FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 1999

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 31 March 1999

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The following pages do not form part of the statutory accounts

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COMPANY INFORMATION

31 March 1999

NUMBER

230407

CHAIRMAN

P E Beresford-Huey

OTHER DIRECTORS

A Joynson
D A Lynam
R R Markham
J A Boulton
L G Fisher

SECRETARY

H Mackenzie

REGISTERED OFFICE

83 Birmingham Road West Bromwich West Midlands

AA C21 14TIC

AUDITORS

Clement Keys

Chartered Accountants Dartmouth House Sandwell Road West Bromwich West Midlands

DIRECTORS' REPORT

31 March 1999

The directors who are also Trustees of the charity have pleasure in presenting their Report and Accounts for the year ended 31 March 1999.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is that of an occupational health service in West Bromwich.

Legal and administration

Midlands Occupational Health Service Limited is a company limited by guarantee, a Charity registered with the Charities Commission and is regulated by its Memorandum and Articles of Association.

The company does not have a share capital and liability of its Members is limited and is not to exceed 5 pence per Member. At 31 March 1999 the Membership totalled 146.

The Members elect their representatives to be counsellors on the Committee of Management. Such counsellors constitute directors and trustees of the company for the Companies Act Purposes. The names of directors are listed on page 1.

Objects and policies

The chartered principle objects are the promotion and advancement of occupational health care for all persons engaged, and intending to be engaged, in industry and commerce.

The policies adopted to achieve these objectives have been:

- To advance the physical and moral welfare of the population by the prevention and cure of occupational diseases and injuries.
- 2 To provide services for medical treatment and for the care of sick or injured workers at their place of employment or elsewhere.
- 3 To undertake medical and other teaching in occupational diseases and injuries and in the promotion of occupational health.
- 4 To carry out research and investigation into causes of occupational diseases and injuries and into the means of promoting occupational health.
- To assist such teaching and investigation as set out in 3 and 4 above, by grant of money, payment of fees and otherwise as the service may think fit.

There have been no changes in these policies during the year covered by this report.

Organisations

The charity is run from premises in West Bromwich which provide consulting and examination rooms, training facilities and house the centre of administration. Most of the occupational health care provision is undertaken by Doctors and Nurses at the Member's premises and training is also provided at Member's premises.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

31 March 1999

Review of activities

A review of the past year's activities is reported by the Chairman and Medical Director as follows:

Chairman's report

The health and well-being of employees is a key factor in the success of any business or organisation and whilst we have experienced a slight reduction in users of our traditional nurse visiting service, our membership base has remained relatively stable. Emphasis is now on health surveillance programmes and recognising the value of a healthy workplace and as a result our nurse based screening programme continues to prosper.

A significant contribution has been made by doctoring services which have increased dramatically during the year. At the time of writing the department has a compliment of 3 full-time, 1 part-time and 2 sessional doctors, all of whom, are extremely busy.

Following 2 years of preparation, November 1998 saw the Service accredited with the Investor in People award. The event was marked in January 1999 with a presentation made by Mr David Mattey, Regional Director of the Health and Safety Executive. My congratulations go to all those involved in achieving the award.

Our policy of ensuring that suitable candidates are readily available to provide appropriate management succession has been well illustrated in the recent appointment of Helen Mackenzie as Company Secretary. Helen succeeds Colin Botfield who had held the post of General Manager/Company Secretary since joining the company in 1986. We continue to benefit from the vast experience and diverse skills accumulated by Colin, over many years, as he continues his role as General Manager.

As we approach the Millennium the Management is satisfied that all necessary systems, replacements and modifications have been implemented and the Service will therefore be fully Year 2000 compliant.

Customer satisfaction has remained fundamental in the provision of our service. The positive responses by all employees to ever increasing demands for continuous improvements in performance have been greatly appreciated.

As a result of their continuing efforts we are well placed to take advantage of new business opportunities whilst continuing to care for our existing customers.

I must thank the Management of the Service who continue to identify and pursue opportunities for growth. My particular gratitude goes to the directors of the Service who generously devote their time, despite their busy work schedules, to attend meetings and share their wealth of knowledge and experience. Their contribution to the non-executive management of the Service is invaluable and much appreciated.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

31 March 1999

Medical Director's report

It is pleasing to report that the activity level has remained fairly steady over the past 12 months. While this indicates that the need for Occupational Health and Safety is ever present, it is important to remember that these needs are complex and vary by organisation and hence the service that we have had to provide also varies.

Screenings and examinations carried out have included those for Hand/Arm Vibration Syndrome, Occupational Hearing Loss, Occupational Asthma, plus statutory examinations for Lead, Ionising Radiation, Asbestos Workers, Light Vehicle, Public Transport, Heavy Goods Vehicle and Forklift Truck Drivers, Food Handlers and Display Screen Equipment Users as well as Executive Medicals, Return to Work and Job Suitability Assessments.

Risk Assessment as required under the Management of Health and Safety at Work Regulations 1992 have been carried out at several companies with recommendations given to reduce the risk to manual handling injuries, upper limb disorders and occupational asthma and dermatitis. Such initiatives have helped reduce the level of work place accidents and more particularly absence attributed to work related ill health to below 3% in a number of companies.

Stress or mental ill health unfortunately remains a major concern with one in five workers in a recent survey affected. The causes are multifactorial with job insecurity and increased workload against the background of organisational restructuring and downsizing identified as major factors. Employee assistance programmes, workplace counselling are some of the helpful ways of dealing with these cases. Our clinical Psychologists have been invaluable in managing some of these cases.

Some changes to Health and Safety Regulations and accompanied Health and Safety Executive Guidance Notes are worthy of mention. The HSE advice on First Aid at Work has been updated to be in line with the latest recommendations on First Aid Practice from the European Resuscitation Counsel. Employers have a duty under the Health and Safety (First Aid) Regulations 1981 to assess what provision is needed in the workplace. They must provide suitable facilities, equipment and personnel to enable first aid to be administered. Members are encouraged to ensure they meet with the requirements of the regulations. Vitreous mineral fibres - mineral wool, refractory ceramic fibres and special purpose fibres are to be classified as irritants as well as carcinogenic under the CHIPS Amendment (Regulations 1998).

The HSE New guidance to support the Manual Handling Operations Regulations 1992 has also been published. This includes expanded advice on increased risk to pregnant workers; the Disability Discrimination Act and advice on the needs of people with disabilities; the use of abdominal and back belts.

The recently published new set of guidance (COSHH Essentials Package) has been developed to help those working in small firms without in-house expertise to understand and implement the requirements of the COSHH Regulations 1999 using check lists.

The future holds a number of challenges for occupational health providers with escalation of customer demands and needs. However, I am confident that the needs of our Member clients will be championed and met by our dedicated staff, medical, nursing and administration to whom I owe a debt of gratitude. I am also grateful to the Chairman and members of the Finance and General Purposes committee for their continued support.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

31 March 1999

Financial review

It is pleasing to announce results that reflect a satisfactory year. The turnover increased by 12.5% over the last year and produced a surplus of £53,517. This brings our reserve to £452,780.

The Charity does not raise funds by direct appeals to the public. Its revenue is derived by fees charged for the provision of occupational health care and consultancy services.

The expenditure of the Charity relates to the provision of occupational health care and training courses, training of the medical and administration staff and marketing and administration.

The directors consider that the Charity assets are adequate to meet its obligation and that its financial position is satisfactory.

Auditors

Clement Keys have agreed to offer themselves for re-appointment as auditors of the company.

On behalf of the board

H Jurackeral

H Mackenzie

Secretary

83 Birmingham Road West Bromwich West Midlands

15 July 1999

THE MIDLANDS OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE LIMITED STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

P E Berestord-Huey

Chairman

15 July 1999

AUDITORS' REPORT

Auditors' report to the members of

We have audited the financial statements on pages 5 to 14 which have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and the accounting policies set out on pages 8 and 9.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As described on page 3, the company's directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion, based on our audit, on those statements and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Auditing Standards issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgements made by the directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error or other irregularity. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion the financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 1999 and of its profit for the year then ended and have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985.

West Bromwich

15 July 1999

Clement Keys
Registered Auditors

Chartered Accountants

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES

for the year ended 31 March 1999

	Notes	1999	1998
		Total unrestricted funds	Total unrestricted funds
		£	£
Incoming resources			
Membership Doctor services Nurses services Stores and supplies Training courses Investment income Total incoming resources		722,432 331,593 25,534 24,585 123,563 2,726	677,561 235,532 19,315 24,838 134,414 7,125 1,098,785
Resources expended			
Direct charitable expenditure Marketing and promotion Management and administration of the charity	7 8 9	885,226 33,880 257,810	847,752 44,341 194,442
Total resources expended		1,176,916	1,086,535
Net incoming resources Loss on revaluation of property		53,517	12,250 (137,473)
Net movement in funds		53,517	(125,223)
Total funds brought forward		399,263	524,486
Total funds carried forward		452,780	399,263

INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNT

for the year ended 31 March 1999

		1999	1998
	Note	£	£
Turnover	2	1,227,707	1,091,660
Other operating income		2,726	7,124
		1,230,433	1,098,784
Drugs, dressings and other stores	4	(37,694)	(44,144)
Staff costs	4 3	(753,508)	(693,609)
Depreciation Other approximation above	3	(48,500)	(44,721)
Other operating charges		(331,485)	(297,596)
Operating surplus	3	59,246	18,714
Interest payable	5	(5,729)	(6,464)
Surplus on ordinary activities			
before taxation		53,517	12,250
Taxation	6		
Surplus on ordinary activities after taxation retained for the year	18	53,517	12,250
-			

Movements in reserves are shown in the notes to the financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET

at 31 March 1999

		1999)	1998	3
	Note	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	10		388,659		404,620
Current assets					
Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	12 13	11,000 141,967 141,970		11,000 122,200 108,212	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	294,937 (164,032)	_	241,412 (164,528)	
Net current assets			130,905		76,884
Total assets less current liabilities			519,564		481,504
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	15	_	(66,784) 452,780		(82,241)
Reserves		==	 	_	
Unrestricted funds					
Revaluation reserve Other reserves General reserve	16 16 18	_	40,478 40,172 372,130	_	40,478 40,172 318,613
Total funds		==	452,780		399,263

The financial statements on pages 5 to 12 were approved by the board of directors on 15 July 1999 and signed on its behalf by:

P E Beresford-Huey

Chairman

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 1999

1 Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards and under the historical cost accounting rules, except for freehold property which is stated at valuation. Profits or losses arising on the disposal of items stated at valuation are determined by reference to the difference between the valuation and the sale proceeds.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with the statement of Recommended Practice No 2 for Accounting by Charities published in October 1995.

The financial statements have also been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective March 1999).

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing a cash flow statement as conferred by Financial Reporting Standard No. 1 (Revised 1996) on the grounds that it qualifies as a small company under the Companies Act 1985.

Turnover

Turnover represents the amount derived from the provision of goods and services falling within the company's activities after deduction of trade discounts and value added tax.

Income and expenditure

Income and expenditure is accounted for under the accruals concept.

Depreciation

Depreciation of fixed assets is calculated to write off their cost or valuation less any residual value over their estimated useful lives as follows:

Plant, vehicles and equipment

10%-25% reducing balance

No depreciation is provided on freehold buildings as the directors are of the opinion that their useful economic lives and estimated residual lives are such that any element of depreciation is not material.

Leases and hire purchase contracts

Tangible fixed assets acquired under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are capitalised at the estimated fair value at the date of inception of each lease or contract. The total finance charges are allocated over the period of the lease in such a way to give a reasonably constant charge on the outstanding liability.

THE MIDLANDS OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH SERVICE LIMITED NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 1999

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is computed on a first in first out basis. Net realisable value is based on estimated selling price less the estimated cost of disposal.

Company status

The company is limited by guarantee and is a registered charity.

2 Turnover

The turnover for the year was derived from the company's principal activity. The whole of the turnover is attributable to the UK market.

3 Operating profit

Operating prom	1999	1998
	£	£
Operating profit is stated after crediting:		
Interest receivable	2,726	7,124
Profit on sale of assets		361
and after charging:		
Staff costs (note 4)	753,508	693,609
Auditors' remuneration	2,500	2,500
Loss on sale of assets	2,814	
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets (note 7):		
Owned assets	20,629	19,219
Leased assets	25,057	25,863
	45,686	45,082

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 1999

4	Directors	and	emn	lovees
-	DIS CULOUS	auu	CITIE	IU Y CCS

1999	1998
£	£
691,962	633,891
46,699	51,218
14,847	8,500
753,508	693,609
Number	Number
6	4
26	29
41	36
10	12
	
	£ 691,962 46,699 14,847 753,508 Number 6 26 41

Directors

No remuneration was paid to any directors of the company.

Defined benefit pension scheme

Until 31 March 1999 the company operated a pension scheme providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company, being invested with insurance companies. Contributions to the scheme are charged to the profit and loss account so as to spread the cost of pensions over employees' working lives with the company. The contributions are determined by a qualified actuary on the basis of triennial valuations using the projected unit method. The most recent valuation was at 1 April 1997. The assumptions which have the most significant effect on the results of the valuation are those relating to the rate of return on investments and the rates of increases in salaries and pensions. It was assumed that the investment returns would exceed salary increases by on average 1.75% per annum and that present and future pensions would increase at the rate of 4% per annum.

The pension charge for the year was £14,847 (1998 £8,500) including £34,266 (1998 £33,084) in respect of the amortisation of experience surpluses that are being recognised over 10 years, the average remaining service lives of employees.

The actuarial valuation showed that the market value of the scheme's assets at 1 April 1997 was £1,318,000 and that the actuarial value of those assets represented 126% of the benefits that had accrued to members after allowing for expected future increases in earnings.

The scheme was discontinued on 31 March 1999. An actuarial valuation of the scheme at that date is to be prepared, on the Minimum Funding Requirement basis. The actuary has indicated that on that basis the scheme will be in surplus. It is therefore unlikely that there will be any statutory debt on the company. The accounts include a pension provision of £51,283 (1988 £51,283). No release of this provision will be made until completion of the wind up of the pension scheme.

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 1999

5	Interest payable	1999	1998
		1799	1990
		£	£
	Hire purchase interest	5,729	6,464
6	Taxation		
	The company is a registered charity and is exempt from corporation tax.		
7	Direct charitable expenses		
	Direct costs	145,582	139,443
	Staff costs	646,120	620,007
	Other costs	55,178	57,038
	Depreciation	38,346	31,264
	-	885,226	847,752
8	Marketing and promotion		
	Staff costs	29,725	37,641
	Promotion and advertising	4,155	6,700
	~ **	33,880	44,341
9	Management and administration of the charity		
	Staff costs	77,663	38,857
	Administration expenses	96,140	77,728
	Establishment costs	43,088	33,712
	Financial costs	30,765	30,688
	Depreciation	10,154	13,457
		257,810	194,442
	•		

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 1999

10 Tangible	fixed	assets
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5	Plant and machinery	Land and buildings	Total
Cost or valuation	£	£	£
l April 1998 Additions	362,875	220,000	582,875
Disposals	34,284 (27,709)	3,255	37,539 (27,709)
31 March 1999	369,450	223,255	592,705
Depreciation			
1 April 1998	178,255	-	178,255
Charge for the	45,686		45,686
year Disposals	(19,895)	-	(19,895)
31 March 1999	204,046		204,046
Net book amount			
31 March 1999	165,404	223,255	388,659
1 April 1998	184,620	220,000	404,620

The net book amount of fixed assets includes £75,170 (1998 £98,936) in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts, the depreciation of which is shown in note 3.

11 Land and buildings

Land and buildings	1999	1998
	£	£
Freehold	223,255	220,000
Freehold land and buildings at valuation		
Valuation 1998	220,000	220,000
Historical cost information		
Historical cost	219,881	216,626

The freehold property was valued in 1998 by the directors at an estimate of open market value.

NOTES ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 March 1999

12	Stocks	1999	1998
		1,,,,	1770
		£	£
	Raw materials	11,000	11,000
13	Debtors		
	Amounts falling due within one year		
	Trade debtors	141,175	118,358
	Other debtors	792	3,842
		141,967	122,200
14	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	Trade creditors	108,879	95,769
	Other taxation and social security	27,355	30,965
	Other creditors Obligations under finance leases	-	3,419
	and hire purchase contracts - note 20	27,798	34,375
		164,032	164,528
15	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
	Other creditors	51,283	51,283
	Obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	15,501	30,958
		66,784	82,241
			=====