Company Registration No. SC341514 (Scotland)	
LIME COCONUT LIMITED	
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2018	
PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

COMPANY INFORMATION

Director Mr S Waddell

Company number SC341514

Registered office 5A East Preston Street

Edinburgh EH8 9QQ

Accountants Geoghegans Accountancy Limited

Chartered Accountants 6 St Colme Street Edinburgh EH3 6AD

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 30 APRIL 2018

		201	8	2017	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		128,303		122,469
Current assets					
Stocks		12,000		12,000	
Debtors	4	6,228		1,180	
Cash at bank and in hand		14,565		68,430	
		32,793		81,610	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	5	(30,671)		(28,827)	
Net current assets			2,122		52,783
Total assets less current liabilities			130,425		175,252
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(17,000)		(67,000)
Provisions for liabilities			(1,201)		(209)
Net assets			112,224		108,043
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	7		100		100
Profit and loss reserves			112,124		107,943
Total equity			112,224		108,043

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 30 April 2018 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 16 August 2018

Mr S Waddell

Director

Company Registration No. SC341514

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2018

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Lime Coconut Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in Scotland. The registered office is 5A East Preston Street, Edinburgh, EH8 9QQ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary a mounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below,

1.2 Turnover

Turnover represents amounts receivable for goods and services, net of VAT.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost, net of depreciation.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:.

Land and buildings Freehold Not provided

Fixtures, fittings & equipment 15% reducing balance Computer equipment 33% straight line

No depreciation is provided in respect of land and buildings. This represents a departure from the Companies Act 2006 requirements concerning the depreciation of fixed assets. The directors consider that the adoption of this policy is necessary to give a true and fair view.

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Debtors

Debtors with no stated interest rate and payable within one year are recorded at transaction price. Any losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Creditors

Creditors with no stated interest rate and payable within one year are recorded at transaction price.

All interest bearing loans and borrowings which are basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the present value of cash payable. After initial recognition they are measured at amortised cost.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2018

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

1.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was 5 (2017 - 3).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2018

3	Tangible fixed assets	Land and	Plant and	Total
		buildingsna	achinery etc	
	0	£	£	£
	Cost At 1 May 2017	121,240	30,578	151,818
	Additions	-	8,314	8,314
	At 30 April 2018	121,240	38,892	160,132
	Depreciation and impairment			
	At 1 May 2017	-	29,349	29,349
	Depreciation charged in the year		2,480	2,480
	At 30 April 2018		31,829	31,829
	Carrying amount			
	At 30 April 2018	121,240	7,063	128,303
	At 30 April 2017	121,240	1,229	122,469
4	Debtors			
	Amounts falling due within one year:		2018 £	2017 £
	Trade debtors		588	647
	Other debtors		5,640	533
			6,228	1,180
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
			2018 £	2017 £
	Trade creditors		8,740	7,942
	Corporation tax, other taxation and social security		7,799	6,753
	Other creditors		14,132	14,132
			30,671	28,827
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		2018 £	2017 £
	Other creditors		17,000	67,000

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2018

7	Called up share capital	2018 £	2017 £
	Ordinary share capital Issued and fully paid		
	100 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100
		100	100

9 Related party transactions

The directors are of the opinion that all related party transactions are conducted under normal market conditions and on an arm's length basis and therefore do not need to be disclosed under FRS 102 section 1A appendix C.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.