Company No. 06511701

Information for Filing with The Registrar

28 February 2021

Amended Account

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Directors Report Registrar

The Directors present their report and the accounts for the year ended 28 February 2021.

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was continued to be that of a convenience store.

Directors

The Directors who served at any time during the year were as follows:

K.B. Gurung

T.R. Gurung

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

Director

10 October 2022

Himalayan Limited Balance Sheet Registrar

at	28	February	2021
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Company No. 06511701	Notes	2021		2020
		£		£
Fixed assets				
Intangible assets	4	2,005		2,671
Tangible assets	5	26,407		20,401
	_	28,412		23,072
Current assets				
Stocks	6	75,500		82,000
Debtors	7	3,948		3,948
Cash at bank and in hand		93,111		2,206
	-	172,559		88,154
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	8	(131,664)	~	(109,786)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		40,895		(21,632)
Total assets less current liabilities		69,307		1,440
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	9	(10,082)		(10,082)
Net assets/(liabilities)	-	59,225		(8,642)
Capital and reserves				
Called up share capital		3		. 3
Profit and loss account	10	59,222		(8,645)
Total equity	-	59,225		(8,642)
	-			

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 28 February 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 10 October 2022

And signed on its behalf by:

Director

10 October 2022

Notes to the Accounts Registrar

for the year ended 28 February 2021

1 General information

Himalayan Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England and Wales.

Its registered number is: 06511701

Its registered office is:

12 -14 Cheriton High Street

Folkestone

Kent

CT19 4ER

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (March 2018) and the Companies Act 2006.

2 Accounting policies

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment losses.

Notes to the Accounts Registrar

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Freehold investment property

Investment properties are revalued annually and any surplus or deficit is dealt with through the profit and loss account.

No depreciation is provided in respect of investment properties.

Investments

Unlisted investments are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, any changes in fair value are recognised in profit and loss.

Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Work in progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording revenue and related costs as contract activity progresses.

Notes to the Accounts Registrar

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Foreign currencies

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

Transactions in currencies, other than the functional currency of the Company, are recorded at the rate of exchange on the date the transaction occurred. Monetary items denominated in other currencies are translated at the rate prevailing at the end of the reporting period. all differences are taken to the profit and loss account. Non-monetary items that are measured at historic cost in a foreign currency are not retranslated.

Leased assets

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease.

Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet date as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Company's policy on borrowing costs (see the accounting policy above).

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated in the same way as owned assets.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

Defined contribution pensions

The Company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payments obligations.

The contributions are recognised as expenses when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals in the balance sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

Notes to the Accounts Registrar

Provisions

Provisions are made where an event has taken place that gives the Company a legal or constructive obligation that probably requires settlement by a transfer of economic benefit, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Provisions are charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in the year that the Company becomes aware of the obligation, and are measured at the best estimate at balance sheet date of the expenditure required to settle the obligation, taking into account relevant risks and uncertainties.

When payments are eventually made, they are charged to the provision carried in the balance sheet.

3 Employees

	2021 Number	2020 Number
The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:	8	7

4 Intangible fixed assets

	Goodwill	Total
	£	£
Cost		
At 1 March 2020	10,000	10,000
At 28 February 2021	10,000	10,000
Amortisation and impairment		
At 1 March 2020	7,329	7,329
Charge for the year	666	666
At 28 February 2021	7,995	7,995
Net book values		
At 28 February 2021	2,005	2,005
At 29 February 2020	2,671	2,671

Himalayan Limited Notes to the Accounts Registrar

5 Tangible fixed assets

5	Tangible fixed assets	•			
				Fixtures,	
		Plant and	Motor	fittings and	
		machinery	vehicles	equipment	Total
		£	£	£	£
	Cost or revaluation				
	At 1 March 2020	-	21,515	40,717	62,232
	Additions	1,599	10,618		12,217
	At 28 February 2021	1,599	32,133	40,717	74,449
	Depreciation				
	At 1 March 2020	-	8,606	33,225	41,831
	Charge for the year	320	4,303	1,588	6,211
	At 28 February 2021	320	12,909	34,813	48,042
	Net book values	• <u> </u>		,	
	At 28 February 2021	1,279	19,224	5,904	26,407
	At 29 February 2020	-	12,909	7,492	20,401
6	Stocks				
U	Stocks		2021		2020
			£		£
	Raw materials and consumables		75,500		82,000
	nav materials and consumedes		75,500		82,000
				:	
7	Debtors				
			2021		2020
			£		£
	Trade debtors		-		3,383
	Other debtors		3,948		565
			3,948		3,948
8	Creditors:				
	amounts falling due within one year				
			2021		2020
			£		£
	Obligations under finance lease and hire				
	purchase contracts		4,500		4,500
	Corporation tax		16,959		41,201
	Other taxes and social security		(1,932)		-
	Loans from directors		64,231		64,084
	Other creditors		37,493		-
	Accruals and deferred income		10,413		1
			131,664		109,786

Notes to the Accounts Registrar

9 Creditors:

amounts falling due after more than one year

	2021	2020	
	£	£	
Obligations under finance lease and hire			
purchase contracts	10,082	10,082	
	10,082	10,082	

10 Reserves

Profit and loss account - includes all current and prior period retained profits and losses.