Registered number: 09271072

IWS DESIGN LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 OCTOBER 2022

IWS Design Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 October 2022

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IWS Design Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 October 2022

Registered number: 09271072

		202	2	2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3	_	1,047	_	1,423
			4.047		4 400
OURDENT ACCETS			1,047		1,423
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	4	4.630		E 0.41	
Cash at bank and in hand	4	4,620 16,374		5,041 9,249	
Cash at bank and in hand			-	9,249	
		20,994		14,290	
		,		_ ,,	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	5	(11,557)		(14,545)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			9,437		(255)
		_		_	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			10,484		1,168
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES				_	
Deferred Taxation		_	(199)	_	(270)
NET ASSETS			10,285		898
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				_	
Called up share capital	6		100		100
Profit and Loss Account		_	10,185	_	798
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		=	10,285	_	898 ————

IWS Design Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 October 2022

For the year ending 31 October 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr David George

Director

16/06/2023

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

IWS Design Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 October 2022

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold over 50 years
Leasehold over the lease term
Plant & Machinery over 4 years
Fixtures & Fittings over 5 years

1.4. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.5. Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

IWS Design Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 October 2022

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 1 (2021: NIL)

Tangible Assets

		Plant & Machinery
		£
Cost		
As at 1 November 2021		12,424
Additions		560
As at 31 October 2022		12,984
Depreciation		
As at 1 November 2021		11,001
Provided during the period		936
As at 31 October 2022		11,937
Net Book Value		
As at 31 October 2022		1,047
As at 1 November 2021		1,423
4. Debtors		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	4,590	4,420
Prepayments and accrued income	30	621
	4,620	5,041

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Trade creditors	(35)	7
Corporation tax	10,696	5,395
Other taxes and social security	31	-
Net wages	445	-
Other creditors	-	5,000
Accruals and deferred income	108	108
Director's loan account	312	4,035
	11,557	14,545

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

IWS Design Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 31 October 2022

6. Share Capital

	2022	2021
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
7. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees		
Dividends paid to directors		

	2022	2021
	£	£
Mr David George	9,765	28,659

8. Controlling Party

The company's controlling party is D George due to his majority shareholding.

9. General Information

IWS Design Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 09271072 . The registered office is Beggar's Roost Badminton Road, Old Sodbury, Bristol, BS37 6LR.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.