

**ACCESS REPAIRS LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023**

Access Repairs Limited
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

Contents

	Page
Balance Sheet	1–2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3–5

Access Repairs Limited
Balance Sheet
As At 31 March 2023

Registered number: 05692471

		2023		2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4		26,101		23,681
			26,101		23,681
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	5	550		550	
Debtors	6	44,710		28,569	
Cash at bank and in hand		3		7,201	
		45,263		36,320	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(40,879)		(36,484)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			4,384		(164)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			30,485		23,517
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	8	(30,458)		(23,500)	
NET ASSETS			27		17
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	10		2		2
Profit and Loss Account			25		15
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			27		17

Access Repairs Limited
Balance Sheet (continued)
As At 31 March 2023

For the year ending 31 March 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr D M Pountney

Director

18 December 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Access Repairs Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

1. General Information

Access Repairs Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 05692471 . The registered office is 28 Hillside, Shire Oak, Walsall, West Midlands, WS8 7AE.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold	0%
Plant & Machinery	25%
Motor Vehicles	25%
Fixtures & Fittings	25%
Computer Equipment	25%

2.4. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period.

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

2.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

Access Repairs Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

2.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 1 (2022: 2)

4. Tangible Assets

	Land & Property Freehold	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 April 2022	10,554	12,138	11,350	34,042
Additions	-	-	16,114	16,114
Disposals	-	-	(11,350)	(11,350)
As at 31 March 2023	<u>10,554</u>	<u>12,138</u>	<u>16,114</u>	<u>38,806</u>
Depreciation				
As at 1 April 2022	-	7,523	2,838	10,361
Provided during the period	-	1,154	4,028	5,182
Disposals	-	-	(2,838)	(2,838)
As at 31 March 2023	<u>-</u>	<u>8,677</u>	<u>4,028</u>	<u>12,705</u>
Net Book Value				
As at 31 March 2023	<u>10,554</u>	<u>3,461</u>	<u>12,086</u>	<u>26,101</u>
As at 1 April 2022	<u>10,554</u>	<u>4,615</u>	<u>8,512</u>	<u>23,681</u>

5. Stocks

	2023	2022
	£	£
Materials	550	550
	<u>550</u>	<u>550</u>

Access Repairs Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 31 March 2023

6. Debtors

	2023	2022
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	18,681	9,242
Prepayments and accrued income	15,400	-
Other debtors	3,720	6,487
VAT	2,329	32
Director's loan account	4,580	12,808
	<u>44,710</u>	<u>28,569</u>

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	3,456	-
Trade creditors	2,324	592
Bank loans and overdrafts	8,354	9,339
Corporation tax	22,393	21,833
Other taxes and social security	152	90
Accruals and deferred income	4,200	4,630
	<u>40,879</u>	<u>36,484</u>

8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	12,958	-
Bank loans	17,500	23,500
	<u>30,458</u>	<u>23,500</u>

9. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase

	2023	2022
	£	£
The future minimum finance lease payments are as follows:		
Not later than one year	3,456	-
Later than one year and not later than five years	12,958	-
	<u>16,414</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>16,414</u>	<u>-</u>

10. Share Capital

	2023	2022
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

11. Directors Advances, Credits and Guarantees

Included within Debtors are the following loans to directors:

The above loan is unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.