REGISTERED NUMBER: 11991985 (England and Wales)

## UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2023

FOR

**PGK TRADING LIMITED** 

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## **PGK TRADING LIMITED**

# COMPANY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2023

**DIRECTORS:** Mrs P Baddoo B N D Baddoo

**REGISTERED OFFICE:** Suite 3 Imperial House

Hornby Street

Bury

Greater Manchester

BL9 5BR

**REGISTERED NUMBER:** 11991985 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS: Sedulo Accountants Limited

**Chartered Certified Accountants** 

62-66 Deansgate Manchester M3 2EN

## BALANCE SHEET 31 MAY 2023

		31.5.23	₹	31.5.22	
	Notes	£	£	£ 51.5.22	£
FIXED ASSETS		_	_	_	_
Intangible assets	4		750		-
Tangible assets	5		1,247		2,527
•			1,997		2,527
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	6	168,471		165,506	
Cash at bank		345,421		231,065	
		513,892		396,571	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	7	177,015_		37,682	
NET CURRENT ASSETS			336,877		358,889
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			338,874		361,416
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			499		503
NET ASSETS			338,375		360,913
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			338,275		360,813
•			338,375		360,913

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 May 2023.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2023 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

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# BALANCE SHEET - continued 31 MAY 2023

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 27 February 2024 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mrs P Baddoo - Director

# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2023

### 1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Pgk Trading Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

## Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially measured at cost. After initial recognition, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

Computer software is being amortised evenly over its estimated useful life of five years.

## **Tangible fixed assets**

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off each asset over its estimated useful life. Computer equipment - 33% on cost

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## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2023

### 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### **Financial instruments**

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS102 to all of its financial statements.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### **Basic financial assets**

Basic financial assets, which includes debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial asserts classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

## **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less, if not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

### **Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2023

## 2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

### Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

### Pension costs and other post-retirement benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions payable to the company's pension scheme are charged to profit or loss in the period to which they relate.

## 3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 3 (2022 - 2).

## 4. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Other
	intangible
	assets
	£
COST	
Additions	750
At 31 May 2023	750
NET BOOK VALUE	<del></del>
At 31 May 2023	750
•	

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# NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MAY 2023

5.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Computer equipment £
	COST		
	At 1 June 2022		
	and 31 May 2023		5,740
	DEPRECIATION		
	At 1 June 2022		3,213
	Charge for year		1,280
	At 31 May 2023		<u>4,493</u>
	NET BOOK VALUE		4 247
	At 31 May 2023		<u>1,247</u>
	At 31 May 2022		<u>2,527</u>
6.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
		31.5.23	31.5.22
		£	£
	Trade debtors	167,185	82,072
	Other debtors	1,286	83,434
		<u>168,471</u>	165,506
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR		
7.	CREDITORS: AWOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE TEAR	31.5.23	31.5.22
		51.5.25 f	51.5.22 f
	Trade creditors	42,519	63,474
	Taxation and social security	36,159	(27,321)
	Other creditors	98,337	1,529
	Series di Carcoro	177,015	37,682
			37,002

## 8. DIRECTORS' ADVANCES, CREDITS AND GUARANTEES

Included within other creditors are amounts owed to the directors of £221 (2022: (£58,504)).

These loans are interest free with no fixed repayment terms.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.