UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2022 FOR ACYTAR LIMITED

Magma Audit LLP Magma House 16 Davy Court Castle Mound Way Rugby CV23 0UZ

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ACYTAR LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION for the year ended 30 April 2022

REGISTERED OFFICE:

Exhall Works
Blackhorse Road
Exhall
Coventry
West Midlands
CV7 9FW

REGISTERED NUMBER:

07663669

ACCOUNTANTS:

Rugby CV23 0UZ

BALANCE SHEET 30 April 2022

		2022	2021
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	4	243	487
Investments	5	365,971	-
Investment property	6	1,450,000	1,250,000
		1,816,214	1,250,487
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	7	440,911	470,178
Cash at bank		311,096	580,383
		752,007	1,050,561
CREDITORS			
Amounts falling due within one year	8	(51,695)	(40,563)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		700,312	1,009,998
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			
LIABILITIES		2,516,526	2,260,485
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	9	(112,372)	(52,587)
NET ASSETS	v	2,404,154	2,207,898
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		2,849	2,849
Retained earnings		2,401,305	2,205,049
Netained earnings		2,404,154	2,207,898
		<u></u>	2,201,090

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 April 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and Loss Account has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 14 April 2023 and were signed by:

D M Taylor - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY for the year ended 30 April 2022

	Called up share capital £	Retained earnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 May 2020	2,849	2,174,332	2,177,181
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 30 April 2021	-	(30,000)	(30,000)
	-	60,717	60,717
	2,849	2,205,049	2,207,898
Changes in equity Dividends Total comprehensive income Balance at 30 April 2022	-	(7,750)	(7,750)
	-	204,006	204,006
	2,849	2,401,305	2,404,154

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 April 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Acytar Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number is 07663669 and registered office address is Exhall Works, Blackhorse Road, Exhall, Coventry, Warwickshire, CV7 9FW.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

Turnover

Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical costs includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using either a straight line or reducing balance method, as indicated below.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery - 12.5% straight line
Fixtures and fittings - 20% straight line
Computer equipment - 33% straight line
Motor vehicles - 25% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

Investment property

The company classifies land and buildings as investment property when it is held to earn rentals or for capital appreciation, or both. Investment properties are initially measured at cost, which comprises the purchase price and any directly attributable expenditure. Investment properties are subsequently remeasured to fair value at each reporting date with changes in fair value recognised in the profit and loss account.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments in listed company shares are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the profit or loss account.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 April 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in non-puttable ordinary shares.

(i) Financial assets

Basic financial assets, including trade and other debtors, cash and bank balances are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Such assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

(ii) Financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other creditors are initially recognised at transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax.

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the Balance Sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Both current and deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 2 (2021 - 2).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

		LIXIUIGS		
	Plant and machinery	and fittings	Motor vehicles	Totals
	£	£	£	£
COST				
At 1 May 2021				
and 30 April 2022	1,952	3,433	4,125	9,510
DEPRECIATION			1,120	
			4 44-	
At 1 May 2021	1,465	3,433	4,125	9,023
Charge for year	244	-	-	244
At 30 April 2022	1,709	3,433	4,125	9,267
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 30 April 2022	243_	_	-	243
	407			
At 30 April 2021	487_			487

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 April 2022

5.	FIXED ASSET INVESTMENTS	
		Other
		investments
		£
	COST OR VALUATION	400 400
	Additions	469,428
	Disposals	(84,377)
	Revaluations	<u>(19,080)</u> 365,971
	At 30 April 2022 NET BOOK VALUE	
	At 30 April 2022	365,971
	At 30 April 2022	
6.	INVESTMENT PROPERTY	
		Total
		£
	COST OR VALUATION	
	At 1 May 2021	1,250,000
	Revaluations	200,000
	At 30 April 2022	1,450,000
	NET BOOK VALUE	
	At 30 April 2022	<u>1,450,000</u>
	At 30 April 2021	<u>1,250,000</u>
	Cost or valuation at 30 April 2022 is represented by:	
	M 1 - C - 1 - 0040	£
	Valuation in 2012	390,426
	Valuation in 2017	450,000 400,574
	Valuation in 2018 Valuation in 2022	409,574
	valuation in 2022	200,000
		<u>1,450,000</u>

The investment property owned by the company was valued on an open market basis on 21 March 2022 by Holt Commercial Limited, a Chartered Surveyor and RICS member. The comparable historic cost is £409,574 (2022: £409,574).

The directors have considered the valuation as at 30 April 2022, on an open market basis, and consider the values to be in line with the valuation undertaken in the year.

7. DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade debtors	14,101	5,036
Other debtors	411,042	425,886
Directors' current accounts	11,950	33,386
Prepayments	3,818	5,870
	440,911	470,178

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the year ended 30 April 2022

8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Trade creditors	2,173	7,388
	Tax	19,991	15,103
	VAT	10,524	6,304
	Accruals and deferred income	19,007	11,768
		51,695	40,563
9.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	Deferred tax	112,372	52,587
			Deferred tax £
	Balance at 1 May 2021		52,587
	Charge to Profit and Loss Account during year		59,785
	Balance at 30 April 2022		112,372
	Bulanco at 00 April 2022		

10. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

The following advances and credits to a director subsisted during the years ended 30 April 2022 and 30 April 2021:

	2022	2021
	£	£
D M Taylor		
Balance outstanding at start of year	33,386	(4,114)
Amounts advanced	20,000	67,500
Amounts repaid	(41,436)	(30,000)
Amounts written off	-	-
Amounts waived	-	-
Balance outstanding at end of year	<u>11,950</u>	33,386

The maximum amount overdrawn during the year was £48,386 (2021: £58,386). No interest has been charged in the year.

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the year purchases were made from companies with common directorship amounting to £84,482 (2021:£66,690) and sales amounting to £67,949 (2021:£222,568). At the year end £294,575 (2021:£294,421) was due from these companies and are accounted for within debtors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.