Company registration number: 11521707

BMS LEAK DETECTION LIMITED

Unaudited filleted abridged financial statements

31 August 2021



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Directors and other information

Director

Mr Charles Salter

Company number

11521707

Registered office

45 Valley Road

Codicote Hitchin

Hertfordshire SG4 8YW

Abridged statement of financial position 31 August 2021

	2021		2020		
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4	2,244	•	-	
Investments	5	13,296		13,296	
			15,540		13,296
Current assets					
Stocks		20,000		-	
Debtors		15,663		11,812	
Cash at bank and in hand		17,739		74,594	
		53,402		86,406	
Creditors: amounts falling due					
within one year		(42,549)	,	(52,146)	
Net current assets			10,853		34,260
Total assets less current liabilities			26,393		47,556
Net assets			26,393		47,556
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			1		1
Profit and loss account			26,392 ———		47,555
Shareholder funds			26,393		47,556

For the year ending 31 August 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

The notes on pages 5 to 8 form part of these financial statements.

Abridged statement of financial position (continued) 31 August 2021

All of the members have consented to the preparation of the abridged statement of comprehensive income and the abridged statement of financial position for the current year ending 31 August 2021 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 7 May 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Charles Salter

Director

Company registration number: 11521707

Statement of changes in equity Year ended 31 August 2021

	Called up share capital	Profit and loss account	Total
	£	£	£
At 1 September 2019	1	79,941	79,942
(Loss)/profit for the year		35,957	35,957
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	35,957	35,957
Dividends paid and payable		(68,343)	(68,343)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(68,343)	(68,343)
At 31 August 2020 and 1 September 2020	1	47,555	47,556
(Loss)/profit for the year		(8,389)	(8,389)
Total comprehensive income for the year		(8,389)	(8,389)
Dividends paid and payable	•	(12,774)	(12,774)
Total investments by and distributions to owners	-	(12,774)	(12,774)
At 31 August 2021	1	26,392	26,393

Notes to the financial statements Year ended 31 August 2021

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England & Wales. The address of the registered office is BMS LEAK DETECTION LIMITED, 45 Valley Road, Codicote, Hitchin, Hertfordshire, SG4 8YW.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 August 2021

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Fixed asset investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 August 2021

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets or either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Tangible assets

	£
Cost	
At 1 September 2020 Additions	2,805
At 31 August 2021	2,805
Depreciation At 1 September 2020 and 31 August 2021	561
Carrying amount At 31 August 2021	2,244
At 31 August 2020	(561)
	

Notes to the financial statements (continued) Year ended 31 August 2021

5. Investments

•	£
Cost	
At 1 September 2020 and 31 August 2021	· -
Impairment	
At 1 September 2020 and 31 August 2021	(13,296)
At 1 September 2020 and 31 August 2021	(13,290)
Carrying amount	•
At 31 August 2021	13,296
At 31 August 2020	13,296
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6. Directors advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the director entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

	2021			
		Balance brought forward	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		£	£	£
Mr Charles Salter		<u>179</u>	<u>(100)</u>	
	2020			
	`	Balance brought forward	Amounts repaid	Balance o/standing
		£ .	£	£
Mr Charles Salter		179	-	179
•				