the company	193,620	145,474
- held under finance leases	-	5,283
Auditors' remuneration	11,500	11,500
Research and development expenditure	15,961	(9,138)
Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets	-	700
Deferred capital grants released	(20,197)	(34,462)

4. Staff costs

5.

Aggregate remuneration

Staff costs, including directors' remuneration, were as follows:

•	2011 £	2010 £
Wages and salaries	773,455	735,496
Social security costs	76,884	73,264
Other pension costs	4,161	4,810
	854,500	813,570

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the year was as follows:

	2011 Number	2010 Number
Production	31	32
Selling and distribution	1	1
Administration	7	7
	39	40
. Directors' remuneration	•	
	2011	2010

99,782

94,450

Retirement benefits are accruing to two (2010:two) of the directors under the defined contribution schemes.

6	Interest	navable	and s	imilar	charges
v.	HILLICAL	payable	allu s	minia	viiai ycə

75,533	£
60	75,762 1,954
4,500	4,500
80,093	82,216
2011 £	2010 £
152,313	103,063
10,440 (11,374)	18,787 -
(934)	18,787
151,379	121,850
	4,500 80,093 2011 £ 152,313 10,440 (11,374) (934)

Factors affecting tax charge for the year

The tax assessed for the year is lower than (2010 - lower than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2010 - 28%). The differences are explained below:

	2011 £	2010 £
Profit on ordinary activities before taxation	640,040	522,535
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 26% (2010 - 28%)	166,410	146,310
Effects of:		
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Accelerated capital allowances and other timing differences Deferred credits Marginal Relief Industrial building allowances treated as a permanent difference	12,245 (15,837) (10,505)	12,568 (18,787) (10,223) (18,643)
due to Finance Act 2007 changes	-	(8,162)
Total current tax (see note above)	152,313	103,063

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

7. Tax on profit on ordinary activities (continued)

Factors that may affect future tax charges

Deferred tax liabilities have not been discounted.

8. Tangible fixed assets

	Freehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Office equipment £	Total £
Cost					
At 1 January 2011 Additions	1,422,668 -	1,796,143 349,111	523,542 -	260,384 -	4,002,737 349,111
At 31 December 2011	1,422,668	2,145,254	523,542	260,384	4,351,848
Accumulated depreciation				•	
At 1 January 2011 Charge for the year	816,738 14,917	1,226,791 137,758	432,285 22,815	211,671 18,130	2,687,485 193,620
At 31 December 2011	831,655	1,364,549	455,100	229,801	2,881,105
Net book value					
At 31 December 2011	591,013	780,705	68,442	30,583	1,470,743
At 31 December 2010	605,930	569,352	91,257	48,713	1,315,252

9. Investment property

Freehold investment properties £

Cost

At 1 January 2011 and 31 December 2011

1,869,885

10. Fixed asset investments

	2011 £	2010 £
Cost at 1 January 2011and 31 December 2011 Amounts written off at 1 January 2011 and 31 December 2011	30,000 (30,000)	30,000 (30,000)
Net book amount	•	-

This represents 100% of the issued share capital of K Hughes Compost (Moy) Limited which was incorporated in Northern Ireland and its principal activity was that of compost making.

A decision was taken during 1999 to close down K Hughes Compost (Moy) Limited due to the irreversible losses being incurred. The investment by K Hughes & Co Limited is considered to be of £Nil value and has been written off together with other irrecoverable inter-company debt.

11. Stocks

		2011 £	2010 £
	Finished goods and goods for resale	86,619	164,028
12.	Debtors		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Trade debtors	2,295,639	. 2,225,491
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	400,111	400,111
	Other debtors	204,355	142,594
	Prepayments and accrued income	7,246	14,500
		2,907,351	2,782,696
13.	Creditors:		
	Amounts falling due within one year		
		2011	2010
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	702,571	816,540
	Other loans	103,064	263,564
	Net obligations under hire purchase contracts	-	2,564
	Trade creditors	1,184,911	1,153,516
	Corporation tax	152,313	162,559
	Other taxation and social scurity Other creditors	18,507	18,501
	Accruals and deferred income	117,566	116,378
	Accidate and deterred income	420,780	305,196
	•	2,699,712	2,838,818
	·		

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

14. Creditors:

Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2011 £	2010 £
Bank loans	1,150,476	1,270,509
Other loans	148,822	173,774
		·
	1,299,298	1,444,283
Included within the above are amounts falling due as follows:		
·	2011	2010
	£	£
Between one and two years		
Bank loans	170,736	170,736
Other loans	103,064	60,944
Between two and five years		
Bank loans	512,208	512,208
Other loans	45,758	112,830
Over five years		
Bank loans	467,532	587,565
•		
Creditors include amounts wholly repayable within 5 years as follows:		
• • • •	2011	2010
	£	£
Repayable by instalments	467,532	587,565

Security

The loans are secured as follows:

- A mortgage debenture incorporating a fixed and floating charge over company assets;
- Legal charge over new factory premises at Trewmount Road, Dungannon; and

The bank loan is repayable over 13 years by quarterly capital and interest repayments at £42,684. Interest is charged a 3 months LiBOR plus 3%. Other loans are repayable at £15,884 per quarter. Interest is charged at 1.5% per annum.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2011

At beginning of year (Released)/charged during/charge for year At end of year The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:	2010 £ 145,839 18,787 164,626
(Released)/charged during/charge for year (934) At end of year 163,692	18,787
	164,626
The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:	
2011 £	2010 £
Accelerated capital allowances 163,692	164,626
16. Accruals and deferred income	
2011 £	2010 £
Grants 168,186	159,583
17. Called up share capital	
2011 £	2010 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid	
22,000 (2010: 22,000) ordinary shares of £1 each 22,000	22,000
18. Reserves	
	Profit and s account
•	1,506,637 488,661
At 31 December 2011 11,000 1	1,995,298

19.	Reconciliation of movement in shareholders' funds		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Opening shareholders' funds Profit for the financial year Dividends (Note 20) Purchase of own shares	1,539,637 488,661 -	1,589,589 400,685 (84,000) (366,637)
	Closing shareholders' funds	2,028,298	1,539,637
20.	Dividends		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Dividends paid on equity capital	-	84,000
21.	Net cash flow from operating activities		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Operating profit Depreciation of tangible fixed assets Loss on disposal of tangible fixed assets Amortisation of government grants Decrease/(increase) in stocks Increase in debtors Increase/(decrease) in creditors	720,133 193,620 - - 77,409 (124,655) 94,377	604,751 150,757 700 (34,462) (61,721) (215,145) (96,656)
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	960,884	348,224
22.	Analysis of cash flows netted in the cash flow statement		
		2011 £	2010 £
	Returns on investments and servicing of finance		
	Interest paid Hire purchase interest	(80,033) (60)	(78,437) (1,954)
	Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance	(80,093)	(80,391)

22. Analysis of cash flows netted in the cash flow statement (continued)

		·	2011 £	2010 £
	Capital expenditure and financial investment			
	Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets		(286,712) -	(88,500) 500
	Net cash outflow from capital expenditure	=	(286,712)	(88,000)
			2011 £	2010 £
	Financing	•	L	L
	•		_	(266 627)
	Purchase of ordinary shares New secured loans		42,485	(366,637)
	Repayment of loans		(347,970)	(45,133)
	Repayment of finance leases		(2,564)	(5,738)
	Net cash outflow from financing	=	(308,049)	(417,508)
23.	Analysis of net debt			
,	•	1 January 2011	Cash flow	31 December 2011
		£	£	£
	Cash at bank and in hand Bank overdraft	15,086 (645,804)	9,502 113,969	24,588 (531,835)
		(630,718)	123,471	(507,247)
	Debt:			
	Finance leases	(2,564)	2,564	_
	Debts due within one year	(434,300)	160,500	(273,800)
	Debts falling due after more than one year	(1,444,283)	144,985	(1,299,298)
	Net debt	(2,511,865)	431,520	(2,080,345)

24. Contingent liabilities

There is a contingent liability to repay certain government grants received under the terms of a letter of offer from Invest NI if the company fails to achieve and maintain the specified conditions. In the opinion of the directors the terms of the letter of offer have been complied with, and no loss is expected.

25. Related party transactions and ultimate controlling party

No one shareholder of the company holds a majority shareholding therefore there is deemed to be no ultimate controlling party.

The company has identified the following transactions, which fall to be disclosed under Financial Reporting Standard 8 "Related Party Disclosures".

K Hughes Compost (Moy) Limited, is a wholly owned subsidiary of K Hughes & Co. Limited.

Transactions with subsidiary company

At 31 December 2011, the parent company was owed £400,111 (2010: £400,111) by its subsidiary, being the result of inter-company trading management income and other amounts paid for on its behalf less payments made by the subsidiary on the parent company's behalf.

The directors of the company are deemed to be related parties due to their position within the company. At the 31 December 2011 the following balances were due (to)/from the company in respect of loans made to the directors, Mr Kieran Hughes, £2,411, (2010: £10,410) and Mr Kevin Hughes, (£1,223), 2010:(£8,776).