Registered number: 12572167

LW THEATRE TRAINING LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

LW Theatre Training Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

Contents

	Page
Statement of Financial Position	1—2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3-5

LW Theatre Training Limited Statement of Financial Position As At 30 April 2023

Registered number: 12572167

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	4		28,000		32,000
Tangible Assets	5	_	304	_	587
			28,304		32,587
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	6	3,663		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		59 ,55 1		28,950	
		63,214		28,950	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(35,420)		(24,399)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		-	27,794	-	4,551
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES		-	56,098	-	37,138
NET ASSETS		=	56,098	=	37,138
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	8		100		100
Share premium account			18,468		18,468
Income Statement		_	37,530	_	18,570
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		=	56,098	=	37,138

LW Theatre Training Limited Statement of Financial Position (continued) As At 30 April 2023

For the year ending 30 April 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Income Statement.

Miss Lindsey Wise
Director

On behalf of the board

21/12/2023

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

LW Theatre Training Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

1. General Information

LW Theatre Training Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 12572167. The registered office is 59 London Road, Biggleswade, Bedfordshire, SG18 8ED.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Goodwill

Goodwill is the difference between amounts paid on the acquisition of a business and the fair value of the separable net assets. It is amortised to income statement over its estimated economic life of 10 years.

2.4. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Computer Equipment

33% Straight line

2.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

LW Theatre Training Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 1 (2022: 1)

4. Intangible Assets

4. Intangible Assets		Goodwill £
Cost		_
As at 1 May 2022		40,000
As at 30 April 2023		40,000
Amortisation		
As at 1 May 2022		8,000
Provided during the period		4,000
As at 30 April 2023		12,000
Net Book Value		
As at 30 April 2023		28,000
As at 1 May 2022		32,000
5. Tangible Assets		
		Computer Equipment
		£
Cost		0.10
As at 1 May 2022		849
As at 30 April 2023		<u>849</u>
Depreciation		
As at 1 May 2022 Provided during the period		262 283
As at 30 April 2023		545
Net Book Value		204
As at 30 April 2023		304
As at 1 May 2022		587
6. Debtors		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Due within one year	3.55	
Other taxes and social security	3,663	
	3,663	-

LW Theatre Training Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Corporation tax	14,318	7,401
VAT	10,177	6,231
Director's loan account	10,925	10,767
	35,420	24,399
8. Share Capital		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.