

**DMV CONSULTANCY LTD  
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE PERIOD 1 DECEMBER 2019 TO 30 APRIL 2021**

**DMV Consultancy Ltd**  
**Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**For the Period 1 December 2019 to 30 April 2021**

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**DMV Consultancy Ltd**  
**Balance Sheet**  
**As at 30 April 2021**

Registered number: SC491687

		<b>30 April 2021</b>		<b>30 November 2019</b>	
	<b>Notes</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>FIXED ASSETS</b>					
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>					
Debtors	<b>4</b>	10,400		41,105	
Cash at bank and in hand		22,332		154	
		32,732		41,259	
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year</b>	<b>5</b>	(9,358 )		(10,425 )	
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)</b>			23,374		30,834
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>			23,374		30,834
<b>NET ASSETS</b>			23,374		30,834
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>					
Called up share capital	<b>6</b>		200		100
Profit and Loss Account			23,174		30,734
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</b>			23,374		30,834

**DMV Consultancy Ltd**  
**Balance Sheet (continued)**  
**As at 30 April 2021**

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For the period ending 30 April 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

**Director's responsibilities**

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

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**Mrs Diane Margaret Vivienne Fraser**

Director

**18th February 2022**

The notes on pages 4 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

**DMV Consultancy Ltd**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**For the Period 1 December 2019 to 30 April 2021**

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**1. Accounting Policies**

**1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

**1.2. Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

**Sale of goods**

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

**Rendering of services**

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

**1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation**

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Computer Equipment	33% straight line
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**1.4. Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

**2. Average Number of Employees**

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: NIL (2019: NIL)

**DMV Consultancy Ltd**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For the Period 1 December 2019 to 30 April 2021**

**3. Tangible Assets**

	<b>Computer Equipment £</b>
<b>Cost</b>	
As at 1 December 2019	260
As at 30 April 2021	260
<b>Depreciation</b>	
As at 1 December 2019	260
As at 30 April 2021	260
<b>Net Book Value</b>	
As at 30 April 2021	-
As at 1 December 2019	-

**4. Debtors**

	<b>30 April 2021</b>	<b>30 November 2019</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Due within one year</b>		
Trade debtors	10,400	41,048
Other debtors	-	57
	10,400	41,105

**5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year**

	<b>30 April 2021</b>	<b>30 November 2019</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Corporation tax	-	2,979
Director's loan account	9,358	7,446
	9,358	10,425

**6. Share Capital**

	<b>30 April 2021</b>	<b>30 November 2019</b>
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	200	100

**DMV Consultancy Ltd**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For the Period 1 December 2019 to 30 April 2021**

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**7. Dividends**

	<b>30 April 2021</b>	<b>30 November 2019</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>On equity shares:</b>		
Final dividend paid	2,000	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	<b>2,000</b>	<b>-</b>
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**8. General Information**

DMV Consultancy Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in Scotland, registered number SC491687 . The registered office is 16 Blackford Hill Grove, Edinburgh, EH9 3HA.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.