

**FASTLINK HAULAGE LTD  
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JULY 2022**

UK Tax Accountants  
89 Jacobs Well Lane  
Wakefield  
WF1 3PB

**Fastlink Haulage Ltd**  
**Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 31 July 2022**

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**Fastlink Haulage Ltd**  
**Balance Sheet**  
**As at 31 July 2022**

Registered number: 06363044

		2022	2021
	Notes	£	£
<b>FIXED ASSETS</b>			
Tangible Assets	3	30,726	15,005
		30,726	15,005
<b>CURRENT ASSETS</b>			
Cash at bank and in hand		41,426	33,361
		41,426	33,361
<b>Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year</b>	4	(14,447 )	(10,106 )
<b>NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)</b>		26,979	23,255
<b>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</b>		57,705	38,260
<b>NET ASSETS</b>		57,705	38,260
<b>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</b>			
Called up share capital	5	100	100
Profit and Loss Account		57,605	38,160
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</b>		57,705	38,260

For the year ending 31 July 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Fida Malik

Director

12th August 2022

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these financial statements.

**Fastlink Haulage Ltd**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**For The Year Ended 31 July 2022**

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**1. Accounting Policies**

**1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements**

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

**1.2. Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

**Sale of goods**

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

**Rendering of services**

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

**1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation**

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Motor Vehicles	10
Fixtures & Fittings	10
Computer Equipment	0

**1.4. Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

**2. Average Number of Employees**

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 2 (2021: 2)

**Fastlink Haulage Ltd**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)**  
**For The Year Ended 31 July 2022**

**3. Tangible Assets**

	<b>Motor Vehicles</b>	<b>Fixtures &amp; Fittings</b>	<b>Computer Equipment</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
<b>Cost</b>				
As at 1 August 2021	39,488	1,351	3,335	44,174
Additions	18,800	-	-	18,800
As at 31 July 2022	58,288	1,351	3,335	62,974
<b>Depreciation</b>				
As at 1 August 2021	27,802	1,034	333	29,169
Provided during the period	3,048	31	-	3,079
As at 31 July 2022	30,850	1,065	333	32,248
<b>Net Book Value</b>				
As at 31 July 2022	27,438	286	3,002	30,726
As at 1 August 2021	11,686	317	3,002	15,005

**4. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Trade creditors	1	-
Corporation tax	8,100	6,042
VAT	5,346	3,064
Accruals and deferred income	1,000	1,000
	14,447	10,106

**5. Share Capital**

	<b>2022</b>	<b>2021</b>
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

**6. General Information**

Fastlink Haulage Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 06363044. The registered office is CLS Business Centre, King Edward Street, Normanton, West Yorkshire, WF6 2AZ.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.