

Registered number
06970226

Builders Quantities Ltd

Report and Accounts

31 July 2023

33 Wolverhampton Road
Cannock
Staffordshire
WS11 1AP

Builders Quantities Ltd**Registered number: 06970226****Balance Sheet****as at 31 July 2023**

	Notes	2023	2022
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	160	239
Current assets			
Debtors	5	2,730	1,850
Cash at bank and in hand		6,442	3,096
		<u>9,172</u>	<u>4,946</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(5,252)	(4,213)
Net current assets		<u>3,920</u>	<u>733</u>
Net assets		<u>4,080</u>	<u>972</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		101	101
Profit and loss account		3,979	871
Shareholders' funds		<u>4,080</u>	<u>972</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Karl Nicholas Hoare

Director

Approved by the board on 3 January 2024

Builders Quantities Ltd
Notes to the Accounts
for the year ended 31 July 2023

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery	33% straight line
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Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

2	Employees	2023 Number	2022 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>

3	Intangible fixed assets	£
	Goodwill:	
	Cost	
	At 1 August 2022	10,000
	At 31 July 2023	<u>10,000</u>
	Amortisation	
	At 1 August 2022	10,000
	At 31 July 2023	<u>10,000</u>
	Net book value	
	At 31 July 2023	<u>-</u>

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

4	Tangible fixed assets	Plant and machinery etc £
	Cost	
	At 1 August 2022	1,380
	Disposals	(841)
	At 31 July 2023	<u>539</u>
	Depreciation	
	At 1 August 2022	1,141
	Charge for the year	80
	On disposals	(842)
	At 31 July 2023	<u>379</u>
	Net book value	
	At 31 July 2023	<u>160</u>
	At 31 July 2022	<u>239</u>

5	Debtors	2023 £	2022 £
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Trade debtors	<u>2,730</u>	<u>1,850</u>
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6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

2023 **2022**

£ **£**

Corporation tax	1,686	822
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Other creditors	3,566	3,391
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	<u>5,252</u>	<u>4,213</u>
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