MOTIRAJ LIMITED

Filleted Accounts

31 January 2021

MOTIRAJ LIMITED

Registered number: 11771894

Balance Sheet

as at 31 January 2021

1	Notes		2021		2020
Fixed assets			£		£
Tangible assets	3		21,579		4,095
Current assets					
Stocks		-		2,337	
Debtors	4	-		923	
Cash at bank and in hand		29,384		27,560	
		29,384		30,820	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	5	(22,498)		(20,635)	
Net current assets			6,886		10,185
Total assets less current liabilities			28,465	_	14,280
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	6		(6,877)		-
Net assets			21,588	- -	14,280
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			100		100
Profit and loss account			21,488		14,180
Shareholders' funds			21,588	-	14,280

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Syed Hamidul Islam Director

Approved by the board on 8 September 2021

MOTIRAJ LIMITED

Notes to the Accounts

for the year ended 31 January 2021

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery

10% reducing balance

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and

their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2	Employees	2021	2020
		Number	Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	13	0
3	Tangible fixed assets		
			Plant and
			machinery
			etc £
	Cost		~
	At 1 February 2020		4,550
	Additions		19,882
	At 31 January 2021		24,432
	Depreciation		
	At 1 February 2020		455
	Charge for the year		2,398
	At 31 January 2021		2,853
	Net book value		
	At 31 January 2021		21,579
	At 31 January 2020		4,095
_			
4	Debtors	2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade debtors	-	923
5	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	22,253	(3,681)
	Taxation and social security costs	245	24,316
		22,498	20,635
c	Conditions amounts followed as office and according	0004	2022
6	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2021	2020

	£	£
Other creditors	6,877	-

7 Other information

MOTIRAJ LIMITED is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

6-7 Church Lane

Sunderland

Tyne And Wear

SR1 3PT

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