

BROWNS OF WEM LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

BROWNS OF WEM LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER:00779140

BALANCE SHEET
AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	112,844	49,029
		<u>112,844</u>	<u>49,029</u>
Current assets			
Stocks	6	452,000	425,000
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	7	246,593	201,175
Cash at bank and in hand	8	372,807	126,201
		<u>1,071,400</u>	<u>752,376</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(666,807)	(359,371)
Net current assets		<u>404,593</u>	<u>393,005</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		<u>517,437</u>	<u>442,034</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		(70,146)	-
Provisions for liabilities			
Deferred tax	12	(9,837)	(8,715)
		<u>(9,837)</u>	<u>(8,715)</u>
Net assets		<u><u>437,454</u></u>	<u><u>433,319</u></u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	13	20,001	20,001
Share premium account		300,000	300,000
Profit and loss account		117,453	113,318
		<u><u>437,454</u></u>	<u><u>433,319</u></u>

BROWNS OF WEM LIMITED
REGISTERED NUMBER:00779140

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)
AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 20 June 2022.

N J Jefferies

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 12 form part of these financial statements.



WR Partners

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

1. General information

Browns of Wem Limited, 00779140, is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales, with its registered office and principal place of business at Four Lane Ends, Wem, Shropshire, SY4 5UQ.

The principal activity of the Company is the supply and erection of buildings.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Revenue

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.3 Operating leases: the Company as lessee

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Benefits received and receivable as an incentive to sign an operating lease are recognised on a straight-line basis over the lease term, unless another systematic basis is representative of the time pattern of the lessee's benefit from the use of the leased asset.

2.4 Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS 102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to profit or loss at the same rate as the depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income in the same period as the related expenditure.

2.5 Interest income

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

2.6 Finance costs

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

2.7 Borrowing costs

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

2.8 Pensions

Defined contribution pension plan

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the Company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the Company in independently administered funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.9 Current and deferred taxation

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

2.10 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Plant and machinery	- 10 - 33.3%
Motor vehicles	- 10 - 25%
Fixtures and fittings	- 10 - 33.3%

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.11 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value, being the estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is based on the cost of purchase on a first in, first out basis. Work in progress and finished goods include labour and attributable overheads.

At each balance sheet date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stock is impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell. The impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

2.12 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.13 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2.14 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.15 Financial instruments

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

3. Judgments in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations or future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The Company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. In the opinion of the directors there are no estimates nor assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.



BROWNS OF WEM LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 18 (2020 - 22).

5. Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Fixtures and fittings £	Total £
Cost or valuation				
At 1 October 2020	190,152	134,677	119,031	443,860
Additions	10,706	81,798	1,644	94,148
Disposals	-	(98,022)	(1,588)	(99,610)
At 30 September 2021	<u>200,858</u>	<u>118,453</u>	<u>119,087</u>	<u>438,398</u>
Depreciation				
At 1 October 2020	178,753	104,678	111,400	394,831
Charge for the year on owned assets	160	8	159	327
Charge for the year on financed assets	-	6	-	6
Disposals	-	(68,022)	(1,588)	(69,610)
At 30 September 2021	<u>178,913</u>	<u>36,670</u>	<u>109,971</u>	<u>325,554</u>
Net book value				
At 30 September 2021	<u>21,945</u>	<u>81,783</u>	<u>9,116</u>	<u>112,844</u>
At 30 September 2020	<u>11,399</u>	<u>29,999</u>	<u>7,631</u>	<u>49,029</u>

The net book value of assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts, included above, are as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Motor vehicles	75,685	-
	<u>75,685</u>	<u>-</u>

BROWNS OF WEM LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

6. Stocks

	2021 £	2020 £
Raw materials and consumables	452,000	425,000
	<u>452,000</u>	<u>425,000</u>

7. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	64,587	30,217
Other debtors	-	3,079
Prepayments and accrued income	182,006	167,879
	<u>246,593</u>	<u>201,175</u>

8. Cash and cash equivalents

	2021 £	2020 £
Cash at bank and in hand	372,807	126,201
	<u>372,807</u>	<u>126,201</u>

BROWNS OF WEM LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

9. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans	5,833	-
Payments received on account	300	-
Trade creditors	531,401	240,866
Other taxation and social security	48,806	87,768
Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	16,868	-
Other creditors	3,766	2,658
Accruals and deferred income	59,833	28,079
	<u>666,807</u>	<u>359,371</u>

The following liabilities were secured:

	2021 £	2020 £
Obligations under hire purchase contracts	16,868	-
	<u>16,868</u>	<u>-</u>

Details of security provided:

The hire purchase liabilities are secured upon the assets to which they relate.

The amount of £5,833 included in creditors due within one year is subject to a UK Government guarantee. The facility is provided through the Bounce Back Loan Scheme (BBLs), managed by the British Business Bank on behalf of and with the financial backing of the Secretary of State for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy. The BBLs guarantee is provided to the lender.

BROWNS OF WEM LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

10. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Bank loans	44,167	-
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	25,979	-
	<u>70,146</u>	<u>-</u>

The following liabilities were secured:

	2021 £	2020 £
Obligations under hire purchase contracts	25,979	-
	<u>25,979</u>	<u>-</u>

Details of security provided:

The hire purchase liabilities are secured upon the assets to which they relate.

The amount of £44,166 included in creditors due after one year is subject to a UK Government guarantee. The facility is provided through the Bounce Back Loan Scheme (BBLs), managed by the British Business Bank on behalf of and with the financial backing of the Secretary of State for Business, Energy and Industrial Strategy. The BBLs guarantee is provided to the lender.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

11. Loans

Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

	2021 £	2020 £
Amounts falling due within one year		
Bank loans	5,833	-
	<u>5,833</u>	<u>-</u>
Amounts falling due 1-2 years		
Bank loans	10,000	-
	<u>10,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Amounts falling due 2-5 years		
Bank loans	30,000	-
	<u>30,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Amounts falling due after more than 5 years		
Bank loans	4,167	-
	<u>4,167</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u><u>50,000</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>



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**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2021**

12. Deferred taxation

	2021 £
At beginning of year	8,715
Charged to profit or loss	1,122
	<hr/>
At end of year	9,837 <hr/>

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

	2021 £	2020 £
Accelerated capital allowances	21,441	8,715
Tax losses carried forward	(11,604)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	9,837 <hr/>	8,715 <hr/>

13. Share capital

	2021 £	2020 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid		
20,001 (2020 - 20,001) Ordinary shares of £1.00 each	<hr/> 20,001 <hr/>	<hr/> 20,001 <hr/>

14. Pension commitments

The Company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £10,104 (2020: £9,984). Contributions totalling £1,846 (2020: £1,912) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and are included in creditors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.