REGISTERED NUMBER: 08557833 (England and Wales)

Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

for

Brandy Carnaby Limited

Brandy Carnaby Limited (Registered number: 08557833)

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Brandy Carnaby Limited

Company Information for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

DIRECTORS: Ms Kermabon A Sarracino

REGISTERED OFFICE: Unit 1a 7, Spa Road

London

United Kingdom SE16 3QP

REGISTERED NUMBER: 08557833 (England and Wales)

AUDITORS: Belluzzo Audit Limited

Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors

38 Craven Street

London WC2N 5NG

Brandy Carnaby Limited (Registered number: 08557833)

Balance Sheet

31 December 2021

		202	21	202	0
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible assets	4		140,236		213,874
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	5	159,162		179,819	
Debtors	6	78,352		85,607	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,515,495		708,991	
		1,753,009		974,417	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	1,070,748		338,691	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			682,261		635,726
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES			822,497		849,600
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	8		(41,343)		(104,028)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	10		(8,186)		(16,530)
NET ASSETS			772,968		729,042
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	1 1		1		1
Retained earnings			772,967		729,041
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			772,968		729,042
• • •					

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 25 May 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

A Sarracino - Director

Notes to the Financial Statements

for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Brandy Carnaby Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life.

Long leasehold - over 10 years Fixtures & fittings - 25% straight line

Government grants

JRS - Coronavirus job retention scheme

The Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJRS) results in cash payments from government to compensate employers for part of the wages, associated national insurance contributions (NICs) and employer pension contributions of employees who have been placed on furlough. The company has chosen to account for CJRS government grant by adopting the accrual model under Section 24 of FRS 102.

Revenues have been recognised as income on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity has recognised the related costs for which the grant was intended to compensate.

SBGF - Small Business Grant Fund

The Small Business Grant Fund (SBGF) is a cash payment from local authorities to eligible businesses and is accounted for in accordance with Section 24 of FRS 102. The government grant has no future performance-related conditions.

The company has chosen to account for SBGF government grant by adopting the performance model under Section 24.5B(a) of FRS 102 a grant that does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

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Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign exchange

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 22 (2020 - 21).

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Land and buildings £	Plant and machinery etc £	Totals £
297,237	232,858	530,095
170,364	145,857	316,221
<u>29,724</u>	43,914	73,638
200,088	189,771	389,859
97,149	43,087	140,236
126,873	87,001	213,874
	buildings £ 297,237 170,364 29,724 200,088 97,149	Land and buildings machinery etc £ £ 297,237 232,858 170,364 145,857 29,724 43,914 200,088 189,771 97,149 43,087

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

5.	STOCKS		
٥,		2021	2020
		£	£
	Finished goods	<u>159,162</u>	<u>179,819</u>
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
0.	DEDICALS AMOUNTS TALBING DOL WITHIN ONE TEM	2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade debtors	9,060	_
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	52,807	30,299
	Other debtors	16,485	55,308
		<u> 78,352</u>	<u>85,607</u>
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	348,193	107,799
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	474,006	66,865
	Taxation and social security	142,411	72,937
	Other creditors	106,138	91,090
		1,070,748	338,691
8.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE		
	YEAR		
		2021	2020
	Other creditors	£	£
	Other creditors	41,343	104,028
9.	LEASING AGREEMENTS		
	Minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases fall due as follows:		
	withinfillin lease payments under non-cancenable operating leases fair due as follows.	2021	2020
		£	£
	Within one year	452,262	439,391
	Between one and five years	219,096	671,358
		671,358	1,110,749
10	PROVICIONS FOR LLABILITIES		
10.	PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES	2021	2020
		£	2020 £
	Deferred tax	8,186	<u>16,530</u>
	Deterior tax		10,550
			Deferred
			tax
			£
	Balance at 1 January 2021		16,530
	Provided during year		(8,344)
	Balance at 31 December 2021		<u>8,186</u>

Brandy Carnaby Limited (Registered number: 08557833)

Notes to the Financial Statements - continued for the Year Ended 31 December 2021

11. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, issu	ed and fully paid:			
Number:	Class:	Nominal	2021	2020
		value:	£	£
1	Ordinary	1	1	1

12. DISCLOSURE UNDER SECTION 444(5B) OF THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

The Report of the Auditors was unqualified.

Tony Castagnetti (Senior Statutory Auditor) for and on behalf of Belluzzo Audit Limited

13. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

During the year, the company was charged royalties of £330,956 (2020: £234,757) from YYGM SA, a company owned by the director's son.

At 31st December 2021, amount due to YYGM SA was £127,421 (2020: £47,501).

14. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

The increase in the energy prices, bank interest rates and inflation is leading UK into a cost of living crisis. This is expected to affect the lower and middle class families, considering they are the main target customers of this company, this could have a negative impact on non-essential retail and it is possible to expect a drop in sales post year end. The directors have recognised this issue and are closely monitoring the situation, while exploring alternative strategies to improve sales.

15. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The ultimate controlling party is M Kermabon, who is the director of the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.