- Company Number: 1196753 -

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2000



ATKINSON HUNTER & CO CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

- Maidenhead -

30 JUNE 2000

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REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS

The directors submit their report and financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2000.

REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The company's principal activity during the year was the supply of computer software and computer consultancy services.

DIRECTORS AND THEIR INTERESTS

The directors who have served throughout the year and their interest in the share capital of the company was as follows:

	AT 30 JUNE 2000 ORDINARY SHARES	AT 30 JUNE 1999 ORDINARY SHARES
E.S. Langton M.R. Williams	2 2	2 2

CLOSE COMPANY

The company is a close company within the provisions of the Income and Corporation Taxes Act 1988.

The directors' report has been prepared in accordance with special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD

S. LANGTON SECRETARY

12 April 2001

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2000

	2000 £	1999 £
TURNOVER (Note 3)	39,848	6,693
Cost of sales	12,961	1,695
GROSS PROFIT	26,887	4,998
Administrative expenses	24,503	10,834
OPERATING PROFIT/(LOSS) (Note 4)	2,384	(<u>5,836</u>)
	14 <u>44</u>	<u> </u>
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES BEFORE TAXATION	730 1,654	(<u>190</u>) 6,026
Taxation on profit on ordinary activities (Note 5)	131	
PROFIT/(LOSS) ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES AFTER TAXATION	1,785	(<u>6,026</u>)
PROFIT/(LOSS) FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	1,785	(6,026)
(Loss) brought forward	(<u>8,542</u>)	(_2,516)
(LOSS) CARRIED FORWARD	£(6,757)	£(8,542)

All operations are continuing. There were no acquisitions or discontinued operations in the current or preceding year. The above profit and loss account contains all gains and losses recognised in the current and preceding year.

The attached notes form part of the financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET

30 JUNE 2000

		2000 £	1999 £
FIXED ASSETS Tangible assets (Note 6) Intangible assets (Note 7)		11,431 2,718 14,149	1,722 1,597 3,319
CURRENT ASSETS Stocks (Note 8) Debtors (Note 9)	50 4,102 4,152		264 10,764 11,028
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year (Note 10.)	<u>25,054</u>		<u>22,885</u>
NET CURRENT (LIAIBLITIES)		(<u>20,902</u>)	(<u>11,857</u>)
		£(6,753)	£(8,538)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES Called up share capital (Note 11) Profit and loss account		4 (<u>6,757</u>)	4 (<u>8,542</u>)
		£(6,753)	£(8,538)

BALANCE SHEET (continued)

30 JUNE 2000

For the year ended 30 June 2000:

- (a) the company was entitled to the exemption from audit conferred by subsection (1) of section 249A of the Companies Act 1985;
- (b) no notice has been deposited under subsection (2) of section 249B in relation to the accounts for the financial year;
- (c) the directors acknowledge their responsibilities for -
 - (i) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Companies Act 1985, and
 - (ii) preparing accounts which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Act relating to accounts, so far as applicable to the company;
- (d) the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 relating to small companies.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 12 April 2001.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

E.S. LANGTON - Director

The attached notes form part of the financial statements.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

30 JUNE 2000

1. ACCOUNTING RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE DIRECTORS

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- comply with applicable accounting standards subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for maintaining proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Accounting convention:

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention

Depreciation:

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset over its estimated useful life on the following annual bases except for

Computer equipment : 25% straight line Furniture and equipment : 15% reducing balance Motor vehicles : 25% reducing balance

Deferred taxation:

No provision for deferred taxation has been made in respect of relief obtained by virtue of the company's claim for accelerated capital allowances since the directors are of the opinoin that no liability to deferred taxation will arise in the foreseeable future.

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

30 JUNE 1999

3. TURNOVER

Turnover represents the invoiced amount of goods sold and services provided stated net of value added tax. The directors consider the business to be one activity.

The percentage of turnover arising in non United Kingdom markets was nil.

4.	OPERATING LOSS	2000 £	1999 £
	This is stated after charging: Depreciation - own assets	400	588

5. TAXATION ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

Subject to the agreement of HM Inspector of Taxes the company has losses of £10,858 available for set off against future profits of the company.

6.	FIXED ASSETS	-	Furniture/ Equipment		Total
	Cost: At 1 July 1999 Disposals Additions At 30 June 2000	800 - 234 1,034	100	1,500 (1,500) 11,000 11,000	2,400 (1,500) 11,234 12,134
	Accumulated depreciation: At 1 July 1999 Disposals Charge for the year At 30 June 2000	275 - 160 - 435	28 - 11 - 39	375 (375) <u>229</u> 229	678 375 400 703
	Written down value: At 30 June 2000	£ 599	£ 61 :	£ 10,771	£ 11,431
	At 30 June 1999	£ 525	£ 72 :	£ 1,125	£ 1,722

7. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Cost: At 1 July 1999 Additions in year - Website & licences		1,597 1,121
At 30 June 2000	£	2,718

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS

30	JUNE	2000

<u>30 J</u>	UNE 2000		2000		1999
8.	STOCKS		2000		1777
	Goods for resale	£	50 ———	£	264
9.	DEBTORS				
	Corporation tax recoverable Trade debtors Other debtors		4,102		462 982 <u>9,320</u>
		£	4,102	£	10,764
10.	CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u></u>
	Bank overdraft Trade creditors Other taxes and social security Directors current accounts Accruals		11,084 7,338 3,005 2,823 500		7,411 2,310 201 9,620 3,343
		£	25,054	£	22,885
11.	SHARE CAPITAL				
	Authorised: 100 ordinary shares of £1 each	£	100	£	100
	Called up and fully paid: 4 ordinary shares of £1 each	£	4	£	4
12.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENT ON SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS				
	Profit/(Loss) for the financial year after taxation Shareholders' funds at 1 July 1999	(1,785 (_8,538)		(6,026) (2,5 <u>12</u>)
	Shareholders' funds at 30 June 2000	£	(6,753)	£(8,538)

13. RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

The company was controlled throughout the current and preceding period by it's directors who owned the company's share capital.

At 30 June 2000 the balance due to them was as follows:

£1,453 E. Langton £1,370 M. Williams