Registration number: 04128686

# Elliott Hygiene Limited

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

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## **Company Information**

Directors JME Elliott

PM Elliott

Company secretary JME Elliott

Registered office 55 Raywell Street

Hull

East Yorkshire HU2 8EP

# (Registration number: 04128686) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>5</u>	101,137	68,255
Current assets			
Stocks	<u>6</u>	132,039	122,117
Debtors	<u>6</u> <u>7</u>	252,989	319,216
Cash at bank and in hand		76,498	101,469
		461,526	542,802
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>8</u>	(357,305)	(376,229)
Net current assets		104,221	166,573
Total assets less current liabilities		205,358	234,828
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>8</u>	(78,681)	(120,124)
Provisions for liabilities		(17,676)	(12,344)
Net assets		109,001	102,360
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Retained earnings		108,901	102,260
Shareholders' funds	_	109,001	102,360

For the financial year ending 31 December 2022 the Company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

#### Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the Company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The Directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 9 March 2023 and signed on its behalf by:

JME Elliott	PM Elliott
Company secretary and director	Director

The notes on page	2 to 0 form an integral i	part of these financial statements
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#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

#### 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital incorporated in England and Wales and the company registration number is 04128686.

The address of its registered office is: 55 Raywell Street Hull East Yorkshire HU2 8EP

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 9 March 2023.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

#### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements have been prepared in sterling and are rounded to the nearest pound.

#### Group accounts not prepared

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group..

#### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of cleaning and hygiene services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

## **Government grants**

Government grants which become receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred, or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs, are recognised as income in the period in which they become receivable.

## Tax

Taxation for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Profit and Loss Account, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or subsequently enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

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#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Deferred tax represents the future tax consequences of transactions and events recognised in the finance statements of the current and previous periods. It is recognised in respect of all timing differences, within certain exceptions. Timing differences are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements that arise from the inclusion of income and expense tax assessments in the periods different from those in which they are recognised in the financial statements. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is proabable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing differences. Deferred tax on revalued non-depreciable tangible fixed assets and investemnt properties is measured using the rates and allowances that apply to the sale of the asset.

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation. At each reporting date fixed assets are reviewed to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If there is an indication of possible impairment, the recoverable amount of any affected asset is estimated and compared with its carrying amount. If the estimated recoverable amount is lower, the carrying amount is reduced to its estimated recoverable amount, and an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

If an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but not in excess of the amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss has been recognised for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

#### Asset class

Plant and machinery
Fixture and fittings
Motor vehicles
Computer equipment

#### Depreciation method and rate

20% reducing balance 25% reducing balance 25% reducing balance 5 years on cost

#### Goodwill

Goodwill arising on the acquisition of an entity represents the excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the entity recognised at the date of acquisition. Goodwill is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is held in the currency of the acquired entity and revalued to the closing rate at each reporting period date. Goodwill is amortised over its useful life, which shall not exceed ten years if a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

#### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for the provision of services in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

#### **Stocks**

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method.

The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. At each reporting date, stocks are assessed for impairment. If stocks are impaired, the carrying amount is reduced to its selling price less costs to complete and sell; the impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

#### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price.

#### **Borrowings**

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

#### Leases

Leases in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

#### Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

#### **Dividends**

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

#### Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the Company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

#### 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the Company (including Directors) during the year, was 15 (2021 - 14).

#### 4 Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost or valuation		
At 1 January 2022	60,000	60,000
At 31 December 2022	60,000	60,000
Amortisation		
At 1 January 2022	60,000	60,000
At 31 December 2022	60,000	60,000
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2022		<del>-</del>

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

## 5 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 January 2022	116,039	68,921	184,960
Additions	12,923	47,429	60,352
Disposals		(20,505)	(20,505)
At 31 December 2022	128,962	95,845	224,807
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2022	84,760	31,945	116,705
Charge for the year	10,523	13,177	23,700
Eliminated on disposal	<del>-</del>	(16,735)	(16,735)
At 31 December 2022	95,283	28,387	123,670
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2022	33,679	67,458	101,137
At 31 December 2021	31,279	36,976	68,255
6 Stocks		2022	2021
		£	£
Other inventories	=	132,039	122,117
7 Debtors			
Current	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors		162,481	191,805
Amounts owed by related parties	<u>11</u>	70,428	126,676
Prepayments		80	735
Other debtors	_	20,000	_
		252,989	319,216
	=		

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

#### 8 Creditors

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year			
Bank loans and overdrafts	<u>9</u>	57,938	59,577
Trade creditors	_	250,333	247,493
Taxation and social security		33,959	48,386
Other creditors		9,898	15,175
Accruals and deferred income		5,177	4,220
Other borrowings	<u>9</u>	<u> </u>	1,378
	<u></u>	357,305	376,229
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>9</u>	78,681	119,614
Other non-current financial liabilities		<u>-</u> _	510
		78,681	120,124
9 Loans and borrowings			
		2022	2021
		£	£
Non-current loans and borrowings			
Bank borrowings		59,259	107,407
Obligations under hire purchase agreements		19,422	12,207
		78,681	119,614
		2022 £	2021 £
Current loans and borrowings		~	-
Bank borrowings		44,445	44,445
Obligations under hire purchase agreements		13,493	15,132
Other borrowings		· -	1,378
-		57,938	60,955

Hire purchase liabilities are secured against the assets that they relate to. Bank borrowings are unsecured. Other borrowings relate to unsecured Director loans.

#### 10 Financial commitments, guarantees and contingencies

#### Amounts not provided for in the balance sheet

The total amount of financial commitments not included in the balance sheet is £42,996 (2021 - £20,978).

At the year end, the company had capital commitments of £32,950. This relates to a new computer system.

## Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

#### 11 Related party transactions

#### Other transactions with Directors

At the year end, the company owed the directors £Nil (2021: £1,378). This amount is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

#### Summary of transactions with parent

The company has taken advantage of the exemption available in FRS 102 Section 1a from disclosing transactions with their parent entity, Elliott Hygiene Holdings Limited.

#### Summary of transactions with other related parties

#### 12 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The Company's immediate parent is Elliott Hygiene Holdings Limited, incorporated in England and Wales.

These financial statements are available upon request from 55 Raywell Street, Hull, East Yorkshire, HU2 8EP. The registered office of the parent undertaking is: 55 Raywell Street Hull East Yorkshire HU2 8EP

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.