Company registration number: 03646898

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMEN
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 MARCH 2020

BIANCO SALE LIMITED



COMPANY INFORMATION

Director A J Sale

Company secretary L J Sale

Registered number 03646898

Registered office Lynton House

7-12 Tavistock Square

London WC1H9LT

Accountants Menzies LLP

Chartered Accountants Centrum House 36 Station Road

Egham Surrey TW20 9LF

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Statement of financial position

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Notes to the financial statements

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REGISTERED NUMBER:03646898

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

	Note		2020 £	
Fixed assets				
Tangible assets	4		53,208	
			53,208	
Current assets				
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	982,049		654,699
Cash at bank and in hand		111,524		85,716
		1,093,573		740,415
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(681,427)		(597,041)
Net current assets			412,146	
Total assets less current liabilities			465,354	
Creditors: due after more than one year	8		(68,979)	
Provisions for liabilities				
Deferred tax	10	(11,072)		(11,072)
			(11,072)	
Net assets			385,303	
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital			100	
Profit and loss account			385,203	
			385,303	

REGISTERED NUMBER:03646898

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED) AS AT 31 MARCH 2020

The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not requestion an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records a financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of income and retained earnings in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

A J Sale

Director

Date: 30 March 2021

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

1. General information

Bianco Sale Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The address of the principle place of business i Jarvis Road, Croydon, Surrey, CR2 6HU.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest £.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting polic with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland a 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

The emergence and spread of COVID-19 in 2020 and the associated social distancing measures and imposed travel restrictions have businesses globally.

Whilst COVID-19 has impacted the company, given the current uncertainties that exist regarding the duration and extent of the pandemic possible to reliably forecast the extent of this impact.

In response to the pandemic and uncertainty, the director has taken measures in order to safeguard cashflow, customers and supply should enable them to continue in operational existence. Therefore, it is the director's opinion that the going concern basis of preparappropriate.

2.3 Turnover

Turnover, generated through engineering consultant work, is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding dis added tax and other sales taxes.

2.4 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

2.5 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liabil financial position. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to a expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the statement of financia that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered aga deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferre the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences betw liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been en enacted by the reporting date.

2.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of op intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Motor vehicles Fixtures and fittings Office equipment

- 25% on a straight line basis per annum
- 25% on a straight line basis per annum
- 25% on a straight line basis per annum

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.8 Provisions for liabilities

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settl economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured the statement of financial position date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertaint

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the statement of financial position.

2.9 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like transactions, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 15 (2019 - 14).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

4. Tangible fixed assets

Cost or valuation

At 1 April 2019

Additions

At 31 March 2020

Depreciation

At 1 April 2019

Charge for the year on owned assets

Prepayments and accrued income

At 31 March 2020

Net book value

At 31 March 2020

At 31 March 2019

5. Debtors

£

42,649

2020

Trade debtors 331,038
Other debtors 608,362

982,049

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

6. Transactions with directors

Included within other debtors are the following advances and credits to directors which subsisted during the year ended 31 March 2020 and the 2019.

	2020	2019
	£	£
Balance outstanding at start of year	235,640	184,907
Amounts advanced	452,518	440,733
Amounts repaid	(325,000)	(390.000)
Balance outstanding at end of year	363,158	235,640

Interest is not being charged on this loan. The loan is repayable on demand.

7. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	£
Other loans	8,300
Trade creditors	382,976
Corporation tax	97,952
Other taxation and social security	172,565
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	10,302
Other creditors	3,832
Accruals and deferred income	5,500
	681,427

2020

8. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2020 £
Other loans	12,449
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	56,530
	68,979

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2020

9.	Loans	
	Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:	
		2020
	Amounts falling due within one year	£
	Other loans	8,300
	Outer todals	
		8,300
	Amounts falling due 1-2 years	
	Other loans	12,449
		12,449
		20,749
10.	Deferred taxation	
	Albertalan of cons	
	At beginning of year Charged to profit or loss	
	At end of year	
	The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:	
		2020
		£
	Accelerated capital allowances	(11,072)
		(11,072)

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.