# **EVANS AND JONES LTD**

Filleted Accounts

30 June 2022

# **EVANS AND JONES LTD**

Registered number: 08117179

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 30 June 2022

	Notes		2022		2021
			£		£
Fixed assets					
Intangible assets	3		26,250		41,250
Tangible assets	4		970,859		978,348
			997,109		1,019,598
Current assets					
Stocks		249,280		186,175	
Debtors	5	169,108		149,460	
Cash at bank and in hand		100,450		204,330	
		518,838		539,965	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	6	(323,080)		(239,400)	
Net current assets			195,758		300,565
Total assets less current liabilities		-	1,192,867	-	1,320,163
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	7		(1,297,867)		(1,434,788)
Provisions for liabilities			(45,085)		(33,980)
Net liabilities			(150,085)		(148,605)
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss account			(150,087)		(148,607)
Shareholders' funds			(150,085)		(148,605)

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

Mr SN Smith
Director

Approved by the board on 29 June 2023

### **EVANS AND JONES LTD**

#### **Notes to the Accounts**

# for the year ended 30 June 2022

#### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Freehold buildings over 50 years

Leasehold land and buildings over the lease term

Plant, machinery and vehicles over 10 years reducing balance Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 10 years reducing balance

## Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at

amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

#### Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### **Pensions**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees 2022 2021

	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	32	28
Intangible fixed assets		£
Goodwill:		
Cost		
At 1 July 2021		150,000
At 30 June 2022	- -	150,000
Amortisation		
At 1 July 2021		108,750
Provided during the year		15,000
At 30 June 2022		123,750
Net book value		
At 30 June 2022		26,250
At 30 June 2021	•	41,250
	•	

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 10 years.

# 4 Tangible fixed assets

3

	ŭ	Land and buildings	Plant and machinery etc	Motor vehicles	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost				
	At 1 July 2021	739,443	345,165	22,292	1,106,900
	Additions	(150)	27,305	-	27,155
	At 30 June 2022	739,293	372,470	22,292	1,134,055
	Depreciation				
	At 1 July 2021	18,000	108,323	2,229	128,552
	Charge for the year	6,000	26,415	2,229	34,644
	At 30 June 2022	24,000	134,738	4,458	163,196
	Net book value				
	At 30 June 2022	715,293	237,732	17,834	970,859
	At 30 June 2021	721,443	236,842	20,063	978,348
_					
5	Debtors			2022	2021
				£	£
	Trade debtors			160,286	140,638

	Other debtors	8,822	8,822
		169,108	149,460
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	29,668	-
	Trade creditors	237,024	206,442
	Taxation and social security costs	48,787	21,703
	Other creditors	7,601	11,255
		323,080	239,400
7	Creditors: amounts falling due after one year	2022	2021
		£	£
	Bank loans	1,251,380	1,364,560
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	46,487	70,228
		1,297,867	1,434,788

# 8 Related party transactions

The directors, Mr SN and Mrs KA Smith jointly made net withdrawals from the company during the year of £1684. The amount due to the directors at the balance sheet date was £2714

# 9 Controlling party

The company is controlled by the Directors.

# 10 Other information

EVANS AND JONES LTD is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales. Its registered office is:

Tanerdy Garage

Tanerdy

Carmarthen

Carms

**SA31 2EY** 

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