COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: SC044033
Nationspaces Developments Limited
Unaudited Financial Statements
28 February 2023

Financial Statements

Year ended 28 February 2023

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Directors' Report

Year ended 28 February 2023

The directors present their report and the unaudited financial statements of the company for the year ended 28 February 2023.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

JRW Syme

R D A Syme

Ms D E Syme

Mr R A Syme

Small company provisions

This report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies entitled to the small companies exemption.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 18 August 2023 and signed on behalf of the board by:

R D A Syme

Director

Registered office:

Joyfields House

Douglas Avenue

Glasgow

Scoltand

G46 6NX

Chartered Accountants Report to the Board of Directors on the Preparation of the Unaudited Statutory Financial Statements of Nationspaces Developments Limited

Year ended 28 February 2023

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Nationspaces Developments Limited for the year ended 28 February 2023, which comprise the statement of income and retained earnings, statement of financial position and the related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us. As a practising member firm of ICAS, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.icas.com/accountspreparationguidance. This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Nationspaces Developments Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 20 July 2017. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Nationspaces Developments Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to you, as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of ICAS as detailed at www.icas.com/accountspreparationguidance. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Nationspaces Developments Limited and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Nationspaces Developments Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of Nationspaces Developments Limited. You consider that Nationspaces Developments Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year. We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Nationspaces Developments Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

NELSON GILMOUR SMITH Chartered Accountants Mercantile Chambers 53 Bothwell Street Glasgow G2 6TB 18 August 2023

Statement of Income and Retained Earnings

Year ended 28 February 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	£	£
Turnover		537,851	554,375
Gross profit		537,851	554,375
Administrative expenses		275,477	229,519
Other operating income		_	9,790
Operating profit		262,374	334,646
Other interest receivable and similar income		12,693	(32)
Profit before taxation	5	275,067	334,614
Tax on profit		52,030	62,898
Profit for the financial year and total comprehensive income		223,037	271,716
Dividends paid and payable		(69,419)	(40,375)
Retained earnings at the start of the year		2,041,141	1,809,800
Retained earnings at the end of the year		2,194,759	2,041,141

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

Statement of Financial Position

28 February 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	6	1,227,449	1,228,615
Investments	7	38,700	35,000
		1,266,149	1,263,615
Current assets			
Debtors	8	400,714	397,044
Cash at bank and in hand		870,471	725,819
		1,271,185	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	63,606	66,368
Net current assets		1,207,579	1,056,495
otal assets less current liabilities		2,473,728	2,320,110
Net assets		2,473,728	2,320,110
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Revaluation reserve		273,654	273,654
Capital redemption reserve		5,215	5,215
Profit and loss account		2,194,759	2,041,141
Shareholders funds		2,473,728	2,320,110

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

For the year ending 28 February 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

Statement of Financial Position (continued)

28 February 2023

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 18 August 2023, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

R D A Syme

Director

Company registration number: SC044033

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 28 February 2023

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Scotland. The address of the registered office is Joyfields House, Douglas Avenue, Glasgow, G46 6NX, Scotland.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Motor Vehicles - 20% reducing balance Equipment - 25% reducing balance

Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received. Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model. Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable. Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset. Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund. When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 8 (2022: 7).

5. Profit before taxation

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Profit	before.	taxation	18	stated	atter	charging:
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	2023	2022
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	2,951	3,231

6. Tangible assets

	Freehold			Investment	
	property	Motor vehicles	Equipment	Properties	Total
	£	£	£	£	£
Cost					
At 1 March 2022	1,085,944	24,405	35,167	131,376	1,276,892
Additions	_	_	1,785	_	1,785
At 28 February 2023	1,085,944	24,405	36,952	131,376	1,278,677
Depreciation					
At 1 March 2022	_	18,007	30,270	_	48,277
Charge for the year	_	1,280	1,671	_	2,951
At 28 February 2023		19,287	31,941		51,228
Carrying amount					
At 28 February 2023	1,085,944	,	5,011	131,376	1,227,449
At 28 February 2022	1,085,944	6,398	4,897	131,376	1,228,615

Tangible assets held at valuation

7. Investments

	other than loans
	£
Cost	
At 1 March 2022	35,000
Additions	3,700
At 28 February 2023	38,700
Impairment	
At 1 March 2022 and 28 February 2023	-

Other investments

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At 28 February 2023	38,700
At 28 February 2022	35,000

8. Debtors

	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade debtors	457	16,659
Other debtors	400,257	380,385
	400,714	397,044
9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade creditors	648	_
Corporation tax	52,370	62,618
Social security and other taxes	8,432	1,750
Other creditors	2,156	2,000
	63,606	66,368

10. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

During the year the directors entered into the following advances and credits with the company:

2023

	Balance brought forward	Amounts written off	Balance outstanding
	£	£	£
J R W Syme	_	_	_
		2022	
	Balance brought	Amounts written	Balance
	forward	off	outstanding
	£	£	£
JR W Syme	759	(759)	_
	1414		

11. Related party transactions

In the directors' opinion Ralph Syme had ultimate control of the company at the balance sheet date. During the year the company provided a loan to Joyfields Properties Limited, a company in which Ralph Syme is director. The outstanding amounts are as follows: beginning of the year: £327,202; End of Year: £327,202; maximum during the year: £327,202.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.