STRATEGIC REPORT, REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

FOR

SEYMOUR HOUSE RESIDENTIAL CARE HOMES LIMITED

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SEYMOUR HOUSE RESIDENTIAL CARE HOMES LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

DIRECTORS:	M Rhemtulla S Rhemtulla Y Rhemtulla
SECRETARY:	S Rhemtulla
REGISTERED OFFICE:	Seymour House 13/17 Rectory Road Rickmansworth Hertfordshire WD3 1FH
REGISTERED NUMBER:	04676103 (England and Wales)
AUDITORS:	Agnon LLP Chartered Certified Accountants & Registered Auditors Kelvin House Kelvin Way Crawley West Sussex

RH10 9WE

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2022.

REVIEW OF BUSINESS

The results for the year and the financial position at the year end were considered satisfactory by the directors who expect growth in the foreseeable future.

The business environment was challenging during the year due to Covid and shortage in labour market due to brexit. However directors feel business has come come out stronger from these challenges and will remain profitable in the coming years.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

The management of the business and execution of our strategy are subject to number of risks. The following section comprises a summary of the main risks which we believe could potentially impact upon our operating and financial performance.

The company is exposed to price risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The company has limited exposure to price risk. The company's policy includes review and assessment of care plans, identifying and managing the risk by entering into price negotiations with the local authority or other service users. Foreign currency risk - The company has no exposure to foreign currency fluctuations. Interest rate risk - The company has significant exposure to fluctuations in interest rates. The company has policies and procedures in place to identify and manage such risk and in the current economic conditions the risk is considered minimal.

Credit risk - The company's credit risk is minimal.

Liquidity and cashflow risk - The company ensures that there is availability of funding through committed facilities to meet all of its operational requirements.

Legal - The company is subject to various legal and compliance regulations. The company takes this responsibility seriously and ensures that its policies, systems and procedures are continually updated and comply with legal requirements and best practice.

OTHER PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

	2022	2021
Turnover (GBP £'000)	2,970	3,041
Gross profit %	31.13	41.30
Net profit %	13.39	27.69

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

S Rhemtulla - Secretary

10 October 2022

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

The directors present their report with the financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 March 2022.

DIVIDENDS

An interim dividend of £6 per share was paid on . The directors recommend that no final dividend be paid.

The total distribution of dividends for the year ended 31 March 2022 will be £ 6,000.

DIRECTORS

The directors shown below have held office during the whole of the period from 1 April 2021 to the date of this report.

M Rhemtulla

S Rhemtulla

Y Rhemtulla

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, the Report of the Directors and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

STATEMENT AS TO DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

So far as the directors are aware, there is no relevant audit information (as defined by Section 418 of the Companies Act 2006) of which the company's auditors are unaware, and each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

AUDITORS

The auditors, Agnon LLP, will be proposed for re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

S Rhemtulla - Secretary

10 October 2022

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF SEYMOUR HOUSE RESIDENTIAL CARE HOMES LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Seymour House Residential Care Homes Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the Income Statement, Other Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, Cash Flow Statement and Notes to the Cash Flow Statement, Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors, but does not include the financial statements and our Report of the Auditors thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and the Report of the Directors have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF SEYMOUR HOUSE RESIDENTIAL CARE HOMES LIMITED

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report or the Report of the Directors.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page three, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue a Report of the Auditors that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

- Reviewing the financial statement disclosures and testing to supporting documentation to assess compliance with provisions of relevant laws and regulations described as having a direct effect on the financial statements;
- Enquiring of management, the Audit & Risk Committee in-house and external legal counsel concerning actual and potential litigation and claims;
- Performing analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships that may indicate risks of material misstatement due to fraud;
- Reading minutes of meetings of those charged with governance;
- Obtained an understanding of provisions and held discussions with management to understand the basis of recognition or non-recognition of tax provisions; and
- In addressing the risk of fraud through management override of controls, testing the appropriateness of journal entries and other adjustments; assessing whether the judgements made in making accounting estimates are indicative of a potential bias; and evaluating the business rationale of any significant transactions that are unusual or outside the normal course of business.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

REPORT OF THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS TO THE MEMBERS OF SEYMOUR HOUSE RESIDENTIAL CARE HOMES LIMITED

Use of our report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in a Report of the Auditors and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

M I Ashraf FCCA (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Agnon LLP Chartered Certified Accountants & Registered Auditors Kelvin House Kelvin Way Crawley West Sussex RH10 9WE

10 October 2022

INCOME STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

	Notes	31.3.22 ₤	31.3.21 £
TURNOVER		2,970,595	3,041,410
Cost of sales GROSS PROFIT		<u>2,045,814</u> 924,781	1,785,387 1,256,023
Administrative expenses		<u>466,298</u> 458,483	357,101 898,922
Other operating income OPERATING PROFIT	4	347 458,830	<u>4,551</u> 903,473
Interest payable and similar expenses PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION	5	<u>60,932</u> 397,898	61,192 842,281
Tax on profit PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR	6	$\frac{109,707}{288,191}$	188,566 653,715

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

	Notes	31.3,22 £	31.3.21 £
PROFIT FOR THE YEAR		288,191	653,715
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME			
FOR THE YEAR		288,191_	653,715

BALANCE SHEET 31 March 2022

		31.3.22		31.3.21	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	8		-		-
Tangible assets	9		6,672,051		6,828,195
-			6,672,051		6,828,195
CHIMANNAM ANNINA					
CURRENT ASSETS	10	120.050		20.110	
Debtors	10	139,950		39,119	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>2,964,438</u>	_	3,073,128	
		3,104,388		3,112,247	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	1 1	1,976,433	_	2,264,808	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			1,127,955		847,439
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			7,800,006		7,675,634
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
	12		(2,667,874)		(2,831,252)
year	12		(2,007,874)		(2,031,232)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	15		(37,408)		(31,849)
NET ASSETS			5,094,724		4,812,533
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	16		999		999
Retained earnings	17		5,093,725		4,811,534
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			5,094,724		4,812,533

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 10 October 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

M Rhemtulla - Director

S Rhemtulla - Director

Y Rhemtulla - Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

	Called up share capital £	Retained carnings £	Total equity £
Balance at 1 April 2020	999	4,163,819	4,164,818
Changes in equity			
Total comprehensive income	-	653,715	653,715
Dividends		(6,000)	(6,000)
Balance at 31 March 2021	999	4,811,534	4,812,533
Changes in equity			
Total comprehensive income	-	288,191	288,191
Dividends	_	(6,000)	(6,000)
Balance at 31 March 2022	999	5,093,725	5,094,724

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

	N.	31.3.22	31.3.21
	Notes	£	${f f}$
Cash flows from operating activities	1	554.142	1.000.207
Cash generated from operations	I	574,142	1,099,396
Interest paid		(60,932)	(61,192)
Tax paid		(195,333)	(173,389)
Net cash from operating activities		317,877	864,815
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(34,336)	(1,119)
Net cash from investing activities		(34,336)	(1,119)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Loan repayments in year		(147,914)	(145,006)
Amount introduced by directors		6,002	-
Amount withdrawn by directors		(244,666)	(27,999)
Government grants		347	4,550
Equity dividends paid		(6,000)	(6,000)
Net cash from financing activities		(392,231)	(174,455)
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivaler	nts	(108,690)	689,241
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of		, ,	,
year	2	3,073,128	2,383,887
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	2	2,964,438	3,073,128

NOTES TO THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

1. RECONCILIATION OF PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION TO CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS

	31.3.22	31.3.21
	£	£
Profit before taxation	397,898	842,281
Depreciation charges	190,480	194,488
Government grants	(347)	(4,551)
Finance costs	60,932	61,192
	648,963	1,093,410
Increase in trade and other debtors	(100,831)	(2,738)
Increase in trade and other creditors	26,010	8,724
Cash generated from operations	574,142	1,099,396

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The amounts disclosed on the Cash Flow Statement in respect of cash and cash equivalents are in respect of these Balance Sheet amounts:

Year ended 31 March 2022

	31.3.22	1.4.21
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>2,964,438</u>	3,073,128
Year ended 31 March 2021		
	31.3.21	1.4.20
	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents	3,073,128	2,383,887

3. ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET FUNDS

	At 1.4.21 £	Cash flow £	At 31.3.22
Net cash			
Cash at bank and in hand	3,073,128	(108,690)	2,964,438
	3,073,128	(108,690)	2,964,438
Debt			<u> </u>
Debts falling due within 1 year	(132,451)	(15,464)	(147,915)
Debts falling due after 1 year	(2,831,252)	163,378	(2,667,874)
	(2,963,703)	147,914	(2,815,789)
Total	109,425	39,224	148,649

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Seymour House Residential Care Homes Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Goodwill

Goodwill, being the amount paid in connection with the acquisition of a business in 0, is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of nil years.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Freehold property - 2% on cost

Fixtures and fittings - 15% on reducing balance Computer equipment - 33% on reducing balance

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

3.	EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS		
		31.3.22	31.3.21
	***	£	£
	Wages and salaries Social security costs	1,783,004 134,714	1,568,604 130,113
	Other pension costs	25,166	18,099
	Other pension costs	1,942,884	1,716,816
	The average number of employees during the year was as follows:		
		31.3.22	31.3.21
	Directors	3	3
	Care operatives	<u>75</u>	72
		<u>78</u>	<u>75</u>
		31.3.22	31.3.21
		£	£
	Directors' remuneration	<u>33,515</u>	33,040
4.	OPERATING PROFIT		
	The operating profit is stated after charging:		
		31.3.22	31.3.21
		£	£
	Depreciation - owned assets	190,480	194,487
	Auditors' remuneration	<u>7,000</u>	<u>7,000</u>
5.	INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR EXPENSES		
		31.3.22	31.3.21
	Bank loan interest	£	£
	Bank loan Interest	<u>60,932</u>	61,192
6.	TAXATION		
	Analysis of the tax charge		
	The tax charge on the profit for the year was as follows:		
		31.3.22	31.3.21
	Current tax:	£	£
	UK corporation tax	104,148	195,408
	Oix corporation and	107,170	173,400
	Deferred tax	5,559	(6,842)
	Tax on profit	109,707	188,566

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

6. TAXATION - continued

Reconciliation of total tax charge included in profit and loss

The tax assessed for the year is higher than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK. The difference is explained below:

		31.3.22 €	31.3.21
	Profit before tax	397,898	£ 842,281
	Profit multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% (2021 - 19%)	75,601	160,033
	Effects of:		
	Depreciation in excess of capital allowances	28,547	35,374
	Deferred taxation movement in the year	5,559	(6,841)
	Total tax charge	109,707	188,566
7.	DIVIDENDS		
		31.3.22	31.3.21
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	£	£
	Interim	<u>6,000</u>	6,000
8.	INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
			Goodwill £
	COST		r
	At I April 2021		
	and 31 March 2022		<u> 120,000</u>
	AMORTISATION At 1 April 2021		
	and 31 March 2022		120,000
	NET BOOK VALUE		
	At 31 March 2022		
	At 31 March 2021		

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Fixtures			
	Freehold property	and fittings	Computer equipment	Totals
COST	£	£	£	ı
At 1 April 2021	7,508,592	877,849	304,232	8,690,673
Additions		34,336		34,336
At 31 March 2022	7,508,592	912,185	304,232	8,725,009
DEPRECIATION				
At 1 April 2021	880,771	705,813	275,894	1,862,478
Charge for year	150,172	30,956	9,352	190,480
At 31 March 2022	1,030,943	736,769	285,246	2,052,958
NET BOOK VALUE				
At 31 March 2022	6,477,649	175,416	18,986	6,672,051
At 31 March 2021	6,627,821	172,036	28,338	6,828,195

Included in cost of land and buildings is freehold land of £ 2,750,000 (2021 - £ 2,750,000) which is not depreciated.

10	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR
10.	DEDICKS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUL WITHIN ONE TEAK

	31.3.22	31.3.21
	£	£
Trade debtors	132,940	32,151
Prepayments and accrued income	7,010	6,968
	139,950	39,119
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
	31.3.22	31.3.21
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 13)	147,915	132,451
Tax	104,223	195,408
Social security and other taxes	43,176	34,649
Other creditors	128,092	111,748
Directors' current accounts	1,540,768	1,779,432
Accruals and deferred income	12,259	11,120
	1,976,433	2,264,808
CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
	31.3.22	31.3.21
	£	£
Bank loans (see note 13)	2,667,874	2,831,252
	Prepayments and accrued income CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 13) Tax Social security and other taxes Other creditors Directors' current accounts Accruals and deferred income CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR	Trade debtors 132,940 Prepayments and accrued income 7,010 139,950 139,950 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR Bank loans and overdrafts (see note 13) 147,915 Tax 104,223 Social security and other taxes 43,176 Other creditors 128,092 Directors' current accounts 1,540,768 Accruals and deferred income 12,259 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR 31,3,22 \$\frac{\fr

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

13. LOANS

An analysis	of the	maturity	of loans	is	given below:	:

	An analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:			
			31.3.22 £	31.3.21 £
	Amounts falling due within one year or on demand: Bank loans		<u>147,915</u>	<u>132,451</u>
	Amounts falling due between two and five years: Bank loans - 2-5 years		2,667,874	2,831,252
14.	SECURED DEBTS			
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:			
			31.3.22 £	31.3.21
	Bank loans		<u>2,815,789</u>	£ 2,963,703
	The bank loans are secured by charges over the assets of the company.			
15.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			
	Deferred tax		31.3.22 £	31.3.21 £
	Accelerated capital allowances		37,408	<u>31,849</u>
				Deferred tax £
	Balance at 1 April 2021			31,849
	Change during the year Balance at 31 March 2022			5,559 37,408
16.	CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL			
	Allotted, issued and fully paid:	NT 1 1		21 2 21
	Number: Class:	Nominal value:	31.3.22 £	31.3.21 £
	999 Ordinary	£1	<u>999</u>	<u>999</u>

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 March 2022

17. **RESERVES**

Retained earnings £
4,811,534
288,191
(6,000)

5,093,725

At 1 April 2021 Profit for the year Dividends At 31 March 2022

18. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY

Seymour House Investments Limited is regarded by the directors as being the company's ultimate parent company.

The ultimate controlling interest is equally held by Mr M Rhemtulla, Mr S Rhemtulla and Miss Y Rhemtulla.

19. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

Included within other creditors is an amount of £1,540,768 (2021: £1,779,433) due to the directors of the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.