Company Registration No. SC390751 (Scotland)
FW MEDICAL LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022
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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		-		8,374
Tangible assets	4		3,101		4,887
Investments	5		1		1
			3,102		13,262
Current assets					
Stocks		279,169		253,013	
Debtors	6	911,274		1,568,440	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,602,043		1,631,084	
		2,792,486		3,452,537	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	7	(298,522)		(913,810)	
Net current assets			2,493,964		2,538,727
Total assets less current liabilities			2,497,066		2,551,989
Provisions for liabilities			(775)		(928)
Net assets			2,496,291		2,551,061
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	8		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			2,496,191		2,550,961
Total equity			2,496,291		2,551,061

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2022

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 31 March 2023 and are signed on its behalf by:

Mr M N Forbes **Director**

Company Registration No. SC390751

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

Company information

FW Medical Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is West of Scotland Science Park, Kelvin Campus Block 6, 2317 Maryhill Road, Glasgow, United Kingdom, G20 0SP.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 399 of the Companies Act 2006 not to prepare consolidated accounts, on the basis that the group of which this is the parent qualifies as a small group. The financial statements present information about the company as an individual entity and not about its group.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

1.3 Research and development expenditure

Research expenditure is written off against profits in the year in which it is incurred. Identifiable development expenditure is capitalised to the extent that the technical, commercial and financial feasibility can be demonstrated.

1.4 Intangible fixed assets - goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of unincorporated businesses over the fair value of net assets acquired. It is initially recognised as an asset at cost and is subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. Goodwill is considered to have a finite useful life and is amortised on a systematic basis over its expected life, which is 10 years.

1.5 Intangible fixed assets other than goodwill

Intangible assets acquired separately from a business are recognised at cost and are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses.

Intangible assets acquired on business combinations are recognised separately from goodwill at the acquisition date where it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the fair value of the asset can be measured reliably; the intangible asset arises from contractual or other legal rights; and the intangible asset is separable from the entity.

Amortisation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Patents & licences

10% Straight Line

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment 25% Reducing Balance
Fixtures and fittings 25% Straight Line
Computers 33% Straight Line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.7 Fixed asset investments

Interests in subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. The investments are assessed for impairment at each reporting date and any impairment losses or reversals of impairment losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss.

A subsidiary is an entity controlled by the company. Control is the power to govern the financial and operating policies of the entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

An associate is an entity, being neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture, in which the company holds a long-term interest and where the company has significant influence. The company considers that it has significant influence where it has the power to participate in the financial and operating decisions of the associate.

Entities in which the company has a long term interest and shares control under a contractual arrangement are classified as jointly controlled entities.

1.8 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.9 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell.

1.10 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.11 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.12 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

1.13 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.14 Foreign exchange

Transactions in currencies other than pounds sterling are recorded at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At each reporting end date, monetary assets and liabilities that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing on the reporting end date. Gains and losses arising on translation in the period are included in profit or loss.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year is shown below:

	2022 Number	2021 Number
Total	5	5

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

3	Intangible fixed assets				
			Goodwill	Patents & licences	Total
			£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022		19,400	74,047	93,447
	Amortisation and impairment				
	At 1 January 2022		18,430	66,643	85,073
	Amortisation charged for the year		970	7,404	8,374
	At 31 December 2022		19,400	74,047	93,447
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 December 2022		-	-	-
	At 31 December 2021		970	7,404	8,374
4	Tangible fixed assets				
		Plant and equipment	Fixtures and fittings	Computers	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost	_	_	_	_
	At 1 January 2022 and 31 December 2022	5,304	5,088	5,034	15,426
	Depreciation and impairment				
	At 1 January 2022	2.880	3,690	3,969	10,539
	Depreciation charged in the year	606	616	564	1,786
	At 31 December 2022	3,486	4,306	4,533	12,325
	Carrying amount				
	At 31 December 2022	1,818	782	501	3,101
	At 31 December 2021	2,424	1,398	1,065	4,887
5	Fixed asset investments			****	0004
				2022 £	2021 £
	Shares in group undertakings and participating interests			1	1

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

	Debtors			2022	2021
	Amounts falling due within one year:			£	£
	Trade debtors			391,384	906,448
	Other debtors			519,890 ———	661,992
				911,274	1,568,440
	Included within other debtors is an amount due in	more than one year of	£462,892 (2021 :	£426,029).	
7	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year				
				2022 £	2021 £
				£	Z.
	Trade creditors			179,332	533,352
	Taxation and social security Other creditors			46,349 72,841	143,016 237,442
	Other deallors				
				298,522 ———	913,810
8	Called up share capital				
		2022	2021	2022	2021
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid	Number	Number	£	£
	Ordinary A Shares of £1 each	50	50	50	50
	Ordinary B Shares of £1 each	50	50	50	50
		100	100	100	100
9	Operating lease commitments				
	At the reporting end date the company had outstar	nding commitments for	future minimum	lease payments ા	under
	non-cancellable operating leases, as follows:			2022	2021
				£	£
				17,005	25,503
10	Related party transactions				
10					
	The following amounts were outstanding at the rep	oorting end date:		2022	2021
	Amounts due to related parties			£	£
	Amounts due to related parties				
	Key management personnel			26,172	24,91

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

10 Related party transactions

(Continued)

Loans from related parties are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

The following amounts were outstanding at the reporting end date:

Amounts due from related parties $\begin{array}{ccc} 2022 & 2021 \\ \pounds & \pounds \end{array}$

Other related parties 480,488 426,029

Loans to related parties are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.