

**TIGER FOX POWER (NORFOLK) LIMITED**

**UNAUDITED**

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

**INFORMATION FOR FILING WITH THE REGISTRAR**

**FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

**TIGER FOX POWER (NORFOLK) LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER: 02843591**

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION**  
**AS AT 31 MARCH 2023**

|   | Note | 2023<br>£             | 2022<br>£             |
|---|------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| <b>Fixed assets</b>                                     |      |                       |                       |
| Investment property                                     | 4    | 487,500               | 487,500               |
|   |      | <u>487,500</u>        | <u>487,500</u>        |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                   |      |                       |                       |
| Debtors: amounts falling due within one year            | 5    | 2,110                 | 679                   |
| Cash at bank and in hand                                |      | 154,757               | 182,648               |
|   |      | <u>156,867</u>        | <u>183,327</u>        |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year          | 6    | (21,936)              | (11,905)              |
| <b>Net current assets</b>                               |      | <u>134,931</u>        | <u>171,422</u>        |
| <b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>            |      | <u>622,431</u>        | <u>658,922</u>        |
| Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year | 7    | (194,662)             | (221,423)             |
| <b>Provisions for liabilities</b>                       |      |                       |                       |
| Deferred tax  | 9    | (77,016)              | (79,448)              |
|   |      | <u>(77,016)</u>       | <u>(79,448)</u>       |
| <b>Net assets</b>                                       |      | <u><u>350,753</u></u> | <u><u>358,051</u></u> |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b>                             |      |                       |                       |
| Called up share capital                                 |      | 27,500                | 27,500                |
| Profit and loss account                                 |      | 323,253               | 330,551               |
|   |      | <u><u>350,753</u></u> | <u><u>358,051</u></u> |

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**TIGER FOX POWER (NORFOLK) LIMITED**  
**REGISTERED NUMBER: 02843591**

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**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (CONTINUED)**  
**AS AT 31 MARCH 2023**

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The director considers that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the income statement in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf by:

**E M Williams**  
Director

Date: 18 December 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

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**1. General information**

Tiger Fox Power (Norfolk) Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales, registration number 02843591. The registered office is 12 Trinity Street, Norwich, Norfolk, NR2 2BQ.

**2. Accounting policies**

**2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The financial statements are presented in sterling which is the functional currency of the company and rounded to the nearest £.

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless otherwise stated.

**2.2 Turnover**

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the turnover can be reliably measured. Turnover is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before turnover is recognised:

**Sale of goods**

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

**Rendering of services**

Turnover from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

- the amount of turnover can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the Company will receive the consideration due under the contract;
- the stage of completion of the contract at the end of the reporting period can be measured reliably; and
- the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.3 Interest income**

Interest income is recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

**2.4 Finance costs**

Finance costs are charged to profit or loss over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

**2.5 Borrowing costs**

All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the year in which they are incurred.

**2.6 Current and deferred taxation**

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the reporting date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

**2.7 Investment property**

Investment property is carried at fair value determined annually by the director and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

**2.8 Debtors**

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

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**2. Accounting policies (continued)**

**2.9 Cash and cash equivalents**

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

**2.10 Creditors**

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**2.11 Provisions for liabilities**

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to profit or loss in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at the reporting date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the Statement of financial position.

**2.12 Financial instruments**

**Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables, cash and bank balances, are initially measured at their transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at their amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any provision for impairment, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Discounting is omitted where the effect of discounting is immaterial. The Company's cash and cash equivalents, trade and most other receivables due with the operating cycle fall into this category of financial instruments.

**2.13 Dividends**

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders.

**3. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the year was 1 (2022 - 1).

**TIGER FOX POWER (NORFOLK) LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

**4. Investment property**

|                         | Freehold<br>investment<br>property<br>£ |
|-------------------------|---|
| <b>Valuation</b>        |   |
| At 1 April 2022         | 487,500                                 |
|                         | <hr/>                                   |
| <b>At 31 March 2023</b> | <b>487,500</b>                          |
|                         | <hr/> <hr/>                             |

The 2023 valuations were made by the director, on an open market value for existing use basis.

**5. Debtors**

|                                | 2023<br>£    | 2022<br>£   |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Prepayments and accrued income | 2,110        | 679         |
|                                | <hr/>        | <hr/>       |
|                                | <b>2,110</b> | <b>679</b>  |
|                                | <hr/> <hr/>  | <hr/> <hr/> |

**6. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year**

|                              | 2023<br>£     | 2022<br>£     |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| Accruals and deferred income | 21,936        | 11,905        |
|                              | <hr/>         | <hr/>         |
|                              | <b>21,936</b> | <b>11,905</b> |
|                              | <hr/> <hr/>   | <hr/> <hr/>   |

**7. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year**

|             | 2023<br>£      | 2022<br>£      |
|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| Other loans | 194,662        | 221,423        |
|             | <hr/>          | <hr/>          |
|             | <b>194,662</b> | <b>221,423</b> |
|             | <hr/> <hr/>    | <hr/> <hr/>    |

**TIGER FOX POWER (NORFOLK) LIMITED**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

**8. Loans**

Analysis of the maturity of loans is given below:

|                                      | 2023<br>£      | 2022<br>£      |
|--------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| <b>Amounts falling due 1-2 years</b> |                |                |
| Other loans                          | 194,662        | 221,423        |
|                                      | <u>194,662</u> | <u>221,423</u> |
|                                      |                |                |
|                                      | <u>194,662</u> | <u>221,423</u> |

**9. Deferred taxation**

|                           | 2023<br>£       | 2022<br>£       |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| At beginning of year      | (79,448)        | (61,243)        |
| Charged to profit or loss | 2,432           | (18,205)        |
|                           | <u>(77,016)</u> | <u>(79,448)</u> |

The provision for deferred taxation is made up as follows:

|  | 2023<br>£     | 2022<br>£     |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| Tax losses carried forward                   | (4,603)       | (2,171)       |
| Tax on unrealised property revaluation gains | 81,619        | 81,619        |
|  | <u>77,016</u> | <u>79,448</u> |

**10. Related party transactions**

E M & L Williams have made loans to the company. The amount outstanding as at 31 March 2023 was £194,662 (2022: £221,423). Interest charged on the loans during the year was £17,820 (2022: £7,497).





This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.