Company Registration number NI 055590

KER Graphics Limited

Abbreviated Accounts

For the year ended 31 August 2010

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Financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2010

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Abbreviated balance sheet as at 31 August 2010

	<u>Notes</u>	2010	2009
	110100	<u> </u>	$\frac{2005}{\pounds}$
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	2	50,000	60,000
Tangible assets	2	78,632	74,189
	2	128,632	134,189
Current assets			
Stock		8,730	8,000
Debtors		100,973	103,392
Cash at bank and in hand		173,382	110,529
		283,085	221,921
Creditors amounts falling due within one year		(116,718)	(111.626)
Net current assets		166,367	110,295
Total assets less current liabilities		294,999	244.484
Creditors. amounts falling due after more than one year		(130,904)	(113,744)
Provision for liabilities		(11,722)	(9,623)
		152,373	121,117
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	2	2
Profit and loss account		152,371	121,115
Shareholders' funds		152,373	121,117

Abbreviated balance sheet as at 31 August 2010 (continued)

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions available to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

For the financial year ended 31 August 2010 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 Companies Act 2006 No member of the company has deposited a notice, pursuant to section 476, requiring an audit of these financial statements under the requirements of the Companies Act 2006

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 386 of the Act and for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the company

and of directors on 25/2/11

and signed on its behalf

Russell Robinson - Director

Company Registration No. NI 055590

Notes to the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 31 August 2010

1 Accounting policies

a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis of accounting and have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008)

The company has taken advantage of the exemption, conferred by Financial Reporting Standard 1, from presenting a cash flow statement as it qualifies as a small company

b) Turnover

Turnover represents net invoiced sales of goods and services, excluding value added tax

c) Depreciation of tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the full cost or valuation less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life. The principal rates in use are

Leasehold property

Over the period of the lease

Equipment, fixtures and fittings

20% straight line

Plant and machinery

10% straight line

d) Goodwill

Goodwill representing the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of the net assets of undertakings acquired is capitalised in the balance sheet and is amortised by equal annual instalments over the expected useful economic life of 10 years

e) Stocks

Stock and work in progress is valued at the lower of cost and estimated net realisable value

Cost of raw materials is determined on the first in first out basis. In the case of work in progress and finished goods, cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on the normal level of activity. Net realisable value is the price at which the stock can be released in the normal course of business, less further costs to completion of sale.

f) Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is provided in respect of the tax effect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date

A deferred tax asset is regarded as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured on a [discounted\nondiscounted] basis, at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Notes to the abbreviated accounts for the year ended 31 August 2010 (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

g) Operating lease transactions

Assets acquired under hire purchase agreements and finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet and are depreciated in accordance with the company's normal policy. The outstanding liabilities under such agreements less interest not yet due are included in creditors. Interest on such agreements is charged to the profit and loss account over the term of each agreement and represents a constant proportion of the balance of capital repayments outstanding.

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account as they fall due

h) Pension scheme

Contributions to defined contribution pension arrangements are charged to the profit and loss account as they fall due

2 Fixed assets

		Intangible fixed <u>assets</u> £	Tangible fixed <u>assets</u> £	<u>Total</u> ₤
	Cost At 1 September 2009 Additions	100,000	117,995 19,452	217,995 19,452
	At 31 August 2010	100,000	137,447	237,447
	Depreciation At 1 September 2009 Provision for the year	40,000 10,000	43,806 15,009	83,806 25,009
	At 31 August 2010	50,000	58,815	108,815
	Net book value. At 31 August 2010	50,000	78,632	128,632
	At 31 August 2009	60,000	74,189	134,189
3	Called-up share capital			
			<u>2010</u> €	<u>2009</u> £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid Equity shares:			
	Class A shares of £1 each Class B shares of £1 each		1 1 2	$-\frac{1}{2}$