

**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 13334663**

**M Kettlewell Properties Ltd**

**Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements**

**31 March 2023**

**M Kettlewell Properties Ltd**

**Financial Statements**

**Year Ended 31 March 2023**

<b>Contents</b>	<b>Page</b>
Chartered Accountants Report to the Director on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements	<b>1</b>
Statement of Financial Position	<b>2</b>
Notes to the Financial Statements	<b>4</b>

# **M Kettlewell Properties Ltd**

## **Chartered Accountants Report to the Director on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of M Kettlewell Properties Ltd**

### **Year Ended 31 March 2023**

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of M Kettlewell Properties Ltd for the year ended 31 March 2023, which comprise the statement of financial position and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us. As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at [www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance](http://www.icaew.com/en/membership/regulations-standards-and-guidance). This report is made solely to the director of M Kettlewell Properties Ltd in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 19 October 2022. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of M Kettlewell Properties Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to you in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF as detailed at [www.icaew.com/compilation](http://www.icaew.com/compilation). To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than M Kettlewell Properties Ltd and its director for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that M Kettlewell Properties Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of M Kettlewell Properties Ltd. You consider that M Kettlewell Properties Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year. We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of M Kettlewell Properties Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

WYATT & CO Chartered Accountants

125 Main Street Garforth Leeds LS25 1AF

5 December 2023

# M Kettlewell Properties Ltd

## Statement of Financial Position

31 March 2023

	Note	2023 £	2022 £
<b>Fixed Assets</b>			
Tangible assets	4	250,000	250,000
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Cash at bank and in hand		2,268	2,075
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	5	13,523	2,298
<b>Net Current Liabilities</b>		11,255	223
<b>Total Assets Less Current Liabilities</b>		238,745	249,777
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	6	227,358	246,270
<b>Net Assets</b>		11,387	3,507
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account		11,386	3,506
<b>Shareholders Funds</b>		11,387	3,507

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

## **M Kettlewell Properties Ltd**

### **Statement of Financial Position *(continued)***

**31 March 2023**

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 5 December 2023 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

M A Kettlewell

Director

Company registration number: 13334663

# **M Kettlewell Properties Ltd**

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

**Year Ended 31 March 2023**

### **1. General Information**

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 6 Raynville Road, Leeds, LS12 2TF.

### **2. Statement of Compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

### **3. Accounting Policies**

#### **Basis of Preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### **Revenue Recognition**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### **Income Tax**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

## **Tangible Assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

## **Investment Property**

Investment property is initially recorded at cost, which includes purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment property is revalued to its fair value at each reporting date and any changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

## **Impairment of Fixed Assets**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

## **Financial Instruments**

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

#### 4. Tangible Assets

	<b>Freehold property £</b>
<b>Cost</b>	
<b>At 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023</b>	250,000
	-----
<b>Depreciation</b>	
<b>At 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023</b>	-----
<b>Carrying amount</b>	
<b>At 31 March 2023</b>	250,000
	-----
At 31 March 2022	250,000
	-----

Included within the above is investment property as follows:

	<b>£</b>
	-----
<b>At 1 April 2022 and 31 March 2023</b>	250,000
	-----

As the investment property was acquired during the year, no formal revaluation has been undertaken at the year end. In the opinion of the director, the purchase price is a fair value of the property at the year end.

#### 5. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	<b>2023</b>	2022
	<b>£</b>	£
Corporation tax	1,848	823
Other creditors	11,675	1,475
	-----	-----
	13,523	2,298
	-----	-----



**6. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year**

	<b>2023</b>	<b>2022</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Other creditors	227,358	246,270
	-----	-----

**7. Director's Advances, Credits and Guarantees**

During the year, the director made a loan to the company. The opening balance we £246,270 and the closing and highest balance was £236,958. The loan was interest free and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.